
OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

JUNE, 1910,

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 21st, 1910]

[No 10 of the Fifth Printed Series, and No 69 of the whole Record]

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YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1838

CHESTER DUTTON, eldest of the eleven children of Daniel Punderson and Nancy (Matthews) Dutton, was born March 24, 1814, in Watertown, Conn

Since the death of Dr Gurdon Wadsworth Russell of the Class of 1837 in the Medical School in February, 1909, he had been the oldest living graduate of the University. One classmate, Hon. Henry Parsons Hedges, survives him.

He was fitted for college under the instruction of his uncle, Hon Henry Dutton (B A Yale 1818), teaching school in the intervals of study, and working until he was 18 years old on the farm of his father which has been the home of the family for six generations. He joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

His ambition on entering college was to become a lawyer, but a serious throat affection changed his plans, and on graduation he taught school for about three years in

Alexandria, Va., and Bristol, Conn., but since 1842 had been a farmer. He was at Wolcott, N. Y., for twenty-five years, but in 1868 settled at "Riverside Homestead," on the Republican River, near Concordia, Kans. He went there with his family when it was a complete wilderness, and had the hardships, dangers, and romance of frontier life. Two or three years after going to Riverside, after the troubles with the Indians were over, he built the substantial house of cottonwood logs which was his home for the rest of his life.

He married, in Wolcott, N. Y., November 3, 1842, Mary Ann, daughter of Caleb and Elvira (Woodruff) Mellen, and had nine children,—seven sons and two daughters,—nearly all of whom, with their families, live on farms within a short distance of Riverside.

At the request of friends in Kansas and in New Haven in the spring of 1909, Mr. and Mrs. Dutton went to Concordia, and had their photographs taken, but on the way home narrowly escaped drowning in a flood in the river. They took refuge on a temporary island and were rescued during the night by farmers who had come out to see the flood. Neither of the couple appeared to suffer from the experience.

Mr. Dutton's mind remained clear to the end, and he was accustomed to talk most interestingly of his pioneer experiences. He died at his home near Concordia, July 1, 1909, at the age of 95 years.

Mrs. Dutton and five sons survive him.

1840

WILLIAM SOLOMON LEAVITT, son of Rev. Joshua Leavitt, D. D. (B. A. Yale 1814), and Sarah (Williams) Leavitt, was born January 26, 1822, in Bloomfield, N. J. His father spent his life after 1828 as editor in succession of the *Sailor's Magazine*, *New York Evangelist*, *Emancipator*, and

Independent. Among his direct ancestors were Rev. Jonathan Leavitt (Yale 1758) of Charlemont, Mass.; Rev. Solomon Williams (Yale 1770), Tutor in the college and the fifth minister of Northampton, Mass., and Rev. Eliphalet Williams, D.D. (Yale 1743), Fellow of Yale College and for fifty years the minister of East Hartford, Conn. The last was a nephew of Rev. Elisha Williams (Harvard 1711), President of Yale College from 1726 to 1739.

After graduation Mr. Leavitt read law a year, and then studied in Union Theological Seminary from 1842 to 1844. He was ordained December 3, 1845, the first pastor of the Eliot Congregational Church in Newton, Mass. In 1853 he accepted a call to the First Presbyterian Church in Hudson, N. Y., where he remained till 1867, when he became pastor of the First Congregational Church of Northampton, Mass. After fourteen years of able service there he resigned and retired from the active ministry. He resided in New York City from 1881 to 1900, and since then had lived at Northampton. He died April 5, 1910, at Atlantic City, N. J., at the age of 88 years.

He married in Newark, N. J., in November, 1845, Miss Mary L. Grover. After her decease he married Miss Katharine Spencer, who survives him with a daughter.

1841

WILLIAM BALDWIN, second of the six sons of Freeman and Mabel (Lines) Baldwin, was born in Ellsworth, a village of Sharon, Conn., December 16, 1821; but soon removed to New Preston, in Washington, Conn., from which he entered college. His father was for forty years a merchant, and in 1838 and other years represented Washington in the Legislature.

While a student in college he constructed a telescope, and had since given much time to scientific investigations, especially with the telescope and microscope.

The winter after graduation he taught a select school in New Preston, and then studied two years in Yale Theological Seminary. He was licensed to preach by the Litchfield South Association, and then spent another year in study at Western Reserve Theological Seminary, at Hudson, Ohio, after which he preached a year at Medina, O. He was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church at New Road, or North Walton, Delaware County, N. Y., where he continued eight years, and then served the same length of time in the Presbyterian Church of Oneonta, N. Y. He then preached four years for the Presbyterian Church in Worcester, Otsego County, N. Y., supplying also at Westford in the vicinity. He was Moderator of the Synod of Susquehanna in October, 1863.

After leaving Worcester he resided six years at Great Bend, Pa., preaching only occasionally at Susquehanna Depot, Pa., and elsewhere, as he was then in ill health. Part of the time he was in mercantile business. In May, 1872, he began to supply the Presbyterian Church at Tioga, Pa., and continued there fourteen years. After spending a year in Europe he returned to Great Bend, where he was for many years occupied in the management of real estate.

Mr. Baldwin died of old age at his home in Great Bend, June 29, 1909, at the age of 87 years. He had been in feeble health for several years.

He married in New Haven, Conn., September 1, 1844, Martha R., daughter of Dr. Charles Beardsley of Milford, Conn. and Mary A. (Tomlinson) Beardsley, and had three sons and four daughters. One daughter died in early womanhood. Two sons are physicians, graduates of Long Island Medical College and Hospital and of the Medical Department of New York University, respectively.

Four of his brothers were lawyers, Charles Edward having graduated from Union College in 1827, and John in 1859, and George from the Yale Law School in 1835.

1842

JULIUS HOWARD PRATT, son of Julius and Lydia (DeWolfe) Pratt, was born, August 1, 1821, in Meriden, Conn.

After graduation he taught a year in Greensboro, Ala., then returned North and engaged in the ivory goods manufacturing business established by his father in 1818. In 1849 he went to California by way of the Isthmus of Panama, and was for a time in business in Stockton, Cal. Mr. Pratt described the adventures of his journey to California and his life there in the *Century Magazine* of April, 1891. In 1851 he returned and resumed his former residence and occupation, but in 1857 became connected with the sales department of the ivory business in New York City.

In 1869 he projected the New York and Greenwood Lake Railway (now part of the Erie Railway system) and carried through that enterprise. From 1873 to 1875 he was engaged in mining coal in Virginia, but the undertaking did not prove profitable. In 1888 he proposed a new water supply for the city of Newark, and his property and water rights along the Pequannock River, which controlled the supply, were purchased for the city. He thus partially retrieved the losses he had suffered in his railroad building and other public improvement enterprises.

Since his establishment in business in New York City, he had made his home in Montclair, N. J.,—a name which he suggested for what was formerly called West Bloomfield—and was a leader in nearly every plan for the public welfare. He was one of the founders, and for seventeen years president of the board of trustees of the First Congregational Church of Montclair.

Mr. Pratt's "Reminiscences" are to be privately printed and issued this summer.

He died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles H. Johnson, Jr., in Montclair, October 14, 1909, at the age of 88 years.

He married in New Haven, Conn., November 8, 1843, Adeline Forbes, daughter of Eli and Susan (Morris) Barnes, and sister of Alfred S. Barnes, the New York publisher. They had eight children, two of whom died in infancy. Mrs. Pratt died in March, 1886, but three sons and two daughters survive him. One daughter married Rev. James D. Eaton, D.D. (B.A. Beloit 1869), now for twenty-five years a missionary in Mexico, and son of Mr. Pratt's classmate. Rev. Samuel Witt Eaton, D.D. One of the sons graduated in 1882 from the Academical Department, and another one was for a year in the Sheffield Scientific School in the Class of 1876.

ELIPHALLT WHITTLESEY, youngest of the ten children of Deacon David and Rebecca (Smalley) Whittlesey, and brother of Rev. William Whittlesey (Yale 1827), was born May 14, 1821, at New Britain, Conn. His mother was a daughter of Rev. John Smalley, D.D. (Yale 1756), who was pastor of the First Congregational Church there from 1758 to 1813.

After graduation from college he taught an academy at Jefferson, Schoharie County, N. Y., a few months, and then taught a classical school at Greensboro, Ala., until July, 1846. After spending a year and a half in the Yale Theological Seminary, he returned to Alabama, in January, 1848, teaching in a young ladies' boarding school in Mobile till November, 1849. He then completed his theological course in the Yale Seminary, and spent a year as Resident Licentiate in Andover Theological Seminary. October 1, 1851, he was ordained pastor of the Central Congregational Church of Bath, Me., and continued there ten years, when he was elected Professor of Rhetoric and Oratory in Bowdoin College. In August, 1862, he was appointed Chaplain of the 19th Infantry, Maine Volunteers, and obtained leave of absence from his college duties for six months. He was soon made Captain and Assistant Adju-

tant-General of United States Volunteers on the staff of General O. O. Howard, and immediately after the battle of Antietam was promoted to the rank of Major for gallant conduct. In the battle of Fredericksburg he occupied an exposed position and his horse was twice wounded under him. After the battle of Chancellorsville he returned to Bowdoin College for a year. September 1, 1864, he was appointed Judge Advocate of the Army of the Tennessee under General Sherman, with whom he marched through Georgia to the sea. He was brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel March 13, 1865, appointed Colonel of the 46th U. S. Colored Infantry June 19, 1865, and brevetted Brigadier-General May 22, 1866, to date from March 13, 1865. He was mustered out January 1, 1868, but he continued in the service of his country as Adjutant-General of the Freedmen's Bureau from that date until the discontinuance of the Bureau in 1872. While in this office he visited the freedmen's schools through the South, and helped in establishing Howard University in Washington. He was appointed Professor of Rhetoric and English Literature there in 1867, and instructed in all English studies till January 1, 1874, after which he continued to lecture in the Theological Department.

From 1874 to 1900 General Whittlesey was secretary of the Board of Indian Commissioners, an office to which he was appointed by General Grant, and helped in negotiating several important treaties with the Indians. President Arthur appointed him a member of the Board in 1882. He was often at the Mohonk Indian Conferences. For a long period he was a corporate member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

Howard University conferred on him the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1882, and Yale that of Master of Arts in 1847, and Doctor of Laws in 1902.

General Whittlesey had lived in Washington, D. C., for about forty-five years and was closely identified with its

best interests. He was a member and often an officer of the First Congregational Church. He died at his home there September 30, 1909, at the age of 88 years. He was buried in the National Cemetery at Arlington.

He married at Bath, Me., October 31, 1854, Ann Augusta, daughter of Hon. George Ferguson Patten and Hannah (Thomas) Patten, and had three sons and two daughters, of whom a son and a daughter are deceased. The sons, George Patten and James Thomas, are graduates of the Academical Department in 1878 and 1889, respectively, and the daughter Pauline is the wife of Rev. Cornelius H. Patton, D.D. (B.D. Yale 1886). George Patten Whittlesey married Lily Caroline, daughter of Rev. Charles Whittlesey Camp, D.D. (B.A. Yale 1844).

1844

RICHARD DOBBS SPAIGHT BELL, son of Captain William R. Bell of Newbern, N. C., and Columbus, Ga., and a descendant of the Bell family of Virginia, was named for Richard Dobbs Spaight, Governor of North Carolina, a friend of his father. He was born about 1823. His early education was acquired in the schools of Newbern and Columbus. Captain Bell became a permanent resident of Columbus not long after his son entered Yale. The latter was called home in Senior year by the illness of his father, who died March 9, 1844.

After graduation he studied law at Columbus, but soon relinquished practice and took charge of a plantation in which he was interested in Southern Alabama. His subsequent life was devoted to business requiring his residence at different points, including Sparta, Ga., and Society Hill, Selma, and Henry, Ala. From Henry he removed to North Birmingham, Ala., where he resided for several years as the representative of a brick manufacturing company, retiring from active business in 1897, and taking up his residence with his daughter at Montevallo, Ala.

His death occurred at Nashville, Tenn , August 8, 1908, and his interment was in Woodlawn Cemetery, Birmingham. He was 85 years of age

He was married May 21, 1850, and was the father of two sons and a daughter. One of his sons was killed in Chicago in early adult years, and this affliction cast a cloud over his subsequent life, inclining him to isolation and reserve.

1845

SERENO DWIGHT NICKERSON, one of thirteen children of Captain Ebenezer and Eudoxa (White) Nickerson, was born October 16, 1823, in Boston, Mass. He was fitted for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass

After graduation he took the course in the Harvard Law School, and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1847. After a few months of study in the office of William R. P. Washburn, Esq (B A Harvard 1816) he was admitted to the bar in April, 1848, and opened an office in Boston, but in the course of a few months was persuaded to join his father and brothers in their long-established mercantile business in Boston on Long wharf, and in 1850 was admitted to the firm of E Nickerson & Company, in which he continued until 1864. He then sold his interest to his younger brother, and engaged in real estate, banking, and other business. He was one of the organizers of the Third National Bank of Boston and for many years a director. He was enabled to satisfy his taste for books, and fine arts, and travel, and made many trips to Europe, spending from three to twelve months there each time. In 1861 he enlisted in the service of the Union, but was rejected on account of defective eyesight

From 1865 he devoted his life chiefly to freemasonry, becoming one of its leaders in the state. He was appointed recording grand secretary of the Grand Lodge in 1881, an office to which he gave all his time until 1908, when he was

appointed to the new office of grand historian. He edited and published in 1874-75 the magazine called the *New England Freemason*, and was constantly engaged in research on matters pertaining to masonic history. For eleven years from 1864, as chairman of the finance committee he had the responsibility of providing for the building of the Masonic Temple in Boston and involved his own fortune in the undertaking.

Mr Nickerson died at his home in Cambridge, Mass., November 6, 1909, at the age of 86 years. He married, October 16, 1883, Mrs Cheever, daughter of John Jennison Kilburn and Maria (Gage) Kilburn, and widow of Tracy P Cheever. She died in 1899.

1846

TALMON CORNELIUS PERRY, son of Talmon and Sally (Cornelius) Perry, and nephew of Rev Elias Cornelius, D D (B A Yale 1813), was born February 13, 1826, in Bridgeport, Conn.

The year after graduation from college he spent in general reading under the direction of his pastor, Rev. Nathaniel Hewit, D D (B A Yale 1808), then studied a year in Princeton Theological Seminary, the next year with Dr. Hewit, and the year following at East Windsor (now Hartford) Theological Seminary, from which he graduated in 1851. He was licensed to preach by the Fairfield West Association, October 9, 1850, and under commission from the Maine and American Home Missionary Societies preached for the Congregational Church at Sedgwick, Me., in 1851-52, at Stanwich, Conn., in 1853, and at Long Ridge, in the town of Stamford, Conn., in 1853-54. He was ordained as an evangelist at Bridgeport, Conn., by the Presbytery of New York, November 12, 1856, and from 1855 to 1862 was acting pastor of the Congregational Church at Windsor, Mass. After some years of impaired

health, during which he lived at Bridgeport and Brookfield, Conn., he taught at Biddle University at Charlotte, N. C., from 1870 to 1872, and then for about twenty years resided at La Prairie in the Province of Quebec, Canada. Part of this time he was teaching at St. Andrews Academy, and performing pastoral service in the neighborhood as there was no settled clergyman there. In 1892 he visited the United States as agent of the Board of Evangelization of the Canadian Presbyterian Church. In recent years he had resided with his son, Dr. Edward C. Perry, at Avon, N. Y., and at Orange, Cal., where he died May 30, 1909. He was 83 years of age.

Mr. Perry married in New York City, October 1, 1851, Miss Sarah C. Clark, and had eight daughters and three sons, of whom three daughters and one son are deceased.

CHARLES PEASLEE TURNER, son of Rev. William Wolcott Turner, Ph.D. (B.A. Yale 1819), who was for over forty years teacher and principal of the American School for the Deaf at Hartford, Conn., was born in that city, February 5, 1826. His mother was Lucinda Maria (Peaslee) Turner.

He was fitted for college in the Hopkins Grammar School in Hartford, and after graduation from college was for two years a private tutor near Georgetown, Del., then took the course in Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia, receiving his medical degree there in 1851. He established himself in Philadelphia and practiced his profession there to the end of his life. He was medical examiner for the Ætna Life Insurance Company of Hartford for about forty-five years, and was long the surgeon of the Society of the Cincinnati of Pennsylvania. For years he was an elder in the Arch Street Presbyterian Church. He was interested in musical matters and was a trustee of the Musical Fund Society.

Dr. Turner died after a brief illness from angina pectoris at his home in Philadelphia, April 12, 1910, at the age of 84 years. His burial was in Hartford.

He married, October 6, 1858, Julia Frances, daughter of Roland and Mary (Francis) Mather of Hartford, and sister of Edward Taylor Mather (B A. Yale 1864). Their golden wedding was celebrated in 1908 at the home of their daughter, Mrs Edward W. Hooker, in Hartford. His widow and daughter survive him, but their son died in early childhood

1848

CHARLES SAMUEL HALL, eldest son of Samuel Holden Parsons Hall and Emeline (Bulkeley) Hall, and a descendant in the seventh generation of Charles Chauncy, second President of Harvard College, was born May 10, 1827, in Middletown, Conn. He was a grandson of Dr. William Brenton Hall (Yale 1786), and great-great-grandson of Rev Samuel Hall (Yale 1716), who after being Tutor in the College for two years, was for over fifty years pastor of the church in Cheshire, Conn., then one of the largest churches in New England. He was also great-great-grandson of Rev Jonathan Parsons (Yale 1729). His father was a merchant, much interested in public affairs, and twice a member of the New York State Senate. In 1837 the family had removed from Connecticut to Binghamton, N. Y., arriving there at the time of the opening of the Chenango Canal.

In the fall after his graduation from college he entered the Yale Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1850. He also studied law in the office of Daniel S. Dickinson, of Binghamton, formerly United States senator from New York. He was admitted to the bar in January, 1851, received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale the same year, and was appointed Commissioner of the United States Circuit Court for the Northern District of New York December 13, 1856, holding this office until it was abolished in June, 1897, when he was at once appointed to the new office of United States Commissioner. He was also made Master and Examiner in

Chancery in November, 1879. He was counsel in many important legal cases, but was much occupied in the care of estates. He was early the village attorney of Binghamton, and drafted the first charter of the city. It was not carried through at the time, but ten years later the project was revived, and he was asked to perfect the charter which was enacted by the legislature, and the new city government was organized in 1867. He was for four years a member of the Board of Education, and during this time revised the school laws.

He was always a democrat in politics, and in 1896 was the candidate of the National, or Sound Money, Democrats for Representative in Congress. He was an early and continuous supporter of Grover Cleveland. During the Civil War he was active in the enlistment of recruits for the army, and supported the National government.

In 1854 he published "Why the Missouri Compromise should be Repealed," an article which gained wide attention. He also wrote articles on "The Relation of the States to the General Government," on "The Currency," and on educational matters. Besides these he published an interesting volume in 1896, on the "Hall Ancestry a series of Sketches of the Lineal Ancestors of the Children of Samuel Holden Parsons Hall and his wife Emeline Bulkeley of Binghamton, N. Y., with some account of nearly one hundred of the early Puritan families of New England", and in 1905 "The Life and Letters of Major-General Samuel Holden Parsons," a valuable contribution to the history of the Revolutionary period.

Mr. Hall died of pneumonia at his home in Binghamton, March 15, 1910, in the 83d year of his age.

He married, at Ballston Spa, N. Y., January 3, 1855. Mary Rebecca, daughter of Arnold Harris, who was for many years vice-president of the Ballston Spa National Bank, and Phebe (Middlebrook) Harris, and had three sons and a daughter. Of these children two sons only survive,

the elder, Charles Harris Hall (B A Yale 1883) being the father of the '83 class boy, Fairfax Hall (Ph.B Yale 1907).

Mrs Hall died November 10, 1881, and Mr Hall married at Richwood, O., October 29, 1885, Annie Hastings Knowlton, daughter of Rev Professor Chauncey Carter Knowlton and Sarah Phillips (Hastings) Knowlton. She survives him but their only child, a son, died in infancy.

Mr Hall was a felicitous writer, a delightful companion, and an honored and useful citizen. One of his three brothers, Theodore Parsons Hall, graduated from Yale in 1856 and died January 3, 1909.

SAMUEL SELDEN SPENCER, son of William and Deborah (Selden) Spencer, was born at Lyme, Conn., May 29, 1828.

After graduation he taught school in Mississippi, studied law and was admitted to the bar in that state in 1852. Soon afterward he settled in Erie, Pa., where he remained in the successful practice of his profession until his retirement. He was at one time the Republican candidate for President Judge of his judicial district, though not elected. He had been a member of the Park Presbyterian Church in Erie since its organization in 1855 and was an elder there for thirty years.

Mr Spencer died of apoplexy at his winter home in Daytona, Fla., January 8, 1910, in the 82nd year of his age.

He married at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., October 20, 1858, Eliza Deborah, daughter of Dirck Lefferts Palmer, a druggist and physician of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., and granddaughter of Judge Beriah Palmer, one of the earliest judges of Saratoga County. She survives him with a son, Selden Palmer Spencer, Ph.D. (B A Yale 1884), and a daughter. A son and a daughter are deceased.

SIDNEY WEPSIER, son of Caleb and Hannah (Peaslee) Webster, was born August 28, 1828, at Gilmanton, N. H. He entered Yale as a Sophomore from Dartmouth College.

After his graduation he studied in the Harvard Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws there in 1850. Then followed a year in the law office of Hon Franklin Pierce in Boston, Mass., after which he was an attorney in Concord, N. H. In March, 1853, when Mr Pierce became President of the United States, Mr Webster was made his private secretary, and continued in the position during Mr Pierce's term of office. Returning to private life in 1857, he practiced his profession in Boston for a year, and was then appointed Commissioner of the United States Circuit Court. In 1860 he removed to New York City, where for over thirty years he had a most lucrative practice. In the noted case of the importers of silk ribbons, represented by his firm of Webster & Craig, against the United States Government, the importers won after seven years of litigation. When the Electoral Commission was appointed in the Tilden controversy, Mr Webster was one of the lawyers who prepared the Tilden case. For several years he was counsel for the Spanish Foreign Office, and other foreign consulates. He was regarded as one of the foremost authorities on international and admiralty law. Besides monographs on topics of international and constitutional law he published in 1901 "Two Treaties of Paris and the Supreme Court."

He declined to enter political life, although the Democratic nomination to Congress was several times offered him, but kept through life a keen interest in public affairs. In 1883 he became a director of the Illinois Central Railroad.

Mr Webster retained a residence in New York City during his life, but had long been a summer resident of Newport, R. I., and for the last ten years had lived for most of the year on his estate "Pen Craig" which he purchased in 1899.

He died of paralysis in Newport, May 30, 1910, in the 82nd year of his age.

He married in New York City, June 7, 1860, Sarah Morris Fish, eldest daughter of Hon Hamilton Fish, LL D.

(B A Columbia 1827), who was Secretary of State under President Grant, and Julia (Kean) Fish. She survives him with their son, Hamilton Fish Webster (B A Columbia 1883)

MICHAEL AUGUSTUS WITHERS, youngest of the eight children of Michael and Mary (Smith) Withers, was born in Strasburg township, Lancaster Co, Pa., November 6, 1829. He attended Franklin Academy, Lancaster, Pa, and entered Yale at the beginning of Senior year.

In 1849 he began the study of medicine with Dr. F A Muhlenberg of Lancaster, and completed his medical studies in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1852. He practiced his profession several years in Lancaster, and then at Millersville and Safe Harbor, removing in 1859 to Pottstown, where he purchased a drug store.

In the fall of 1861 he was appointed Assistant Surgeon in the Civil War, and was later promoted to the office of Surgeon of the 76th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers. After two years of active service he returned to Pottstown, and resumed the drug business and the practice of medicine. He retired from the latter in 1885, but retained the drug business until April, 1905. Dr Withers was the owner of valuable real estate in Pottstown, and in 1883 constructed the Withers building. He was also largely interested in the Pelican Slate Company of Wind Gap, Pa.

After a period of failing health Dr Withers died of general debility at the home of his son-in-law, Horace Evans, in Pottstown, July 2, 1909, in the 80th year of his age.

He married, January 23, 1856, Mary Louise, daughter of Henry and Anna (Eshleman) Musselman, who survives him with a daughter.

1849

OSCAR BISSELL, eldest son of Benjamin and Melissa (Post) Bissell, was born December 20, 1822, in Litchfield, Conn.

After graduation he took the course in East Windsor, now Hartford, Seminary, after which he began his ministry at Rushford, N Y, in July, 1862, but in October was called home to Litchfield by the death of his father. In January, 1855, he resumed preaching at Canaan, Conn., following this with a few months of service at Dummerston, Vt. Immediately afterwards he became pastor of the First Congregational Church at Westmoreland, N H., and was ordained and installed May 14, 1856. Closing his work in 1858, he preached at Dublin, N H., from 1861 to 1865, and was then for nearly two years superintendent of schools in Roxbury, N. H. After preaching in West Townshend, Vt, Warwick, Mass., and Ellsworth, Conn, he was pastor of the Congregational Church in Marlboro, Mass., from 1871 to 1877, then in Westford, Conn, until 1891, and in Holland, Mass., until 1896, when he retired from the ministry, residing thereafter in Brimfield, where he died of paralysis, January 17, 1910, at the age of 87 years.

He married in Westmoreland, N H, May 8, 1860, Alma, daughter of Abel and Louisa (Hutchins) Cole. She died in 1867, leaving no children.

Mr. Bissell married again, November 1, 1869, Augusta M Ward, of Warwick, Mass. She died in December, 1898, and a daughter is also deceased, but two sons, one of them a Bachelor of Arts of Amherst College in 1897, survive him.

HENRY HASTINGS HILL, son of George and Deborah (Hastings) Hill, was born May 6, 1825, at Providence, R. I. He joined the class at the beginning of Freshman year from the class of 1848.

After graduation he studied law in Cincinnati, O., a year, worked as a civil engineer from 1850 to 1852, and then devoted himself to farming for five years in Hamilton County, O., and for ten years in Port Byron, Ill. From 1867 to 1869 he was United States Inspector of Customs at Covington, Ky. In 1871 he removed to Moline, Ill., where in 1874 he became the owner of the Moline Malleable Iron Works, but in 1889 engaged in similar business in Helena, Mont., where his death occurred November 17, 1909, at the age of 84 years.

He married at Falmouth, Ky., April 12, 1859, Miss M. E. Hauser, daughter of Samuel T. and Mary Ann (Kennett) Hauser. They had three sons and three daughters, of whom only two sons survive. The youngest daughter married Dr. Allan Butler Murray (B. A. Hamilton 1887).

JOHN ROCKWELL was born in Savannah, Ga., April 26, 1829, and was the son of Hon. Charles W. and Emeline (Hall) Rockwell.

After graduation he was engaged for seven years in the work of the United States Coast Survey, stationed at various points between Maine and Florida, Oregon and California. He then spent three years each in Chicago and La Salle, Ill., in banking. In the latter place he was occupied from 1862 to 1869 in coal mining and the care of large tracts of farming land belonging to the family. From 1870 to 1872 he resided in Chicago, and then until 1889 in Tarrytown, N. Y. During these later years he with Jonathan Edwards and others established the Equitable Trust Company of New York. From 1889 to 1894 he spent much time in Chicago and the West, and in 1895 became secretary of several companies engaged in the development of mines, his office being in New York City. Since 1901 he had lived in southern California, and died in Santa Barbara, Cal. October 23, 1909, at the age of 80 years.

Mr. Rockwell married at Cortland, N. Y., May 16, 1860, Anne B., daughter of William P. and Anne (Blackwell).

Randall, and had three sons, of whom the eldest graduated from Harvard University in 1883, and the youngest from Brown University in 1896 Mrs. Rockwell died in 1908

THOMAS HUNTON SWOPE, son of John B. and Frances (Hunton) Swope, was born November 21, 1828, in Danville, Ky

After graduating from Centre College (now Central University) in 1848, he and his brother, William Craig Swope (B.A. 1849), came to Yale for their Senior year After which he studied medicine He spent part of the years 1849 to 1852 in Nashville, Tenn, and the following year in New York City During 1854 he explored the mineral regions of Georgia and East Tennessee, and then engaged in the real estate business in St Louis, Mo, but in 1857 settled in Kansas City, where he became the largest individual property owner in the city He was one of the original incorporators of Wyandotte, now forming part of Kansas City, Kans. In 1864 he became interested in mining in the Rocky Mountains, and after personal examination made large investments in mines in Colorado, Arizona, and Montana. In later years he sold most of his interest in these, and added greatly to his real estate in Kansas City

The object of Mr. Swope in accumulating money was that he might give it away in public benefactions Besides generous gifts to Park College, Mo, and Central University, Ky., and to hospitals, and the Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Associations of Kansas City, in 1896 he presented to that city over thirteen hundred and fifty acres of land for a public park. He also gave the Humane Society an ample fund for an annual outing and entertainment for the children of the city in the park Many of his benefactions were anonymous

Mr Swope died at his home in Independence, near Kansas City, Mo, October 3, 1909, in his 81st year. He was never married. He was ill about a month, but circum-

stances connected with his death and those of two near relatives at about the same time, have led to a charge of murder by poison, of which the court has decreed the accused guilty

1851

EDWARD BISSELL, eldest of the seven children of Amos and Lydia (Hall) Bissell, was born December 16, 1827, at Litchfield, Conn

After graduating from college he took the course in the Yale Law School, from which he received his law degree in 1853. He then spent six months in the office of his uncle, Gideon Hall, Jr, in Winsted, Conn

He married, September 5, 1854, Esther, daughter of Elijah W and Sarah Eliza Hazen, of New Haven, Conn, and soon afterward removed to Fond du Lac, Wisc, and began the practice of law. He was for a time in the office of Judge DeWood, the Fond du Lac County Judge, and in 1858 succeeded him in office. After nine years in this position, he was Police Justice for two years, Municipal Judge in 1870, and then again County Justice until 1875. On account of the heavy pressure of work his health gave out, and he spent much of his subsequent life in business.

Mr Bissell died at Fond du Lac, October 21, 1909 in the 82d year of his age. He was a member of the Congregational Church. Mrs. Bissell and their son survive their only daughter having died

HENRY HARRIS JESSUP, second son of Hon. William Jessup, LL D (B A. Yale 1815), was born April 19, 1832 in Montrose, Pa. His father, a native of Southampton L I, was Presiding Judge of the Eleventh Judicial District of Pennsylvania, and a leader in educational and temperance movements and in every good enterprise in church and state. His mother was Amanda (Harris) Jessup, also from Long

Island After a year of preparation in Cortland Academy, at Homer, N Y, he entered college at the age of fifteen

During his college course he was deeply influenced by the visit of the missionary to Persia, Rev David T Stoddard (B A. Yale 1838), and by the earnest words of Professor Goodrich in the "monthly concerts." On his graduation he returned to Montrose, and taught in the academy there a year, then entered Union Theological Seminary, from which he graduated in 1855, with the fixed purpose of devoting his life to foreign mission work November 1 of that year he was ordained in his native place as a missionary, and early in December sailed from Boston on the bark *Sultana* for Smyrna After a journey of nearly two months he reached Beirut, from which he went to Tripoli, Syria. He continued there until 1860, the year of the great massacres, and was then transferred to Beirut, where the rest of his early life was mainly spent. In this center of the American Mission in Syria he was a leader, tirelessly helping in developing its different activities. He gained a perfect command of the Arabic tongue and it was his delight to preach the Gospel in that language For nearly thirty years he served as acting pastor of the Syrian Church in Beirut and superintendent of the Sunday School, was one of the instructors of the theological students, was secretary from its beginning of the Asfuriyeh Hospital for the Insane, raised money for the Girls' Boarding School and other work and superintended the erection of buildings, and much of the time had charge of the custom-house business of the mission and of the American press, on which the papers and books published by the mission and especially the Arabic Bible were printed. To this Arabic translation of the Scriptures, Dr Eli Smith (B A Yale 1821) devoted eight years of invaluable work, and the ground on which the printing press stands was bought in 1830 for the work of the mission by Rev Isaac Bird (B A Yale 1816), one of the earliest missionaries

Dr Jessup was one of the founders of the Syrian Protestant College, opened in 1866, whose establishment was made possible by the visit to Beirut and resulting interest of Rev D Stuart Dodge (B A Yale 1857).

Dr Jessup first went to Syria as a missionary of the American Board but in 1870 that mission was transferred to the Presbyterian Board, and he was asked to become corresponding secretary of the latter board. But this office, as well as many other offers of attractive positions including that of United States Minister to Persia, were declined as diverting him from his life work

He was missionary editor of the Arabic journal *El-Neshrah*, and the author of "The Mohammedan Missionary Problem," "The Women of the Arabs," "Syrian Home Life," and other volumes on kindred subjects, and a few months before his decease had completed a most interesting autobiography, under the title "Fifty-three years in Syria"

In 1865, soon after his return to Syria from a visit to America, he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Princeton University During various visits to the United States his time was largely given to traveling about among the churches, preaching and making addresses. At the meeting of the Presbyterian General Assembly at Saratoga in 1879 he was elected moderator.

Dr Jessup died in Beirut, Syria, April 28, 1910, at the age of 78 years The fiftieth anniversary of his arrival in Beirut had been appropriately celebrated February 7, 1906

He married October 7, 1857, Caroline, daughter of Wynans Bush, M D, of Branchport, N Y. She died in Syria in 1864, leaving three children. October 1, 1868, he married Miss Harriet Elizabeth Dodge, by whom he had five children She was a daughter of Dr. David Stuart Dodge (M D Yale 1826), and niece of Hon. William E Dodge Her death occurred in April, 1882, and in July,

1884, he married Miss Theodosia Davenport Lockwood, daughter of Rev Peter Lockwood (B.A. Yale 1817) of Binghamton, N. Y. She died December 19, 1907, and one daughter is deceased.

Four sons graduated from Princeton University, two in 1886, and the others in 1891 and 1897, respectively. The eldest son is a missionary in Syria and the youngest in Persia. The daughters are in Beirut, two of them wives of professors in the Syrian Protestant College. Two of his brothers, Hon William Hunting Jessup and Hunting C Jessup, were graduates of Yale College in 1849 and 1864, respectively, and his brother, Rev Samuel Jessup, D D, long associated with him in missionary work in Syria, received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1863. A sister was the wife of Hon Alfred Hand (B A Yale 1857).

THEODORE THORNTON MUNGER was born March 5, 1830, in Bainbridge, N. Y., his father, Dr. Ebenezer Munger (B A Yale 1814), having gone thither in early life from Guilford, Conn. His mother was Cynthia (Selden) Munger. When he was six years old his parents moved to Homer, N. Y., where he formed a life-long friendship with Andrew D White (B A Yale 1853). In the Homer Academy, and in the preparatory department of Western Reserve College then located at Hudson, O., he was fitted for college.

During his college course he read widely in literature, and took special interest in the religious discussions of the time. Early in life he decided to enter the ministry, and in Freshman year he united with the College Church.

After graduation he spent a year at home, then three years in Yale Theological Seminary, responding especially to the spirit of independence and courage as a thinker of Dr. Taylor and following this course with three months in Andover Seminary, which were with him a period of

moral and intellectual awakening. He was ordained at the Village Church, Dorchester, Mass., February 6, 1856, and continued there until October, 1860. After preaching nearly a year at Jamaica Plain and several months in Haverhill, Mass., he was settled as pastor of the Center Church in Haverhill in January, 1863. His undisguised sympathy with the theology of Dr. Horace Bushnell led to some dissatisfaction in the church, and he closed his work there at the end of 1869. After serving the High Street Church in Providence, R. I., and for four years the Eliot Church in Lawrence, Mass., he found needed restoration of health in California. During the year and a half he spent in San José, he gathered together a church and built a house of worship. Soon after his return East he spent six months over the church in East Hartford, Conn., and then accepted the call of the Congregational Church in North Adams, Mass., succeeding Dr. Washington Gladden. The discussions at the council of installation December 11, 1877, were memorable in the history of Congregationalism, and largely through the influence of President Mark Hopkins and especially of President Porter, toleration of freedom of faith and liberty of teaching at length prevailed. After a fruitful life of eight years in North Adams he was called to New Haven, Conn., to the United Church, then recently formed by a consolidation of the North and Third Congregational Churches. Again, as at North Adams, a warm controversy broke out, but President Porter, who presided, led the council to decide for his installation. For fifteen years he gave the truth as he saw it from that pulpit, and moulded the thinking of great numbers who were seeking for a living message. On reaching the age of 70 years he resigned, and in 1901 became pastor *emeritus*. The fiftieth anniversary of his ordination was appropriately commemorated by his church in 1906.

Dr. Munger had a profoundly religious nature and a rare gift of communicating spiritual truth. He was slow to

say in public anything which would unsettle another's faith. Anything which threw light upon the ways of God with man filled him with a larger and clearer confidence. He felt that the "new theology" was a progress in piety no less than in knowledge. The rare felicity of his style, his irenic spirit, his constructive thought and reasonableness of statement, together with the intensity of his own faith, brought him to intellectual and spiritual leadership in England and in America.

He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Illinois College in 1883, from Harvard in 1904, and from Yale in 1908.

During his North Adams pastorate he published "The Freedom of Faith," "On the Threshold,"—the line of thought in each originally suggested by some words of his friend and neighbor, President Hopkins,—also "Lamps and Paths"; and later "The Appeal to Life," "Horace Bushnell, Preacher and Theologian," "Character through Inspiration," "Essays for the Day," and numerous literary and theological essays in reviews and magazines.

In June, 1887, Dr. Munger was elected a member of the Corporation of Yale University by "the successors of the original trustees," and held the position eighteen years, resigning on account of advancing years in 1905.

Dr. Munger died while sitting in his study at home, January 11, 1910, in the 80th year of his age.

He married in Haverhill, Mass., October 12, 1864, Elizabeth Kinsman, daughter of Hon. J. H. and Mary (Willis) Duncan. She died in 1886, and March 5, 1889, he married Harriet King, daughter of John C. and Martha (Whipple) Osgood, of Salem, Mass. She survives with the three daughters and son of his first marriage. The son graduated from the Academical Department in 1905 and from the Forest School in 1908. The eldest daughter is unmarried, the second is the wife of Philip P. Wells (B. A. Yale 1889), and the youngest daughter married

Professor John C Adams (B A Yale 1896), of the University

President Eliot, in conferring the Harvard degree upon him in 1904, thus characterized him "Preacher and author, prophet of liberty and unity, who long ago saw what kind of seed the nineteenth century was sowing in literature, philosophy, and religion, and foresaw the precious harvest of the twentieth century"

1852

EDWARD HOUGHTON, son of Cyrus and Eliza Adaline (Sawin) Houghton, was born November 15, 1829, in Lancaster, Mass., the home of his ancestors for seven generations. After preparation in Phillips Academy, Andover, he entered college as a resident of Holliston, Mass., where his father was a comb manufacturer.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Law School a year, then removed to Cincinnati, O., where he was admitted to the bar and began practice, but about 1857 returned to Massachusetts and was engaged in teaching in Milford and Fitchburg, and in farming in Lancaster, where his home had been since 1869, and where he died February 7, 1910. He was 80 years of age.

From 1877 to 1882 Mr Houghton was a member of the board of Selectmen of Lancaster, and from 1875 to 1884 a member of the School Committee. He was a member of the Evangelical Congregational Church.

He married in Lancaster, September 22, 1859, Martha S., daughter of Deacon Peter and Mary N. (Bridge) Osgood, who died August 3, 1887. One daughter, Mary Adeline, teacher in the Lancaster High School, survives him. A younger daughter, Emily, died in 1894. He leaves also a brother, Professor William Addison Houghton (B A Yale 1873) of Bowdoin College, Tutor in Yale in 1876, who is a namesake of their uncle, Rev. William Addison Houghton (B A Yale 1840).

EDWARD STERLING, son of George and Emmeline (Hawley) Sterling, was born March 11, 1831, in Bridgeport, Conn. He fitted for college with the Rev. Henry Jones (B.A. Yale 1820).

In the spring of 1853 he became a partner in the Spring Perch Company, manufacturing carriage springs and axles, and was its president for fifty years. He was a leader in many business concerns, and an active and liberal supporter of the best interests of the community. For many years he was vice-president and trustee of the Bridgeport Savings Bank and director of the First National Bank, president of the Bridgeport Elastic Web Company, a member of the standing committee of the Bridgeport Orphan Asylum, treasurer of the Burroughs Home, and an officer of many charitable societies. He was also a member of the School Board. For forty years he was deacon and for forty-five years clerk of the South Congregational Church, of which his father was one of the founders.

He traveled extensively in this country and abroad and with Mrs. Sterling made a golden wedding trip around the world in 1903.

Mr. Sterling died at his home in Bridgeport, August 2, 1909, at the age of 78 years. He left generous bequests to many philanthropic objects, including one to the Yale Alumni University Fund.

He married in Bridgeport, October 18, 1853, Rebecca A., daughter of Captain Bronson and Rebecca (Burr) Hawley, and had a son and three daughters. The son died in 1898. Two of his daughters are graduates of Radcliffe College (1884 and 1896).

1853

HENRY RICHARDSON BOND, son of Rev. Alvan Bond, D.D. (B.A. Brown 1815), who was pastor of the Second Congregational Church, Norwich, Conn., 1835-64, and Fel-

low of Brown University, 1848-62, was born May 2, 1832, at Bangor, Me, his father being then Professor of Biblical Literature in Bangor Theological Seminary His mother was Sarah, daughter of Ezra and Jemima (Lovell) Richardson, of Medway, Mass.

After graduation he taught school in Scranton, Pa, a year, and the year following was engaged in civil engineering work in Ohio He was in a banking house in Norwich, Conn, in 1856, and from there went to New London where he had since resided He was president of the Bank of Commerce and the Marine Savings Bank and active in other business interests, also a trustee of the Williams Memorial Institute

Mr Bond died at his home in New London, October 30, 1909, at the age of 77 years

He married at Norwich, March 10, 1858, Mary Perit Ripley, daughter of James L and Ruth L. (Huntington) Ripley, and had two sons and two daughters, of whom the elder son is deceased The younger son graduated from the Academical Department in 1896

1854

JOHN SWARTWOUT BARKALOW, son of Daniel Barkalow (B A Princeton 1826) and Henrietta (Swartwout) Barkalow, was born November 11, 1834, at Summerwell, N. J. After three years at a boarding school he completed his college preparation under a private tutor at Paterson, N J, where the family resided

After graduation he studied law in his father's office, and in November, 1857, was licensed as an attorney, and in 1864 as counselor and master in chancery From 1864 to 1866, and again from 1867 to 1869 he was City Attorney of Paterson, and for ten years from April, 1871, he was Judge of Passaic County He was then engaged in private practice until his appointment, March 2, 1896, as Judge of

the Court of Appeals and Errors of New Jersey. The following year he was again appointed Judge of Passaic County for a term of five years. In 1902 he again resumed practice, but retired in 1905. Since then he had been blind nearly two years, but a recent operation had restored his sight.

Judge Barkalow died at his home in Paterson, March 29, 1910, in the 76th year of his age.

He married November 11, 1862, Esther E., daughter of William Dickey of Paterson, and had a daughter and three sons. The first-born son died in infancy. The daughter is the wife of David Magie, Jr. (B.A. Princeton 1882). Mrs. Barkalow and two sons are also living.

CHARLES ATWOOD WHITE was the second of the seven sons of Henry White (B.A. Yale 1821) and Martha (Sherman) White, and was born in New Haven, November 11, 1833. As were his father and brothers, he also was prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School. As student and graduate, his sound views of life, his genial spirit, and rare gifts of humor and wit, won for him many friends in various classes, whose warm regard continued through life. He rowed on the crew in the first Harvard-Yale boat race at Lake Winnepiseogee, August 3, 1852. This event was commemorated as the "First Intercollegiate Regatta" by a dinner given at the University Club of New York December 10, 1902, at which Mr. White was one of the four survivors of the nine men who rowed in the Yale boat.

After graduation he was for some years in the wholesale iron business with T. B. Coddington & Co., in New York, later in a shipping business with his uncle, Benjamin P. Sherman, and in other business enterprises. In 1869 he returned to New Haven and was at once engaged in helping his father in the settling of some complicated estates, also in planning and executing the opening of a street (now

Center Street) from Orange Street to Church Street through the old inherited garden in the heart of the City

Meanwhile he studied law and was admitted October 19, 1877, to the New Haven County Bar. He soon became a member of the firm of White Brothers, who for three generations of the name have practiced law on the same ancestral ground where they are now

In politics he was an earnest and loyal Republican. He was a member of the Common Council of New Haven in 1876, and an auditor for the stockholders of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company for about fifteen years

From his father, the late Henry White, a man endeared to the cultured people of New Haven for his pure soul, his wisdom and his erudition, he received his strong taste for historical and genealogical research, as well as the use of his father's fine genealogical library, which he continually supplemented, until it became a joy to his friends as well as to himself. He was especially interested in English research and contributed to the *New England Historical and Genealogical Register* the following papers: In Vol 51, July 1897, "Ancestry of Rev John Sherman and Capt John Sherman," establishing the English Ancestry of his great-grandfather, Roger Sherman, Signer of the Declaration of Independence, in Vol 53, April 1899, "The first wife of Gov Wyllis of Connecticut and her family", in Vol 54 in January and April 1900 two articles on the "Wills of the Shermans of Yaxley, England", and in Vol 55 Jan 1901, "The Children of Robert White of Messing, England". These papers, the results of much research and careful study, were published not over his own name, but simply as "by a descendant"

Mr White had been a member of the Center Church since 1874, was one of the committee who chose Dr Newman Smyth as its pastor, and was chairman of the Trustees of the Center Church "Old Ladies Home"

Mr. White married in New York City, October 15, 1861, Frances Spencer, daughter of Major-General Amos B. Eaton, U. S. A. (West Point 1821), and Elizabeth (Selden) Eaton, and sister of Daniel C. Eaton (B A Yale 1857), late Professor of Botany in Yale University.

Their only son and one daughter are deceased Mrs. White and four daughters survive him, namely. Frances E., who married Robert G Gamble, M D.; Mabel W, wife of Henry L. Stimson (B.A. Yale 1888); Elizabeth S, wife of John Rogers, M.D (B A Yale 1887), and Susan S, wife of W. H. L. Edwards of New York.

Although Mr. White's failing eyesight had restricted his activity somewhat for two years, he was engaged in the care and settlement of various estates until within a few months before his death. He died peacefully at his home in New Haven June 18, 1909, at the age of 75 years. He had been seriously ill only ten days He was buried near his only son in the old Grove Street Cemetery

Five of his brothers were graduated from Yale College in 1851, 1859, 1860, 1864, and 1866, respectively.

1855

HENRY NITCHIE COBB was born in New York City, November 15, 1834, the son of Sanford Cobb. His mother was Sophia Lewis, daughter of John Nitchie, a lawyer, and later general agent of the American Bible Society.

After graduation he studied a year in Union Theological Seminary, but left in 1857 without graduating, and spent some time traveling in Europe. On his return he was in business in New York City till 1859 The following year he was appointed by the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions a missionary to the Nestorians, was ordained by the Third Presbytery of New York May 16, 1860, and was stationed at Urumiah, Persia, from July, 1860, to December, 1862. His health was broken down by his experiences, and he was in Tarrytown, N. Y., recuperat-

ing his health until January, 1866. He then accepted a call to the pastorate of the Reformed Church of Millbrook, N. Y., and remained there until May, 1881, when he resigned because of ill health. In October, 1882, he became corresponding secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed Church in America, and held this office during the rest of his life. In connection with his work he traveled in all parts of the world.

Succeeding his classmate William Wheeler, who died in 1864, he was for forty-five years secretary of his class. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Rutgers College in 1878. He was a member of the American Oriental and National Geographic Societies.

Dr. Cobb wrote many articles for the religious press, in 1861-62 edited *The Rays of Light*, a monthly paper in modern Syriac, prepared a hymn book in the same language, and carried through the press for the American Bible Society "The New Testament in Modern Syriac" in 1874. He also printed a number of short poems, some of which appeared in "The Changed Cross" and "The Shadow of the Rock."

Dr. Cobb died of acute Bright's disease April 17, 1910, at East Orange, N. J., which had been his home since 1885. He was 75 years of age.

He married, May 17, 1860, at Tarrytown, N. Y., Matilda A., daughter of Matthew Thomas and Maria (Suydam) Van Zandt, who died May 11, 1910.

He is survived by a son, Sanford Ellsworth (B. A. Yale 1887), of East Orange, N. J., and a daughter, Maria Van Zandt, wife of Dr. Archibald L. Macleish, of Los Angeles, Cal.

THOMAS SHEPARD STRONG, son of Hon. Selah Brewster Strong (B. A. Yale 1811), Judge of the Supreme Court of the State of New York from 1847 to 1855, was born August 10, 1834, at Setauket, Long Island, N. Y. His

mother was Cornelia (Udall) Strong. He entered college as a resident of Brookhaven, L. I.

After graduation he studied law in the Albany Law School, was admitted to the bar in New York in March, 1856, and at once began the practice of his profession in Setauket. In 1867 he removed to New York City, and formed a partnership with his brother Selah B. Strong, Jr. (B.A. Yale 1864). Subsequently Asa Adams Spear (B.A. Amherst 1866) entered the firm, which became Strong & Spear. His brother retired in 1879, but he continued in practice until his retirement.

Mr. Strong died at his home in Setauket, December 12, 1909, at the age of 75 years.

He married at Scarborough, N. Y., September 29, 1870, Emily, daughter of Robert and Sarah Ann (Hodges) Boorman, and had five sons and a daughter. The daughter is deceased. One of the sons graduated from the Academic Department in 1896 and another from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1898.

ALFRED TILESTON WATERMAN, second of the seven children of Rev. Thomas Tileston Waterman (B.A. Yale 1822), and grandson of Rev. Elijah Waterman (B.A. Yale 1791), was born December 13, 1832, in Providence, R. I., where for twenty years his father was a preacher of great power and usefulness. His mother was Delia (Storrs) Waterman.

After graduation he taught two years in a Mississippi family, studied in Union Theological Seminary during the year 1857-58, and the following two years in Princeton Theological Seminary, where he graduated in 1860. He then preached a year each in Plainfield, Vt., and in Fitchville, Bozrah, Conn. After a short period of study in the Yale Theological Seminary in 1863 he was five years with the Congregational Church of Westfield, Middletown, Conn., where he was ordained and installed pastor Novem-

ber 9, 1864, and five years pastor of the Congregational Church of Kensington, Conn, then for a year and a half following at Monroe, Conn. From January, 1876, his work was almost entirely in Michigan organizing and developing Congregational churches. From January, 1876, to March, 1877, he was pastor at Marshall in that state, and after supplying a year at Fort Scott, Kans, was pastor in Grand Blanc, Mich, from March, 1878, to November, 1882, at East Travers until June, 1884, at Ovid two years, during part of the last period and continuing until May, 1887, at Charlevoix, then at Bancroft until November, 1891, the next two years at Hartford, and the same length of time at Baldwin. For two years succeeding he was pastor of an independent congregation. After that he was pastor of the Congregational Church at Nashville, Mich, until July, 1899, and since then had resided in Washington, D C, where he died December 29, 1909. He was 77 years of age.

Mr Waterman married, December 8, 1865, Emily J, daughter of Rev William R Stocking, missionary in Persia, and had three daughters and three sons.

WILLIAMS CLARKE WHITTEMORE, eldest son of Rev. Williams Howe Whittemore (B A Yale 1825) and Maria (Clark) Whittemore, was born December 16, 1833, at Charlton Mass. His father was then pastor of the First (Congregational) Church there, but in 1851 removed to New Haven, and remained there until 1868.

After his graduation he taught a year at Trumansburg, a few miles from Ithaca, N Y, spent the next year in general study in New Haven and travel in the West, and then started in the lumber business at LaCrosse, Wisc. From June, 1860, till 1865 he was a note and exchange broker in New York, and during the next five years resided in New Haven, after which his headquarters were in Chicago till 1884. In that year he went abroad and remained

two and a half years, and since then had resided in Washington, retired from business and spending much time in travel.

Mr. Whittemore died of rheumatism at his home in Washington, D. C., April 25, 1910, at the age of 76 years.

He married, October 18, 1865, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Hon. James F. and Catherine (Mills) Babcock of Fair Haven, now in New Haven, Conn., who died only two months later. November 14, 1880, he married Mrs. Sarah (Adams) Wilcox, widow of Sextus Wilcox of Chicago, and daughter of Rev. Henry and Sophia (Field) Adams of Chicago, who died December 27, 1907. He had no children by either marriage. One brother, and a sister who is the wife of Colonel W. P. Bacon (B.A. Yale 1858), survive him

1856

MATTHIAS HOLLENBECK ARNOT, fifth of the seven children of Hon. John and Harriet (Tuttle) Arnot, was born in Elmira, N. Y., November 10, 1833. He was a member of the class of 1855 during a part of Freshman year, but the following year joined 1856.

After graduation he engaged in gas manufacturing and other business in Elmira. In 1865 he became assistant cashier of the Chemung Canal Bank, founded by his father in 1842, and became president in 1886. He was also president of the Arnot Realty Company, the Elmira Industrial Association, the Junction Canal Company, the Elmira Lumber Company, the Chemung County Gas Company, and treasurer of the Orange Industrial Association, and was long one of the leading bankers and financiers of central New York, everywhere esteemed for his fidelity and integrity. For many years he was a member of the Elmira Board of Education, and since 1884 had been treasurer and a trustee of the Elmira Reformatory.

Mr Arnot died after a long illness from Bright's disease at his home in Elmira, February 15, 1910, at the age of 76 years. He was never married.

He left a bequest to the Arnot-Ogden Hospital, which he and his sister had established in his native city, and his art gallery with an endowment fund for the same valued altogether at nearly a million dollars he also gave to the city, besides gifts to the churches. Yale University and his college fraternity were also remembered in his will. He had a warm friendship for his classmates, and they cherish the memory of his bountiful generosity at every class gathering for half a century.

His brother John was a member of the class of 1854, and the latter's son, John Hulett Arnot, graduated from the Academical Department in 1885, dying in 1899.

DAVID JOSIAH BREWER, second of three sons and fourth of the ten children of Rev Josiah Brewer (B.A. Yale 1821), one of the early American missionaries to the East, was born at Smyrna, in Turkey, June 20, 1837. His mother was Emilia Ann, daughter of Rev David Dudley Field, D.D (B.A. Yale 1802). His parents returned to Connecticut in 1838, and in 1844 his father established a young ladies' seminary in New Haven, which was removed to Middletown and continued there until 1857.

The son took the first half of his college course at Wesleyan University, entering Yale at the beginning of Junior year. His brother, Fisk P. Brewer (B.A. Yale 1852) had just been appointed Tutor in the college and served for three years. His father had also been Tutor from 1824 to 1826.

The year following his graduation he spent in the law office of his uncle, David Dudley Field, Esq (B.A. Williams 1825), and the next year in the Albany (N. Y.) Law School, being admitted to the New York bar in 1858. After a few months on his father's farm at Stockbridge,

Mass., he went West and spent six months in Kansas City, Mo. He then made a trip to Pike's Peak, and investigated mining conditions in Colorado, and on his return stopped for a few weeks in Leavenworth, Kans. After attending the Triennial meeting of his class in New Haven and spending the remainder of the summer at Stockbridge, in September, 1859, he went back to Leavenworth, and soon became established in his profession, actively supporting also the educational and religious interests of the community. In the summer of 1861 he was appointed United States Commissioner of the Circuit Court, but resigned to accept the office of Judge of the Probate and Criminal Court of Leavenworth County to which he was elected in October, 1862. Two years later he was elected Judge of the First District of Kansas, his term of office expiring in 1869, and was then County Attorney for two years.

He was vice-president, afterwards president of the Board of Education, for three years superintendent of public schools, and for two years president of the Library Association of Leavenworth, and in 1868 president of the State Teachers' Association. He was also one of the Lecturers at the State Agricultural College.

From 1870 to 1884 he was Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Kansas, and was then appointed Judge of the United States Circuit Court for the Eighth Circuit, serving until December, 1889, when President Harrison commissioned him Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court. This position he filled with distinction to the close of his life. Many of the more than 700 opinions written by him were on subjects of far-reaching importance and great public interest, notably the one at the time of the Chicago railroad strike upholding the right of the general government to interfere directly to prevent obstruction to interstate commerce and the transportation of the mails, and the individual opinion which he filed which established the court's majority in the decision against the

Northern Securities Company in 1904. At the time of his appointment his uncle, Hon. Stephen J. Field (B.A. Williams 1837) was also a Justice of that court.

In 1896 he was appointed by President Cleveland to the United States Venezuelan Commission, of which he was chosen presiding officer, and prepared its very full report. He was a member of the British-Venezuelan Arbitration Tribunal, which met at Paris in 1899.

He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Iowa College in 1884, Washburn College in 1888, Yale University in 1891, the University of Wisconsin in 1900, Wesleyan University in 1901, the University of Vermont in 1904, and Bowdoin College in 1905. Since 1891 Justice Brewer had been Professor of the Law of Corporations in George Washington (formerly Columbian) University. In 1891 he delivered the annual address before the Yale Law School on "The Protection of Private Property against Public Attacks," and the address on "Yale's Relation to Public Service" at the Yale Bicentennial Celebration in 1901. He gave the first course of lectures at Yale on the William E. Dodge Foundation on the Responsibilities of Citizenship, and was appointed to the William L. Storrs Lectureship in the Yale Law School for 1908-09, but had to postpone the lectures on account of pressure of official duties. They were to have been given during the present year on "The Police Power." He also lectured before the Divinity School on "The Pew to the Pulpit," and before the University Christian Association on "The Twentieth Century from Another View-point." He edited "The World's Best Orators" and "The World's Best Essays," each in ten volumes. The subjects of other volumes were "American Citizenship" and "The United States. a Christian Nation." He was at one time president and for over twenty years an active member of the Yale Alumni Association of Washington.

He was an attractive and forceful orator and his many public addresses commanded wide attention and thoughtful

consideration. Among his notable unofficial speeches were those as president of the Universal Congress of Lawyers and Jurists at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition in St. Louis in 1904, one at the Old South Church, Boston, the same year on "The Religion of a Jurist"; the address before the joint meeting of the Bar Association of Texas and Arkansas in 1906, and that on "The Good Time Coming, or The Final Triumph of Justice," delivered before several bar and other associations.

From the beginning of his career in Washington he identified himself closely with the municipal and religious life of the city. He was a member of the board of managers of the Associated Charities and on the board of trustees of Gallaudet College. His leadership for many years of a Bible class in the First Congregational Church, of which he was a member and regular attendant, was one of his many active influences for good. He was a member of the Brooklyn Council of 1876 and of the National Congregational Council in Detroit in 1877, a corporate member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, and senior vice-president of the American Missionary Association, of which his father was one of the founders.

His tastes were simple and he was very approachable, with a keen sense of humor and a fund of experiences that made him a welcome speaker on social occasions. He was fond of out-door life and in his earlier days used to camp in the Rocky Mountains, afterward having a summer home on Lake Champlain.

He married in Leavenworth, October 3, 1861, Louise L., daughter of Hiram and Anna M. Landon, of Burlington, Vt, by whom he had four daughters. She died April 3, 1898. He married again, June 5, 1901, Miss Emma Miner Mott of Washington.

Justice Brewer died very unexpectedly at his home in Washington, March 28, 1910, of cerebral hemorrhage. He was in the 73d year of his age. The burial was in Leaven-

worth, Kans Mrs Brewer and three of his daughters survive him

FRANK HODGE, youngest of the thirteen children of William and Sally (Abbott) Hodge, was born October 26, 1833, in Buffalo, N. Y. He was named Benjamin Franklin but in early life shortened the name to Frank He was prepared for college at the Western Reserve Academy at Hudson, O., and joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he returned to his native city, where after three years of study he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the University of Buffalo in 1859, and then successfully practiced his profession for fifty years, nearly all of that period in Hudson, O. During the years 1872-74 he was a physician in St Paul, Minn, and in 1874-5 in Buffalo He devoted much time to the study of natural history, and gathered a large collection of articulates During his earlier years in Hudson he was an alderman

Dr Hodge died at his home in Hudson, July 14, 1909, in the 76th year of his age

He married at Hudson, September 5, 1860, S. Jennie, daughter of Samuel E. and Mary Lyman (Strong) Judd, and had a daughter, who died in early childhood, and two sons, who with Mrs Hodge survive him. The younger son graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science from Western Reserve University in 1892, and with the same degree from the Case School of Applied Science in 1894

BENJAMIN DRAKE MAGRUDER was born September 27, 1838, at Magnolia Springs, Miss, the eldest of the twelve children of William Hezekiah Nathan Magruder (Wesleyan 1836) and Mary (Bangs) Magruder His father was a planter till 1842, and an accomplished instructor, holding the office of Professor of Ancient Languages at Centenary

College near Brandon, Miss , and after its removal, at Jackson, La., then becoming superintendent of public instruction for the state of Louisiana. His mother was a daughter of Rev. Heman Bangs, formerly a well-known Methodist preacher and presiding elder in the New Haven district. Under his father's guidance he was prepared for college at Jackson, La.

After his graduation from college he studied law in Baton Rouge and New Orleans, graduating from the Law Department of the University of Louisiana in 1857, and then practiced law in Memphis, Tenn , from 1859 to 1861, succeeding his classmate Finlay in the Chancery Clerk's office.

He settled in Chicago in June, 1861, and since then had devoted himself to professional work at the bar or on the bench to the close of his life. For fifteen years from 1868 he was Master in Chancery of the Superior Court, was elected a Justice of the Supreme Court of Illinois in 1885 and by successive reelections served until 1906, and was Chief Justice of the Court for the terms beginning in 1891 and 1896. Among the important cases under his jurisdiction was the appeal from the County Court of the anarchists in the Haymarket Riots of May, 1886. His able summary of the decree of the court in this case defending the right of society to protect itself against those who incited to murder, as well as to punish murderers, gave him wide reputation. He made a broad application of the anti-trust law in a number of decisions.

In 1906 Yale University awarded the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws to him as the embodiment of courage, independence, and absolute integrity.

He was an active member of the Chicago Alumni Association, and several times its president.

Judge Magruder died of Bright's disease April 21, 1910, at his home in Chicago, in the 72d year of his age.

He married in Springfield, Ill., June 15, 1864, Miss Julia M. Latham, who is deceased. A daughter died in 1896,

and their son (LL B Northwestern University 1896), who was a member of the class of 1889 in Yale College, is also deceased. Since the death of his wife a niece had lived with him.

1857

BELA PECK LEARNED, son of Ebenezer Learned (B.A. Yale 1831) and Matilda Denison (Hurlbut) Learned, was born March 9, 1837, in Norwich, Conn.

After graduation he was in the office of the Norwich Fire Insurance Company until February, 1862. On March 12 of that year he entered the United States Army as Second Lieutenant, First Connecticut Artillery, retiring October 5, 1865, as Captain. He was slightly wounded at Harrison's Landing, Va., July 31, 1862. For meritorious service in the field, April 6, 1865, he was brevetted Major. During the summer of 1864 he was in the fighting at Bermuda Hundred, and then at the siege of Petersburg.

On resigning from the army he again engaged in the insurance business. He was active in the Park Congregational Church, and possessed fine taste in music.

Major Learned died at his home in Norwich, March 14, 1910, at the age of 73 years.

He married at Norwich, October 31, 1867, Mary W., daughter of S. B. and Mary R. Bulkeley, who survives him with a son (B.A. Yale 1899) and two daughters. The elder daughter married Dr. George T. Howland (M.D. N. Y. Univ. 1886). His grandfather, Deacon Ebenezer Learned of New London, graduated from Yale College in 1798, and his uncle, Billings Peck Learned, in 1834. His father was one of the incorporators of the Norwich Free Academy and long its treasurer.

1858

JOHN TAYLOR BAIRD, son of William and Isabelle (Morrison) Baird, was born December 3, 1834, in Cincinnati, O. He entered the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation from college he studied three years in Princeton Theological Seminary, and upon finishing his course in the latter preached successively at Washington, Walnut Hills, and Pleasant Run, near Cincinnati, until April, 1864. He then served three months under the United States Christian Commission. In August of the same year he went to Nebraska, then a Territory, where he shared in organizing and developing churches and educational institutions. He soon began preaching at Brownsville, Nebr., where he was ordained pastor by the Presbytery of the Missouri River, June 27, 1865. In 1875 he resigned to accept the pastorate of the Presbyterian Church of Plattsburgh, where he continued in faithful and effective service thirty years.

He received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1866, and of Doctor of Divinity from Bellevue College (later Omaha University) in 1891.

Dr. Baird died of neuralgia of the heart at his home in Plattsburgh, February 1, 1910, in the 76th year of his age.

He married at Brownsville, September 16, 1875, Marian Gibson Wood, daughter of P. N. and Mary Ann (McDowell) Wood, and had one son and four daughters, all but the eldest daughter graduates of Bellevue College.

SANFORD HOADLEY COBB, son of Sanford and Sophia L. (Nitchie) Cobb, was born February 4, 1838, in New York City. He was prepared for college by his brother, Rev. Oliver E. Cobb (B.A. Yale 1853).

The year after graduation he taught school in New Milford, Conn., and then in Brooklyn, N. Y. In January, 1860, he entered Princeton Theological Seminary, graduated in the spring of 1862, following his course with several months of further study. On March 8, 1864, he was ordained by the Reformed [Dutch] Classis of Schoharie at Schoharie, N. Y., remaining until 1871, when he accepted the pastorate of the Reformed Church in Saugerties, N. Y.

After twelve years of service there, he resigned and spent thirteen months in Europe in rest and travel. In July, 1885, he became pastor of the Westminster Presbyterian Church in Grand Rapids, Mich., and continued in that office nine years. His home was then in Richfield Springs, N. Y., for ten years, but during this time he preached for several months each at the First Presbyterian Churches in Greenwich, Conn., and at Wilkes-Barré, Pa., and in the Reformed Church of Catskill, N. Y. In the spring of 1905 he removed from Richfield Springs to Cooperstown, but in the fall of that year the serious impairment of his health prevented preaching. Previous to this he had spent his winters in Albany, N. Y., but recently he had passed that season in California.

His later years were devoted chiefly to literary work and study. In 1902 he published "The Rise of Religious Liberty in America, a History." A paper which he read in April, 1896, before the New England Historic-Genealogical Society, in Boston, on "The Story of the Palatines; an Episode in Colonial History," was published in 1897. He also published many magazine and newspaper articles, pamphlets, and sermons.

Mr. Cobb died of uræmic poisoning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Reynolds, in Kansas City, Mo., April 27, 1910, ten days after the death of his brother, Rev. Dr. Henry N. Cobb, long Secretary of the class of 1855, at the age of 72 years.

He married in Dorchester (Boston), Mass., November 9, 1865, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel J. and Caroline (Baxter) Capen, and had two sons and three daughters, all of whom are living. The elder son graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1890, and the eldest daughter married Rev. George Reynolds (Princeton 1886).

WILLIAM TORREY HARRIS, son of William and Zilpah (Torrey) Harris, was born at North Killingly, Conn.,

September 10, 1835. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and entered the class at the beginning of the course but left during the first term of Junior year. He received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1869, and in 1888 by vote of the Corporation was enrolled with his class.

From July, 1857, to May, 1858, he taught in a phonographic institute, and acted as a private tutor in St. Louis, Mo., and then began teaching in the public schools of that city, soon becoming principal of the Clay School. In 1867 he was appointed assistant superintendent of schools, and the following year superintendent. The system of education which he planned there he directed with distinguished success and the thirteen volumes of his reports showed the philosophical basis and practical efficiency of his work. These reports formed part of the educational exhibit of the United States at the Paris Exposition of 1878, and on account of them he was given the honorary title of "Officier de l'Académie." He was president of the National Association of School Superintendents at the meeting of 1873, in Elmira, N. Y., and president of the National Educational Association at the meeting of 1875, in Minneapolis, Minn. He was a large contributor to the discussions and papers of the American Social Science Association, of which he was vice-president from 1875 to 1877. He declined the presidency, but was chairman of the Education Department of this Association for some years.

In 1866 he founded the Philosophical Society of St. Louis, and in 1867 established the *Journal of Speculative Philosophy*.

His public service in St. Louis received warm appreciation, but on account of ill health he resigned his superintendency in 1880, and the same year represented the United States Bureau of Education at the International Congress of Educators at Brussels. In 1879, in conjunction with A. Bronson Alcott,—whose "Orchard House" he afterward

bought,—F B Sanborn, and S H Emery, Jr., he started the Concord Summer School of Philosophy, and the following year transferred his residence to Concord.

In 1889 he again represented the United States Bureau of Education at the International Exposition in Paris, where he received the title of "Officier de l'Instruction Publique" from the French government. In September of that year he was appointed United States Commissioner of Education, and he then removed to Washington, D C. As Commissioner he made addresses at the Expositions at Chicago (1893), Paris (1900), St Louis (1904) and Portland, Ore, in 1905. After seventeen years of notable service in this position he resigned June 18, 1906. He was placed first by the Executive Committee of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Education upon its special list of those who have rendered great service to education, on the ground that there was "no other name connected with American education which is so identified with its progress for the last thirty years," and was given the highest retiring allowance permitted by its rules.

The degree of Doctor of Philosophy was conferred on him for his attainments by Brown University in 1893, and by the University of Jena in 1899, and the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws by the University of Missouri in 1870, the University of Pennsylvania in 1894, Yale University in 1895, and Princeton University in 1896. In 1894 he received from the King of Italy the degree of Commander of the Order of St Maurice and Lazarus.

Dr Harris edited (in association with Superintendent Rickoff of Cleveland, and Mr Mark Bailey of Yale) Appleton's School Readers, 1877-78; the International Education Series of 58 volumes, including his own on the 'Psychologic Foundations of Education' (1898); the department of philosophy in Johnson's Universal Encyclopedia, writing many important articles; gave several courses of lectures on the Philosophy of History, the

Philosophy of Education, and the Philosophy of Art and Literature at Johns Hopkins University, and part of them elsewhere; since 1889 had published the annual reports of the United States Bureau of Education; and was constantly speaking on philosophical, literary, and educational subjects, and writing for the foremost periodicals. His addresses were notable for their beauty of feeling and finish of expression. In 1908 the Bureau of Education issued a bibliography of his writings, containing four hundred and seventy-nine titles.

He was a master of Hegelian philosophy, and was considered the leading exponent of German thought in this country. In 1890 he published "Hegel's Logic," and an "Introduction to the Study of Philosophy." In 1896 he brought out an enlarged edition of "The Spiritual Sense of Dante's Divina Commedia," which he first issued in 1889. Since 1900 he had been Editor-in-chief of Webster's New International Dictionary and had just completed his task.

In July, 1909, Dr Harris removed from Washington to Providence, R. I., where he died November 5, at the age of 74 years.

He married in Providence December 25, 1858, Sarah Tully, daughter of James and Elizabeth (Dorrance) Bugbee, and had two sons and two daughters.

Dr. and Mrs. Harris celebrated their golden wedding in 1908.

Mrs. Harris and one son and a daughter survive him.

WILLIAM ALLEN LANE, son of William Allen Lane (B A Bowdoin 1823) and Naomi Ann (Tyson) Lane, was born December 4, 1839, in Gorham, Me. Shortly after graduation his father settled as a planter in Louisiana, and the son was prepared for college by Professor William H N. Magruder (Wesleyan 1836), of Jackson, La, and entered from Clinton in that state.

After graduation he was clerk in a dry goods and hardware store in Clinton till April, 1861, and then entering

the Confederate army served as Sergeant in Company A, Sixteenth Louisiana Infantry, until after the battle of Shiloh. In May, 1862, he was elected Second Lieutenant of his company, and in April, 1863, was promoted to the office of First Lieutenant. He was captured near Nashville, Tenn., December 16, 1864, and held at Johnson's Island six months. Soon after his release he spent two years in business at Monroe, La., and nearly three years at Hazlehurst, Miss. In February, 1873, he moved to Fort Worth, Tex., where from 1883 to 1889 he was a partner in the firm of Barr & Lane, grocers, afterward bookkeeper for the Fort Worth Furniture Company till about September, 1896, then a member of the Avenue Grocery Company until 1898, afterward in a railroad office for a year, and since October, 1900, bookkeeper for the J. B. Burnside store.

Mr. Lane died of apoplexy at Fort Worth, October 8, 1909, in the 70th year of his age.

He married in Centerville, Miss., July 28, 1869, Lizzie, daughter of James and Jane Paul (Bennett) Chapman. She died May 24, 1890, after fifteen years of invalidism. They had two daughters and a son. The elder daughter graduated from Baylor Female College at Belton, Texas, in 1888.

Mr. Lane married again at Fort Worth, December 27, 1893, Sarah Eliza, daughter of Rev. Richard and Mary Marshall (McIver) Furman, who survives him with his children by his first marriage.

1859

THOMAS CHALMERS BRAINERD, son of Rev. Thomas Brainerd, D.D., and Mrs. Mary Whiting (Whiting) Brainerd, was born September 27, 1837, in Philadelphia, Pa., where for thirty years his father was pastor of the Old Pine Street Presbyterian Church. He spent his college vacations in work for the United States Coast Survey.

In the fall after graduation he entered Jefferson Medical College in his native city, and also studied privately under Professor Samuel D Gross. At the outbreak of the Civil War he was admitted on examination to the medical corps of the regular army, and was placed in charge of the General Hospital in Washington, D. C. In January, 1862, he was ordered to Port Royal, S C, and was for a time on the staff of General T. W. Sherman, and then served two years with the regular army batteries of the department. He was in charge of the hospital steamer *Cosmopolitan* carrying to New York wounded and sick soldiers from southern ports, and later was in charge of the Mower General Hospital in Philadelphia, subsequently also of the Broad Street, McClellan, and Bristol Hospitals. He received two brevets for "faithful and meritorious service," and continued in the army for a year and a half after the close of the war, being on duty with the third United States Cavalry in Arkansas and New Mexico.

Resigning from the army, he was for a time in the iron business in Allentown, Pa., and then became superintendent of the Laflin Powder Company, which he was chiefly instrumental in having consolidated with other companies into the Laflin & Rand Powder Company. On its incorporation he became secretary of the new company and removed to New York, and then to Montclair, N. J. In 1873 he resigned from the company and built his own powder works at York, Pa. These he sold in 1876 and removed to Canada, having accepted the general agency for that country of the large United States companies manufacturing explosives. In December of the same year he bought a controlling interest in the Hamilton and Windsor Powder Companies, and was president of the former company for twenty-eight years, residing in Montreal. In 1905 he retired from active business. He was much interested in the protection of fish and game, and in harmonizing and enforcing the game laws of Canada and the United States, and was one of the vice-

presidents of the North American Fish and Game Association. He was an expert genealogist and his tastes were scholarly.

Mr Brainerd died of paralysis at his home in Montreal April 5, 1910, at the age of 72 years.

He married, January 5, 1865, Maria Laflin Boies, daughter of Joseph Milton and Electa Caroline (Laflin) Boies and sister of his classmate Henry Martyn Boies, who also married Mr Brainerd's sister. He had four sons and three daughters, of whom one daughter is deceased. The other with their mother survive him. The two elder sons are both graduates of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in the class of 1887, and the youngest son received the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy from Yale in 1896. The eldest son succeeded his father as president of the Hamilton Powder Company, the third son is superintendent of the company, and the second and fourth sons are respectively president and treasurer of the Dominion Cartridge Company, also in Montreal.

WILLIAM BRADFORD DARRACH, son of James Darrach (B. A. Yale 1827) and Helena (White) Darrach, and grandson of James and Elizabeth (Bradford) Darrach, was born September 23, 1836, in Manayunk, Pa., where his father was a woolen manufacturer. Owing to business reverse in 1837 his father removed to Walden, N. Y., and the Glenham, a village in Fishkill, N. Y., but from 1854 to 1860 was superintendent of the New York [City] Hospital. From that city the son entered college in the winter of 1855 as a member of the class of 1858, but the following September joined the class of 1859.

After graduation from college he took the course in Princeton Theological Seminary, and on graduation from the latter in 1861, was appointed Chaplain of the Twentieth New York State Militia, May 8, 1861, serving until the following August. He was ordained as an evangelist by

the Presbytery of New York October 17, 1862, and then labored successively at Winneconne, Wisc , 1863-65, Barnegat, N. J., 1865; Upper Mount Bethel, Pa , 1868-71; Shickshinny, Pa., as pastor 1871-76; Orwell, Pa , 1876-77; Lehman and North Moreland, Pa., 1878-79, Scott, Pa., 1880-81; was without charge at Walden, N. Y , 1882-89 except during 1886, when he was pastor of the Reformed (Dutch) Church, at Kerhonkson, N Y., and then resided at Fishkill till 1893; was stated supply of the Presbyterian Church at Mount Pleasant, Pa., 1894, and without charge at Newark, N. J., the next year. Since 1896 he had lived at Newburgh, N. Y. except for the years 1900-04, when he was at Ambler, Pa He had not preached since 1904.

He died of heart disease at Newburgh July 23, 1909, in the 73d year of his age He was never married

JAMES FAULKNER, tenth of the twelve children of Hon. James and Minerva (Hammond) Faulkner, was born at Dansville, N. Y., January 22, 1833 His father was State senator in 1842, and from 1864 until his decease in 1884 president of the First National Bank of Dansville.

After graduation he returned to Dansville, and was engaged in the banking business, at first in the office of S. Sweet & Company, later becoming cashier of the First National Bank, and succeeding his father as president

In January, 1875, he entered the New York State Assembly, occupying the same seat his father had just fifty years earlier. In 1880 and 1881 he was president of the village, and in 1883 president of the Genesee Valley and Erie Railroad

He was implicated with his brother, Lester Bradner Faulkner, in the wrecking of the First National Bank, and in 1890 he was convicted of making false reports to the Controller of the Currency regarding the bank He was sentenced to imprisonment, but was pardoned by the President of the United States in 1892

Mr Faulkner died at his home in Dansville, May 28, 1909, at the age of 76 years

He married at Greenfield Hill, Conn, January 10, 1860, Miss Margaret H Neyle of Savannah, Ga, who survives him with three sons and a daughter

Two younger brothers, Samuel Dorr Faulkner, who died in 1878, and Col L B Faulkner, mentioned above, who died in 1890, were classmates

GILBERT OTIS FAY, son of Rev. Gilbert Fay (B A (Brown 1826) and Clarissa (Walker) Fay, was born November 8, 1834, at Wadsworth, O, but his father having died in 1835 the family returned to his mother's home in Medway, Mass He was a pupil in Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass, spent his first year of college life at Williams, and entered Yale at the beginning of Sophomore year

After graduation he took the course in Andover Theological Seminary, completing it in 1862 He was licensed to preach by the Mendon (Mass) Association in April of that year, and preached regularly at the institutions where his lifework of promoting the education of the deaf was done The same year he accepted an invitation from the Ohio Institute for the Deaf and Dumb at Columbus as a teacher, and after four years in that capacity was superintendent there for fourteen years From 1880 to the close of his life he was a teacher in the American School for the Deaf in Hartford, Conn He received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1862, and of Doctor of Philosophy from Western Reserve University in 1880 He was an authority in his work and in the discussion of its problems was broad-minded and thorough

Dr Fay died at his home in Hartford, February 18, 1910, in the 76th year of his age.

He married August 25, 1863, Adelia Caroline, daughter of William and Caroline (Gibson) Allen, of North Leominster, Mass She died January 11, 1867, and April 14,

1869, he married Mary Jane, daughter of Edwin and Lydia (Gross) Jarvis, of Massillon, O., who died in 1903. By his first marriage he had a daughter, and by the second marriage a daughter and son (B.A. Yale 1893).

He was a member, and formerly deacon of the Asylum Hill Congregational Church, of which his classmate, Rev. Joseph H. Twichell, is pastor.

EDWIN LEANDER KIRTLAND, one of the eleven children of Philip Marvin and Lucy Ann (Kelsey) Kirtland, was born December 27, 1833, in Westbrook, Conn. At the age of fourteen years he became a clerk in the dry goods store of Daniel Huntington in Norwich, Conn., remained there four years, studying meanwhile, and finished his college preparation in the Westbrook Academy. He entered college with the class of 1858, but was soon obliged to leave on account of ill health, and joined the class of 1859 at the beginning of its course.

The year after graduation he was principal of the Westfield (Mass.) Academy, and then went West, spending the summer in Mackinaw, Mich., and the vicinity, and also being present at the National Republican Convention which nominated Abraham Lincoln for President. The following autumn he returned to New Haven, and entered the Yale Law School, but the next spring became a clerk in the Pension Bureau in Washington, D. C. He spent much of his spare time in the hospitals, and lived in the midst of stirring events, witnessing the last parade of the Union armies, and the assassination of President Lincoln.

In October, 1865, he went to New York City and endeavored to complete his law studies in Columbia University, but newspaper correspondence fully occupied his time, and he gave up the law. Soon afterward he spent two years in mercantile business in Philadelphia, and then returned to Connecticut. In 1869 he represented Westbrook in the State Legislature, and was clerk of the Fisheries Commission.

In 1871 he removed to Holyoke, Mass., and was editor of the Holyoke *Transcript* until 1875. In that year he was elected to the Massachusetts House of Representatives, and was clerk of the committee on mercantile affairs. He was then in the paper business for a year and a half, and in 1878 was appointed secretary of the Holyoke school committee and superintendent of schools. The latter office he held eighteen years, gaining wide recognition for his ability and efficiency. He strongly advocated the study of language and the art of vocal expression in the schools. In 1891 he was president of the New England Superintendents' Association. During the last twelve years he had been Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue at Holyoke.

From the age of sixteen years he was connected with church choirs, and was for many years choir master and leading tenor at the Second Congregational Church, also deacon. With Mr. F. Zuchtman, long supervisor of music in the Holyoke schools, he published Zuchtman and Kirtland's Choral Book, translated from the German of Alfred Dorffel.

Mr. Kirtland died at Holyoke, April 12, 1910, at the age of 76 years. He had been ill for four weeks from arteriosclerosis and Bright's disease.

He married in Westbrook, Conn., December 7, 1864, Edwina, daughter of Captain Joseph Nicholas and Maria (Spencer) Magna. She died in November, 1884, and he afterward married, July 6, 1892, in Holyoke, Mrs. Laura Maria (Newton) Whiting, daughter of Moses and Maria B. (Arms) Newton, and widow of Charles Whiting. She died in 1898. Two daughters by his first wife survive him.

CHARLES LEDYARD NORTON, son of John Treadwell and Elizabeth (Cogswell) Norton, was born June 11, 1837, at Farmington, Conn.

After graduation from college he spent some months in study in the Sheffield Scientific School, and was then in the employ of the Hudson River Railroad. At the beginning

of the Civil War he was a clerk in the United States Custom House in New York, but at once enlisted as a private in the Seventh New York Regiment and served in Maryland. In September, 1862, he was made Lieutenant of the Twenty-fifth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, and in February, 1863, Captain, serving in the Red River campaign and at Port Hudson. The following October he was assigned as Captain to the Twenty-ninth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers (Colored), which he had helped organize. In December of the same year he was commissioned Colonel of the Seventy-eighth United States Colored Infantry, and served mainly in garrison and outpost duty in the Department of the Gulf. At the close of the war he was in charge of a large district in western Louisiana until he was mustered out of service in January, 1866.

He then leased a cotton plantation for a year and the next year made a voyage to England and back in a sailing vessel. In 1868 he became managing editor of the *Christian Union*, filling that position for ten years with great efficiency and with a geniality and kindness that endeared him to all his associates. After two years of ill health, he was managing editor of *The Continent* from 1881 to 1884, of the *Domestic Monthly* and the *American Canoeist* for two years each, and of *Outing* in 1892-93, and was a frequent contributor to magazines on historical and out-of-door topics. He was very fond of boys and wrote several boys' stories. In 1890 he published "Political Americanisms" and a "Handbook of Florida."

While exploring in the great swamp near Tallahassee, Fla., in 1891, he suffered permanent injury from a fall of forty-five feet from a tree. He was an enthusiastic canoeist, one of the founders of the New York Canoe Club, and in 1878 wrote with John Habberton "Canoeing in Kannuckia."

During the last twenty years he had lived at Sandwich, Mass., in a quaint old house filled with trophies of sea and land, and died there December 14, 1909, at the age of 72 years.

Col Norton married September 1, 1863, Electa Mélanie, daughter of Gustavus Mason Richards of New York City. She died in 1900, and December 10, 1903, he married Addie E., daughter of Hamilton and Mary (Meredith) Phillips, who survives him. A daughter is also living, Mrs Jonathan Leonard.

1860

HENRY ELBERT BARNES, son of Selah and Ada (Lane) Barnes, was born October 31, 1832, in Southington, Conn. At the age of sixteen he went into Plant's factory and after working there two years was at school in Springfield, Mass., fitting for business, but his mind was then turned toward the ministry, and after preparation in Monson (Mass.) Academy, he entered Amherst College, but soon left there and joined his class at Yale during the second term of Freshman year.

After graduation from college he spent two years at Chicago Theological Seminary, preaching a part of the time at Crystal Lake, Ill. He was ordained in May, 1862, and was then chaplain of the 72d Illinois Regiment a year, being present at the siege of Vicksburg. Resuming his studies at Chicago Theological Seminary he finished the course in 1864, and accepted a call to the First Congregational Church of Newton, Ia., where he remained until July, 1868, and was then at Moline, Ill., until the fall of 1874. Following this he held a brief pastorate at the Central Congregational Church, Worcester, Mass., leaving there in November, 1876, to accept a call to the Center Church, Haverhill, Mass., where he continued ten years. In May, 1887, he went to Sherbrooke, Canada, and was there five years. Returning to the United States, he was for eleven years pastor at North Andover, Mass., closing his active ministry in September, 1904, after a service of forty-four years. During two of his pastorates new church edifices were built, and in his other parishes extensive improvements were made.

In many forms of service outside of his parish he was active, being five times a delegate to the National Council of Congregational Churches, moderator of the Boston Congregational Ministers' Meeting for two terms of three months each, one of the Cornell University preachers in 1898, and vice-president, and for a time acting president, of the Evangelical Alliance. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Iowa College in 1887.

In 1904 he gave the historical address at the centennial anniversary of Monson Academy. Several of his sermons were printed in pamphlet form, and others in the daily press.

Dr. Barnes died of heart failure, April 11, 1910, at his home in Brookline, Mass., in the 78th year of his age.

He married at Evanston, Ill., May 1, 1862, Eliza, daughter of Dr. Nelson and Eliza (Sessions) Carpenter. She died July 7, 1904, and their elder daughter is also deceased, but three sons and a daughter survive. The eldest son graduated as a Bachelor of Arts from Harvard University in 1884.

WILLIAM THAYER SMITH, son of Rev. Asa Dodge Smith, D.D., LL.D., President of Dartmouth College from 1864 to 1877, was born March 30, 1839, in New York City, his father being from 1834 to 1863 pastor of the Brainard, later Fourteenth Street Presbyterian Church in that city. His mother was Sarah Ann (Smith) Smith, daughter of John and Dorcas (Faulkner) Smith, of North Andover, Mass.

After graduation he engaged in teaching, studied a year each in Princeton and Union Theological Seminaries, and was then an invalid at Hanover, N. H., for eight years. He received the degree of Master of Arts in course from Yale in 1864. He was Tutor in Dartmouth College from 1872 to 1874, studied medicine there until 1878, with six months meantime in Paris, Heidelberg, and Vienna, and

after that a year in Bellevue Hospital (now a part of New York University), receiving his medical degree from Dartmouth College in 1878 and New York University in 1879. He also received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Dartmouth College in 1907. Since 1879 he had practiced his profession in Hanover, but held many official positions. He was Assistant in Anatomy and Physics in Dartmouth Medical School in 1882-83, Associate Professor 1883-85, Professor of Physiology 1885-1907, Professor of Surgery since 1907, and Dean of the Medical School since 1896. He was President of the New Hampshire Medical Society for the year 1900-01.

Dr. Smith was the author of "The Elements of Physiology and Hygiene" and "A Primer of Hygiene," which were published in 1883, and which have been largely used in schools.

Dr. Smith died from paralysis at his home in Hanover, September 17, 1909, at the age of 70 years. He was a deacon in the Congregational Church.

He married at Norwich, Vt., January 14, 1885, Susan Weston Kellogg, daughter of Edmund Brush Kellogg, and Susan Jackson (Morris) Kellogg. She died in 1902, but two sons (B.A. Dartmouth 1906 and 1910, respectively) survive.

1861

JAMES BRUYN ANDREWS, son of Loring and Blandina B. Andrews, was born September 22, 1842, in New York City.

After graduation he entered the Columbia Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1863. During the winter of 1862-63 he also studied in the office of Weeks & DeForest. He was admitted to the bar in the latter part of 1863, and for two years and a half practiced law in New York in company with Hon. Eugene Schuyler (B.A. Yale 1859), afterward United States Minister to Greece. From August, 1866, to Novem-

ber, 1867, he was United States Consul at Valencia, Spain. Remaining abroad until 1869, he then returned and resumed his practice in New York, but in 1871 gave it up on account of ill health, and had since resided abroad. His home was during most of the time in Mentone, France, where he owned a house and garden. During recent years he had spent his summers in England. He was a student of ethnology, archæology, and folk-lore, and published many articles on these subjects in French, Italian, and English journals. He also published a "Grammaire Mentonnaise," "Vocabulaire Mentonnais," and *Contes Ligures*. In recognition of his work the French Government made him an *Officier d'Academie*.

Mr. Andrews died at Aachen, Germany, August 27, 1909, in the 67th year of his age.

He married in Paris, France, March 17, 1869, Fanny Griswold Field, daughter of Cyrus W. Field, Esq., of New York. She died at Richmond, England, December 30, 1905.

GEORGE BERNARD BONNEY, son of George and Elvira S. (Thompson) Bonney, was born in Rochester, Mass., March 10, 1839.

After graduation he began the study of law in Providence, R. I., but six months later his course was interrupted by three months of service in the Union Army as a private in the Tenth Regiment, Rhode Island Volunteers. He did some hard marching, but spent most of the time in garrison duty near Washington. On his return from the war he entered the Harvard Law School in September, 1862, but left there the following March and was admitted to the bar in New York City December 6, 1863. Since then he had practiced his profession in that city, and had been senior member of the firm of Hand, Bonney & Jones. His home was in New York City for years, but from July, 1873, to March, 1875, he lived in Plainfield, N. J., and for some time after June, 1881, in Garden City, L. I.

Mr. Bonney died at his home in New York City, November 11, 1909, at the age of 70 years. He was a vestryman of St Andrew's Church.

He married in New York City, April 3, 1872, Caroline K., daughter of Eliot Holbrook. They had four daughters and two sons. Mrs Bonney died May 19, 1901, and one of the daughters is also deceased.

GEORGE DELP, son of John Loux and Anna (Dettweiler) Delp, was born October 20, 1832, in Doylestown, Pa. He was fitted for college at Hartsville, Pa., with Professor Charles Long (B A Yale 1842) and Mahlon Long, Ph D. (B A Princeton 1839, *hon* M A Yale 1847).

After graduation he taught several years in a boys' seminary at Norristown, Pa., and as principal of the Norristown High School. In August, 1862, he went with the Pennsylvania militia to Maryland to assist in repelling the invasion of Gen Robert E Lee's army into that State. He read law in Philadelphia, was admitted to the bar in 1856, and was settled there in practice for several years. After this he edited and published the *Daily Court Record*, which reported the court proceedings of the various courts of that city. This work he gave up in 1902 on account of the complete failure of his health. He passed the last few years of his life in a hospital in Philadelphia, where he died November 19, 1909. He was 67 years of age.

AMASA FRANKLIN HARADON was born September 14, 1837, in Webster, Mass., but entered the class from Thompson, Conn., at the beginning of Junior year from Wesleyan University.

After graduation he soon began reading law in the office of Hon Thomas A Jenckes, LL D (B A Brown 1838), Providence, R I., but the following February was appointed acting master's mate in the United States Navy. For five months he served in that capacity upon the frigate *Sabine*,

nearly the whole time in port. Desiring more active service he was assigned to the sloop-of-war *Adirondack*. This vessel was wrecked in the Bahama Islands, and was a total loss, but the officers and crew were rescued. He was then assigned to the gunboat *Commodore Hull*, and was on picket duty on the James River for several weeks, and then accompanied the vessel to Little Washington, N. C. In April, 1863, the town was besieged by a Confederate force of fifteen thousand men under General Ambrose P. Hill, and his vessel was ordered down the Tar River to protect a neighboring eminence. The opposing batteries, however, maintained a heavy fire upon his vessel from early morning till sundown, his guns being disabled and most of their crews being wounded. He was slightly wounded.

After a few weeks of further service he resigned and taught school at Plainfield, Conn., until April, 1864, when he resumed the study of law, going into the office of Hon. William Whitney Rice (B.A. Bowdoin 1846) in Worcester, Mass., and in March, 1865, entering the Harvard Law School, from which he graduated in 1866. He began practice in Brooklyn, N. Y., but in 1868 removed to Marshalltown, Ia., where he continued his practice for more than thirty years. Since 1899 he had resided in Chicago, Ill., where he died June 27, 1909. He was in his 72d year.

He married at Cochesett, Mass., October 11, 1868, Roxellana, daughter of Caleb and Nancy F. (Talbot) Howard. They had two sons, of whom the elder graduated from the Academical Department in 1894.

CHARLES GRISWOLD GURLEY MERRILL, son of David Jackman Merrill (B.A. Yale 1827), who was for over twenty years a druggist in Newburyport, Mass., was born in that city, July 27, 1836. His mother was Ann M. (Titcomb) Merrill. He entered the class the last term of Freshman year

After graduation from college he studied a year in the Medical School, and was then Acting Assistant Surgeon United States Army, at Nashville, Tenn., receiving his formal appointment to the position January 21, 1863, after completing his course in the Yale Medical School. December 21, 1863, he was appointed Surgeon of the 22d Regiment, United States Colored Troops, which soon afterward became part of the 18th Army Corps, Army of the Potomac, and shared in various movements of the siege of Petersburg and capture of Richmond. The regiment later took part in the obsequies of President Lincoln and the pursuit of his assassin. He then went with the regiment to Texas and remained there till November 20, 1865, when he was mustered out of service.

Since then he had lived in New Haven, Conn., and was for nearly twenty years a gauger in the Internal Revenue Service. In 1889 he became bookkeeper for F. S. Porter, then a wholesale liquor dealer, and retired early in 1909 after a service of twenty years. He devoted considerable time to the study of modern languages, and for several years taught a night school for the city.

Mr. Merrill died at his home in New Haven, September 23, 1909. He was 73 years of age.

He married, in New Haven, May 23, 1865, Georgia A., daughter of Charles and Mary Kinney, and had three daughters, of whom the second died in 1872. The youngest daughter is the wife of Edward Chauncey Baldwin, Ph.D. (B.A. Yale 1895), Professor in the University of Illinois.

WILLIAM EDWARDS PARK, only son of Rev. Edwards Amasa Park, D.D., LL.D., (B.A. Brown 1826), who was Professor in Andover Theological Seminary for forty-five years, was born in Andover, Mass., July 1, 1837. His mother was Ann Maria (Edwards) Park, a great-granddaughter of Jonathan Edwards. He was prepared for

college at Phillips Academy in his native town, and was a member of the class of 1860 for three years, joining '61 the last term of Junior year.

After graduation he studied at home until March, 1862, when he went to St. Helena Island, S. C., as a member of the first party sent from the North by the Educational Commission for Freedmen. After four months in this work he engaged in teaching and studying law in New York City, and in the fall of 1863 entered the Andover Theological Seminary, from which he graduated in 1867. During this time, however, he spent ten months in Nashville, Tenn., as a delegate of the United States Christian Commission, and in 1865 cooperated in raising funds to rebuild Phillips Academy, which had been destroyed by fire.

He was licensed to preach in December, 1866, and devoted thirty-six years of his life to the ministry in two pastorates. He was ordained and installed pastor of the Central Congregational Church of Lawrence, Mass., November 13, 1867, and remained there eight years. June 21, 1876, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Gloversville, N. Y., where he continued in active service until 1904, and was pastor *emeritus* at the time of his death. The twenty-fifth anniversary of his settlement furnished an occasion for voicing the warm appreciation of the church and of the town of his achievements. His church under his influence felt a keen interest in education, and an unusually large proportion of the young men have come to Yale. He devoted much care to the foundation and development of the Public Library.

In addition to his local work he had many wider interests. He was moderator of the New York State Association of Congregational Churches on three occasions and several times of the Hudson River Association. In 1885 and at each subsequent council until 1908 he was a delegate to the National Council of Congregational Churches. For twenty-five years he was a corporate member of the American

Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, and for twenty years was a member of the New York State Home Missionary Committee and state representative of the Church Building Society. He was president of the Phillips (Andover) Academy Alumni Association, and in 1903 was elected president of the Yale Alumni Association of Fulton and Montgomery Counties, N. Y. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Marietta College in 1888.

He made seven long sojourns abroad, and had been an extensive traveler. Since 1904 he had resided in Oberlin, O., engaged in literary work. In 1907 he became associate editor of the *Bibliotheca Sacra*, of which his eminent father was editor from 1844 to 1884. He also wrote many articles on various subjects for newspapers, magazines, and encyclopedias, and delivered a large number of public lectures. In June, 1878, he read a paper on the "Earlier Annals of Phillips Academy," at its centennial anniversary.

Dr. Park died suddenly at his home in Oberlin, May 19, 1910, in the 73rd year of his age.

He married March 4, 1874, Sara Billings, daughter of Professor Bela B. Edwards, D. D. (B. A. Amherst 1824), of Andover Seminary, and Jerusha W. (Billings) Edwards, who survives him. Their daughter graduated from Bryn Mawr College in 1898, and their son from the Academical Department of Yale in 1900.

1862

PILRCE NOBLE WELCH, son of Hon. Harmanus Madison Welch and Antoinette (Pierce) Welch, was born June 27, 1841, in Plainville, Conn. His father was at different times mayor of New Haven, town and city treasurer, president of the Board of Education, and a member of both houses of the State Legislature. He was prepared for college at General Russell's Institute on Wooster Square, New Haven, and entered college as a resident of New Haven.

After graduation he spent two years abroad, studying at the Universities of Berlin and Gottingen, Germany, and then turned to business responsibilities, hoping in after years to take up the further study of Greek and philosophy.

On his return to New Haven he was for a year or two in a banking house, and from 1867 to 1870 was in the wholesale grocery business in New York City in the firm of Lindsley & Welch, residing in Brooklyn. In 1871 he was elected treasurer of the New Haven Rolling Mill Company, and held that office twenty years, becoming president in 1890. In 1889 he was chosen president of the First National Bank, succeeding in this office his father, who was one of the founders and for twenty-five years president of the bank. He was also president of the Bristol Brass Company, vice-president of the Bristol Manufacturing Company, director of the Peck Brothers & Company, of C. Cowles & Company, and of the Security Insurance Company, and a director of the New Haven Clock Company since 1889.

His name, like his father's, stood for sound business principles, public spirit, and benevolence. He was treasurer and a director of the City Missionary Association, a director of the Elm City Private Hospital, a member of the First Baptist Church, and president of the Young Men's Christian Association. The breadth of his interests was remarkable, and his life was consecrated to the good of others. His gifts to the church, to the Young Men's Christian Association, and to Yale University were most generous.

In memory of his father he presented to the University a stone dormitory, known as Welch Hall, which was completed in 1892. From the foundation of the Yale Foreign Missionary Society in 1902 he was its treasurer and deeply interested in the Yale Mission in China.

Mr. Welch died of pneumonia following pleurisy in Berlin, Germany, October 26, 1909, at the age of 68 years. He had been abroad with his wife and youngest daughter, and was taken seriously ill there early in October. He was

buried in New Haven from the First Baptist Church, November 14.

He married, February 28, 1867, Emma Cornelia, daughter of John and Cornelia (Montague) Galpin, of New Haven, and had a son (B. A. Yale 1898) and four daughters, all of whom with Mrs. Welch survive him. The three youngest daughters graduated from Vassar College, respectively in 1895, 1901, and 1904. The eldest daughter married John Marshall Gaines (B. A. Yale 1896), formerly Instructor in Insurance, the second married Henry Solon Graves (B. A. Yale 1892), Director of the Forest School from its establishment, and the third married Charles Welles Gross (B. A. Yale 1898). A brother (B. A. Yale 1875) died two years after graduation.

1863

EDWARD FLINT BROWN, son of Joseph and Mary Elizabeth (Hunt) Brown, was born September 3, 1839, at Sebago, Me.

After graduating from Yale he studied in Columbia Law School a year, was admitted to the bar May 30, 1864, and since then had practiced his profession in New York City. Besides carrying on a large general practice he was a director of many business corporations. He was an examiner of candidates for admission to the bar in the State of New York for five years in succession, and later a member of the State Board of Law Examiners. He was president of the board of trustees of Bridgeton (Me.) Academy, at which he was fitted for college, and president, vice-president and counsel of the board of trustees of the Northern Dispensary of New York. Since 1875 he had been a life member of the New York Historical Society, and was a director of the New England Society.

For forty years he was a member of the Union League Club of New York City, and had served on many of its committees. In the fall of 1868 he was a Republican can-

didate for member of the Assembly in the State Legislature, but was defeated. He was one of the organizers of the Federal Club of New York City, and was for two years its president, being succeeded in that office by Theodore Roosevelt, later President of the United States. Mr. Brown brought Mr. Roosevelt's name before the convention which nominated him for his first public office, in the New York Assembly.

In 1882 he published the "Genealogy of Ephraim Flint of Baldwin, Me.," who was his uncle, and was an early leader in that State. In 1893 the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on him by St. John's College, Maryland.

Dr. Brown died of apoplexy September 27, 1909, at his home in New York, at the age of 70 years. He was a member of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church of New York.

He married, April 22, 1869, Eleanor, daughter of Hon. Benjamin West Bonney, LL.D. (B.A. Dartmouth 1824), a trustee of Dartmouth College, and Adrianna (Rapelje) Bonney, who survives him. They had five sons and four daughters, of whom one son and one daughter are deceased. The eldest son was a member of the Academical class of 1891, two other sons graduated as Bachelors of Art in 1893 and 1899, respectively, and one son as a Bachelor of Philosophy in 1896.

GEORGE BROOKS CURTISS, son of Levi C. and Julia (Brooks) Curtiss, was born August 2, 1842, in Southington, Conn.

After graduation he was engaged in teaching and farming until January, 1866, when he entered the hardware business in New York City in which he had since continued, at first as a member of the firm of George B. Curtiss & Company, but since 1875 without a partner.

For many years he was an elder and treasurer of the Washington Heights Presbyterian Church, and for over twenty years superintendent of its Sunday School. He was also a trustee of the Washington Heights Free Library.

Mr. Curtiss died of kidney trouble at his home in New York City, February 23, 1910. He was in the 68th year of his age.

He married at Southington, March 23, 1864, Frances M., daughter of Edwin and Maria (Bristol) Barnes. She died in 1866. June 22, 1870, he married Laura M., daughter of James S. Clark, of New York City, by whom he had two sons and three daughters. She died November 8, 1904, and in January, 1910, he married again. Mrs. Curtiss and all their children survive him.

WILLIAM CHURCHILL READE, son of William Francis Melville and Emmeline (Jayne) Reade, was born November 1, 1835, in Hampden, Me. During his college days and previous to 1883 he wrote his name Reed, but in that year resumed by legal authority the original spelling of Reade. His father was a pioneer abolitionist of Maine, after whose death the son was for three years general clerk and cashier in an office of one of the corporations in Lawrence, Mass. During this time he united with the Lawrence Street Congregational Church. In October, 1857, he went to Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and two years later entered Yale.

The year after graduation from college he was a student in Princeton Theological Seminary with his classmate David Brainerd Perry, who was later Tutor in Yale, and together they spent part of the winter of 1863-64 in the service of the Christian Commission among the camps and in hospital work in Virginia. Leaving Princeton at the close of the year's session, the two years following he studied at Andover Theological Seminary, where he graduated in 1866.

During most of 1867 and 1868 he supplied the Congregational church at Westbrook, Conn., and February 10, 1870, was ordained pastor of the Congregational church at South Dennis, Mass., where he remained until the close of 1874. In April, 1876, he began service at Milton, Mass., but declined a call to settlement, and closed his work there in December, 1878. During the next five years he supplied at the Congregational church in Candia, N. H. His theological views were more progressive than those many of his hearers held, though they would have been increasingly acceptable in later years.

After finishing his service at Candia he preached only occasionally, and resided at Beverly, Mass., devoting himself to literary work.

He married, October 24, 1867, Octavia, daughter of Byron Porter, M.D., of Waterville, Me.

Mr. Reade died of broncho-pneumonia in Newton, Mass., July 14, 1908, in the 73d year of his age. He had no children.

WILLIAM GRAHAM SUMNER was born in Paterson, N. J., October 30, 1840, the son of Thomas and Sarah (Graham) Sumner, both natives of England. His grandfather had a good trade, which was ruined by the introduction of machinery. In consequence of this his father was obliged to make his own way and came to the United States in 1836, soon moving to New England, and after a year or two in New Haven, settled in Hartford about 1845.

He obtained his early education in the Hartford public schools, and was clerk in a store for two years. He graduated from college among the high-stand men of his class, and at once went to Europe for further study. He spent the winter of 1863-64 in Geneva, studying French and Hebrew, and was then in Gottingen two years, studying ancient languages and history. In April, 1866, he went to Oxford for the study of Anglican theology.

In that year he was elected Tutor in Yale and took up his duties in the college, teaching at first mathematics, and later Greek. He was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church at Trinity Church, New Haven, December 27, 1867, but continued his work as Tutor until March, 1869, when he resigned to become assistant to the rector of Calvary Church, New York City. For two years from September, 1870, he was rector of the Church of the Redeemer at Morristown, N. J.

He returned to Yale in September, 1872, as Professor of Political and Social Science and devoted himself to the duties of that position until his retirement as Professor *Emeritus* in 1909. He was deeply interested in the broad problems of the curriculum and of University development and scrupulous also in the performance of the smaller routine duties of administration. In 1885 his Professorship was named the Pelatiah Perit Professorship in commemoration of a gift for its endowment received that year from the estate of Mr. Perit (B. A. Yale 1802), of New Haven. The same year in which he began his work General Francis A. Walker was called to the chair of Political Economy in the Sheffield Scientific School, but there were few others who were making the teaching of economics a profession. Professor Sumner was a born teacher, and set forth underlying principles with such clearness, sincerity, and force, that he compelled the interest of his students, awakened their reason, and taught them to think for themselves. He made an indelible impression upon the minds of successive classes of Yale men and through them and through his writings exerted a positive and constantly widening influence upon economic thought in this country and abroad. He was a fearless champion of what he thought was right, and a tireless searcher for truth. The studies connected with his line of work expanded so rapidly and greatly that he was compelled to narrow the range of his instruction more and more. After his breakdown in

health in the early nineties he ceased to instruct the undergraduates in political economy, but continued for some years his large graduate classes in his famous course in United States financial and political history. In 1886-87 he introduced a course in industrial organization. This was developed into a course in sociology or the science of society, the study of which was his dominant interest during the last twenty years of his life. From 1873 to 1876 he was a member of the Board of Aldermen of New Haven, and for twenty-five years past had been a member of the Connecticut State Board of Education. At the request of the Democratic National Committee he went to New Orleans in November, 1876, to witness the count of the vote of that State for presidential electors.

Professor Sumner received the degree of Doctor of Laws from the University of (East) Tennessee in 1884, and the same degree from Yale in 1909. The demonstration on the latter occasion, when fathers and sons united in cheering the great teacher of both generations, was a memorable one.

His published works include "A History of American Currency," 1874; "What Social Classes Owe to Each Other," 1882; "Collected Essays in Political and Social Sciences," 1883; "Protectionism," 1885; Lives of Andrew Jackson, Alexander Hamilton, and Robert Morris, 1891-92; "The Financier and Finances of the Revolution," 1892; "A History of Banking in the United States," 1896, "Folkways," 1907. This last work was the development of one section of a general treatise on the Science of Society upon which he had been engaged for several years. In order to prosecute his researches for this he had acquired after middle life, in addition to his earlier knowledge of ancient and modern tongues, the ready use of the Danish, Swedish, Dutch, Spanish, Portuguese, and Italian, also the Russian and Polish languages.

During the Christmas holidays Professor Sumner went to New York in a heavy snowstorm to deliver his address as

president of the American Sociological Society, but on reaching his hotel before making the address suffered a stroke of apoplexy. He partially recovered, but died at the home of his son in Englewood, N. J., April 12, 1910. He was 69 years of age.

He married April 17, 1871, Jennie Whittemore Elliott, daughter of Henry H. Elliott, of New York City, and had three sons, of whom the eldest died in infancy. The other sons (B. A. Yale 1896 and 1897 respectively), with Mrs. Sumner, survive him. A sister is the wife of Walter Camp (B. A. Yale 1880).

HERBERT LESLIE TERRELL, son of Joel and Esther (Hotchkiss) Terrell, was born October 5, 1842, at North Ridgeville, Lorain County, O. He joined the class at the end of December in Junior year from Oberlin College, having been a student at Oberlin in the academy and college since 1857.

After graduation from Yale he studied at the Albany Law School and at Cleveland, O. He was admitted to the bar in Cleveland in August, 1864, and soon removed to Greenville, Tenn., where he became a partner with his classmate, Henry H. Ingersoll, in the firm of Britton, Terrell & Ingersoll. In March, 1869, he returned to Cleveland, where he practiced his profession until 1882, successively in the firms of Kain & Terrell, Willey, Cary & Terrell, Willey, Terrell & Sherman, and Terrell, Beach & Cushing; the last few years of the time without a partner. He was general counsel of the New York, St. Louis & Chicago Railway Company, and afterward of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railway Company, and was elected to the directorate in many banking and mining corporations whose chief offices were in New York City, to which he accordingly removed, giving his chief attention to the affairs of these corporations. He was a member of the banking house of Simmons & Slade, president and director of the Chihuahua

Mining Company, director of the Chihuahua and Pacific Railroad Company, of the Croesus Gold Mining and Milling Company, and of the El Potosi Mining Company.

Besides his New York City house he had a summer home near Seabright, N. J.

Mr. Terrell died suddenly at his home in New York, November 10, 1909, at the age of 67 years

He married, May 22, 1866, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of James Brewster and Emma (Storrs) Wood, of Elyria, O., and had two daughters. One of the daughters is the wife of McLane VanIngen (Ph B. Yale 1893)

1865

WILLIAM TOMPKINS COMSTOCK, son of Rev. David Close Comstock (B. A. Yale 1830) and Elizabeth Ann (Tompkins) Comstock, was born July 14, 1842, at Redding, Conn. His father was then pastor of the Congregational Church there, and while studying in the Yale Divinity School, was also Tutor in the college for two years.

He entered college with the class of 1864, but remained only one term, spending the remainder of the year at Phillips (Andover) Academy. He returned a year later and upon completing the course spent a year in teaching and then under the firm name of Comstock & Cline engaged in the publishing of maps and atlases. In this business and at the same office, 23 Warren street, New York City, he spent his entire business life. In time the house also added periodicals and books to its publications, especially those treating of architecture and related subjects. In the spring of 1877 he entered the firm of A. J. Bicknell & Company, publishers of architectural books, and later became sole owner of the business. In 1882 he started a periodical called *Building*, later *Architecture and Building*, and since 1899 *The Architects and Builders Magazine*, now published and edited by his son, William Phillips Comstock.

(B A Columbia 1903) He also established a monthly, *Modern Architectural Designs and Details*.

Mr Comstock died of acute bronchitis at Newark, N. J., January 16, 1910, at the age of 67 years. The interment was at Nashua, N. H.

Mr Comstock married December 6, 1876, Miss Mary Ida, daughter of Almer H and Mary (Burke) Phillips, of Nashua, N. H. She survives him with the son mentioned above

JOHN LOUIS EWELL was born September 4, 1840, in Byfield, a parish in Rowley, Mass., and the home of his family for seven generations. He was the son of Samuel and Mary (Stickney) Ewell. He entered Amherst College in 1858 but after three weeks there he was obliged to leave on account of ill-health. Three years later he came to Yale, where he won many prizes and graduated as Valedictorian. He was Secretary of the Yale Missionary Society in 1863. From July to November, 1864, he was absent from College as a corporal of the Sixtieth Massachusetts Volunteers at Baltimore and Indianapolis.

After graduation he taught at Chambersburg, Pa., was submaster of the High School in Nashville, Tenn., in 1866, but left the latter place for political reasons. The same year he became Professor of Latin in Washington University, St. Louis, Mo., but in 1867 was recalled to Nashville in charge of the Preparatory Department of Nashville University. After a year there he entered the Andover Theological Seminary, but during his course spent six months abroad for the benefit of his health. He graduated from the Seminary in 1870, was licensed to preach by the Essex South Congregational Association of Massachusetts in June, and was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church at Clinton, Ia., May 4, 1871. Owing to illness in his family he resigned there in May, 1874, and in December of that year was installed over the Waverly Congregational Church

at Belmont, Mass. After a pastorate there of three years and a half he accepted the call of the Second Congregational Church in the town of Millbury, Mass

In 1891 he became a Professor of Church History and Hebrew Exegesis in Howard University, and for nearly twenty years rendered that university and the community service that was highly esteemed. For ten years he was also Dean of the Theological Department. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Howard University in 1895.

He was a close student of church history, and had made seven trips abroad, visiting in his researches Syria, Palestine, Egypt, and Greece, also studying for a year or more at the University of Halle. In 1906 he published a brief "History of the School of Theology of Howard University," and had just completed in manuscript a History of the Christian Church. He had also traced with camera in hand the homes and wanderings of the Pilgrim Fathers in England and Holland, and in connection with the bicentennial celebration of his native village he published in 1904, "The Story of Byfield; a New England Parish." He had many times delivered illustrated lectures on his travels, and wrote for the *Andover Review*, *Independent*, *New England Magazine*, *Sunday School Times*, *Congregationalist*, and other periodicals.

As seven of his ancestors had come over in the *Mayflower* he was an enthusiastic member of the General Society of Mayflower Descendants, and was for several years its secretary. He was actively connected with a number of historical societies.

Professor Ewell died suddenly of heart failure at the George Washington University Hospital in Washington, March 16, 1910, in the 70th year of his age. He had been at the hospital only three days, and expected soon to leave as he was apparently improving.

He had for several years conducted a Bible class in the First Congregational Church, of which he was a member.

He married at Bradford, Mass., December 30, 1872, Emily Spofford, daughter of William and Emily (Spofford) Hall. She died May 15, 1906. They had four sons, all graduates of the Academical Department of Yale, two in 1897, and the others in 1901 and 1903, respectively. The eldest son is Professor of Physics in the Worcester (Mass.) Polytechnic Institute.

JACOB DECOU KIRKHUFF, in the official records of the University until 1901 JACOB DIVES KIRKHUFF, son of Isaac Kirkhuff, was born January 9, 1837, at Hardwick, N. J., but entered college as a resident of Fenton, Mich., joining the class at the beginning of the third term of Freshman year. His preparation was gained chiefly at home without an instructor.

Since graduation he had devoted his life to the instruction of the deaf and dumb, the first year at Washington Heights, New York City, and since then in the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb at Mount Airy in Philadelphia.

Mr. Kirkhuff died in Philadelphia, April 16, 1910, at the age of 73 years.

He married June 14, 1884, Mrs. Mary E. B. Shannon, who survives him. They had no children.

1866

SAMUEL BENEDICT ST. JOHN, son of Professor Samuel St. John, M.D., LL.D. (B.A. Yale 1834), and Amelia Palmer Cranch (Curtis) St. John, was born July 24, 1845, at Hudson, O. His father was then Professor of Chemistry and Mineralogy in Western Reserve College, and later Professor of Chemistry and Medical Jurisprudence in the Medical Department of Columbia University.

After graduating from college he studied medicine in Columbia University, and received his medical degree in 1869. He was then House Surgeon of the Manhattan Eye

and Ear Hospital a year, and of Bellevue Hospital (New York University) a year and a half. During the academical year 1871-72 he was Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy in Columbia University, and then studied two years in the Universities of Berlin and Vienna, and in eye hospitals in Paris and Berlin. In 1874 he began practice in New York City, but about 1878 removed to Hartford, Conn., where he made a specialty of diseases of the eye and ear. He was Lecturer on Ophthalmology in the Yale Medical School from 1882 to 1905, and for many years had been ophthalmic and aural surgeon to the Hartford Hospital, and consulting surgeon to St. Francis Hospital.

Dr. St. John was secretary of the Connecticut Medical Society from 1883 to 1908, and president in 1904, secretary of the American Ophthalmological Society from 1888 to 1908, and then president. He was president of the New York Ophthalmological Society in 1890-91, and of the New England Ophthalmological Society in 1891. He was for fifteen years a director of the Young Men's Institute of Hartford, then the first president of its successor, the Hartford Public Library, and since then a director of the latter.

Dr. St. John died suddenly of angina pectoris at his home in Hartford, December 21, 1909, at the age of 64 years.

He married in Hartford, October 11, 1882, Mary, daughter of Nathaniel H. and Harriet Emeline (Saxton) Morgan. She survives him with two daughters.

Dr. St. John united with the College Church while a student in Yale, and always retained his membership there.

1867

WILLIAM ALEXANDER BROTHER, son of Alexander and Sidney Pope (January) Brother, was born November 12, 1844, at New Orleans, La. He was fitted for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

After graduation he was shipping clerk for Griffith & Company in New York City, then assistant receiving teller

in the bank of Pike, Lapeyre & Brother in New Orleans nine months, partner in the cotton factory of Green, Crump & Brother two years, member of the firm of L. R. Simmons & Company, Shreveport, La., in the blank book and job printing business three years. The yellow fever of 1873 practically ruined his business, and he then spent a year in St. Louis, Mo., and made a losing investment in business in San Antonio, Tex.

In the spring of 1879 he went to Colorado, engaging principally in mining, and spent three years in the Cripple Creek district.

Mr. Brother died of uremic poison at Denver, Col., March 28, 1910, at the age of 65 years. He was not married. His mother, a brother, and a sister survive him.

JACOB ANDREW CARTWRIGHT, son of Alexander Cotton and Mary Magdalen (Stark) Cartwright, was born November 27, 1844, at Nashville, Tenn. He entered Yale College from Cumberland University the second term of Freshman year.

After graduation he taught school a year and studied law with Judge J. C. Stark, then began the practice of his profession in Nashville. He was elected secretary and treasurer of the Nashville Bar Association. In 1875 he became Special Chancellor, holding court in Cheatham County. From 1888 to 1896 he was in partnership with Malachi T. Bryan. In 1886 he was a candidate for the office of Attorney-General and Reporter for the State but was defeated. In 1893 he was appointed assignee of the Nashville Savings Company, and the following year was appointed special Judge of the Circuit and Chancery Courts of Davidson County, which included the City of Nashville. In this office he continued for several years, and in 1902 was elected Judge of the Second Circuit Court of Davidson County.

Judge Cartwright served the city efficiently as a member of committees for important public improvements. He was a member of the Board of Directors of the Educational Society of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church elected by its General Assembly in 1896, and was also an elder in that church.

Judge Cartwright suffered for more than a year from Bright's disease, but continued his work until three days before his death, which occurred at his home in Nashville, June 20, 1909. He was in the 65th year of his age.

He married November 10, 1881, Mary, daughter of Henry and Huldah (Hooper) Hart of Nashville, who survives him with their four daughters and two sons.

GEORGE PRESTON SHELDON was born January 17, 1847, in New York City, the son of Charles and Janet (Reid) Sheldon. He was fitted for college at Castleton, Vt.

After graduation he took the law course in Columbia University, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1869, and entering the office of Sewell & Pierce, became a member of that firm July 1, 1872. He was assistant corporation counsel of Brooklyn four years, and then practiced law in New York City till 1888, when he was elected vice-president of the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company of New York City, and since April of the same year had been president of the company.

He had served as president of the National Board of Underwriters, and was chairman of its committee on law and legislation, and a member of its executive committee. He was president of the Eastern Insurance Union, and of the Factory Insurance Association, and active in many insurance organizations. He was also a director and member of the executive committee of the American Light & Traction Company, and director in the Southern Light & Traction Company and the Underwriters' Salvage Company.

He removed from Brooklyn, N. Y., to White Plains in 1881, and in 1885 to Greenwich, Conn., where he died December 25, 1909, as a result of ptomaine poisoning two months previous. He was 62 years of age. A State investigation into the affairs of the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company and other insurance companies had been in progress for some time, but he died in ignorance of its full result.

Mr. Sheldon married at Ann Arbor, Mich., July 2, 1872, Miss Frances A. Pendleton, who died in 1885. He was married again May 21, 1890, to Miss Carolyn J. Pendleton, niece of his first wife. His widow, four daughters, and two sons survive him. His brother, Richard K. Sheldon, (B. A. Yale 1869) died in 1906.

1868

ALBERT HENRY ESTY, son of Hon. Edward S. and Amelia F. (Wilgus) Esty, was born May 29, 1847, at Ithaca, N. Y., his father being a large manufacturer of leather there, one of the originators of the First National Bank and its vice-president from 1883, and vice-president and a trustee of the Cornell Library Association.

After his graduation he taught a short time, but soon went abroad and studied at Wolfenbuttel in Germany, later spending a year at the University of Leipzig.

On his return to Ithaca he became associated with his father and brother, Clarence H. Esty, in the leather business under the firm name of E. S. Esty & Sons. After the death of his father in 1890 the name became E. S. Esty's Sons. Mr. Esty retired from the business and in 1897 built a home in Brookline, Mass., where he died after a long period of ill health, April 13, 1910, in the 63d year of his age. His sister (B. A. Vassar 1871) married his classmate Calvin D. Stowell.

CHARLES HENRY FARNAM, son of Henry Farnam (*hon.* M. A. Yale 1871) and Ann Sophia (Whitman) Farnam, was born September 12, 1846, in New Haven, Conn. In 1857

the family removed to Chicago and were living there while he was at Phillips (Andover) Academy and in college.

After his graduation he spent a year in Europe and two years in the Columbia Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1871. The same year he formed a law partnership with his classmate William Palmer Dixon, under the firm name of Dixon & Farnam, which continued until 1875. Mr. Farnam then removed to New Haven, and from 1877 to 1891 was Assistant in Archæology in the Peabody Museum at Yale University. He was a member of the New Haven Board of Councilmen in 1879 and of the Aldermen in 1880-81, and for several years president of the Board of Fire Commissioners. In 1889, after several years of genealogical research he published "The History of the Descendants of John Whitman of Weymouth, Mass." Though retaining his legal residence in New Haven he sold his house on Hillhouse Avenue in 1896 and after that date spent much time in travel, making his headquarters in New York.

He died September 24, 1909, at the age of 63 years, after an illness of over a year at the home of his daughter, the wife of Frank L. Woodward (B A Yale 1888) in Denver, Colo. He was held in affectionate esteem by a large circle of Yale men.

Mr Farnam married in New Haven, June 8, 1870, Alice Mordant Davies, daughter of John May and Alice S. (Hopper) Davies, and had a daughter and son, the latter (Ph B Yale 1895) dying in 1909. Mrs Farnam died February 10, 1899, and Mr Farnam afterward married Caroline Sutton, who is deceased.

Three brothers graduated from the University: the late George Bronson Farnam (M D Yale 1869); William Whitman Farnam (B A. Yale 1866), formerly Treasurer and a Fellow of the University; and Professor Henry Walcott Farnam (B A Yale 1874); and a sister is the wife of Hon. Eli Whitney, M A (B A. Yale 1869), Fellow of the University.

JAMES WINTHROP HOLCOMBE, eldest son of James Huggins and Emily Merrill (Johnson) Holcombe, was born February 3, 1846, in Hartford, Conn. After preparation in the Hartford High School and a year in Trinity College, he entered Yale at the beginning of Sophomore year.

The two years following graduation he spent as a private tutor and in the study of French and German, also translating from both languages for the press. In September, 1871, he started on a tour around the world, returning home in the summer of 1872, but since the spring of 1873 had lived abroad. From 1879 to 1889 he resided most of the time in Italy, occupied with artistic and literary pursuits. He excelled in the artistic quality of his photographic work, winning prizes at London, Florence, and elsewhere. He translated from the French "In Search of the Castaways," by Jules Verne, and from the German "Baden" (published in Zurich), contributed a series of letters from Naples to the *Hartford Times*, and illustrated articles to *Harper's Weekly*, the *London Graphic*, and other periodicals. For ten years after his father's death in 1889 he lived in England, France, and Spain, but for the past ten years his home had been in southern Italy. He died of pneumonia at Capri, June 26, 1909, at the age of 63 years.

He was never married. His mother, then residing in Capri, now in Hartford, and a brother, John Marshall Holcombe, M.A. (B.A. Yale 1869), Lecturer on Insurance in the University, survive him.

1869

JOHN PIERREPONT CODRINGTON FOSTER, son of Hon. Eleazer Kingsbury Foster (B.A. Yale 1834) and Mary (Codrington) Foster, was born in New Haven, Conn., March 2, 1847.

His father was speaker of the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1865, Judge of Probate, and for many

years State's Attorney for New Haven County and Register in Bankruptcy, and son of Eleazer Foster (B.A. Yale 1802). Dr. Foster's mother was a lady of English birth, the daughter of William Collins Codrington, and formerly of Kingston, Jamaica, and his grandmother was Mary Pierpont, who was a great-grandchild of Rev. James Pierpont, one of the founders of Yale College.

After graduation he suffered an attack of tuberculosis, and lived an outdoor life for several years at Mandarin, Fla., where he engaged in sugar planting. He then returned to New Haven, and graduated from the Yale Medical School in 1875. After a year of travel he settled in New Haven.

In 1877 he was appointed Instructor in Anatomy in the Yale Art School and had held the position continuously since then. His medical practice was large, especially among the students of the University, many of whom have felt that they owed their health and character largely to his skill and kindly counsel. He was consulting physician at the Yale Infirmary, and at the New Haven Hospital, and port surgeon at New Haven for the United States Marine Hospital Service.

He was best known to the public as a leader in the fight against tuberculosis. He was the first man in this country to procure and use tuberculin. After serving on the Special Commission appointed by the General Assembly in 1907 to investigate tuberculosis, he was appointed by the Governor of the State in 1909 a member of the Connecticut Tuberculosis Commission, of which he became chairman. Under his wise leadership the Commission had made effective progress in establishing the projected county sanatoria. For four years he was a director of the National Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, and in 1908 was vice-president. He was one of the incorporators of the New Haven County Anti-Tuberculosis Association, and to his unremitting work as chairman of its executive committee is mainly due the high character and success of the Gay-

lord Farm Sanatorium at Wallingford Besides his membership in various professional societies he was a member of the National Climatological Society

In recognition of his public and private service the University conferred upon him in 1909 the honorary degree of Master of Arts

Dr Foster died after less than a week's illness from pneumonia at his home in New Haven, April 1, 1910 He was 63 years of age

He married July 1, 1875, Josephine Theresa, daughter of Joseph Inglis Bicknell and Maria Theresa (Pierrepont) Bicknell, of Riverdale, N Y, who survives him with two sons and two daughters Two sons are deceased The surviving sons graduated from Yale (B A 1906 and Ph.B 1907, respectively) One daughter is the wife of Rev George H Thomas (B A Yale 1895) His brother William E Foster (B A Yale 1860) has for many years been editor of the *Buffalo (N Y) Commercial Advertiser*, but his brother Judge Eleazer K Foster (B A Yale 1863) died in 1899

JAMES JOY, third child and only son by the first marriage of Hon James Frederick Joy, LL.D. (B A Dartmouth 1833), a noted railroad builder, and Martha Alger (Reed) Joy, was born November 14, 1850, in Detroit, Mich

After graduation he was for eight months clerk in the land office of the Missouri River, Fort Scott & Gulf Railroad at Fort Scott, Kansas, and then spent two years in a tour around the world After this he was assistant secretary in the president's office of the Michigan Central Railroad In September, 1873, he bought a tract of 11,000 acres of state land in Wisconsin, which with the assistance of his classmate Henry H Kerr he began to survey He remained near Remington, Wisc, until May, 1881, and then returned to Detroit, where he was chiefly engaged with investments.

He died suddenly at his home in Detroit, March 7, 1910, in the 60th year of his age.

He married, November 18, 1875, Emily Augusta, daughter of Col. William S. King, M D, Surgeon in the United States army, and Sarah J (White) King, of Philadelphia. She survives him without children.

His half-brother, Henry Bourne Joy, was a member of the class of 1886 in the Sheffield Scientific School, but did not graduate.

JOHN OLENDORF, son of John and Anna Nancy (Loomis) Olendorf, was born June 14, 1848, in Albany, N. Y.

After graduation he read law in Jersey City the first winter, then spent a year in literary and historical study in Berlin, following this with several months of travel in Europe. From January, 1872, he was for a few months in the office of Olendorf, Case & Company, tea brokers, in New York City, and then resumed the study of law with William A Lewis, Esq. (B.A. Colgate 1859) in Jersey City. He was admitted to the bar as an attorney in 1876, and as a counselor in 1880. He practiced for a time by himself, and in February, 1884, became a member of the firm of Parmly, Olendorf & Fisk. He gained an extensive general practice, but for many years gave special attention to real estate matters and titles, upon which he was recognized as an expert. Since 1888 he had been title officer of the New Jersey Title Guarantee and Trust Company of Jersey City.

Until 1878 he lived near New Brunswick, N. J., then in Jersey City, but since 1886 in Bound Brook, where he was a member of the Board of Education, and deeply interested in the welfare of the community.

Mr. Olendorf died at his home in Bound Brook, July 9, 1909, after an operation for appendicitis. He was 61 years of age.

He married at New Brunswick, N. J., October 17, 1878, Elizabeth, daughter of Jacob VanWickle and Eliza Jane (Smoch) Herbert. She survives him with their daughter.

ROBERT LIVINGSTON READE, son of Robert and Mary (Livingston) Reade, was born September 5, 1846, in New York City. He was prepared for college under the instruction of Rev Benjamin W. Dwight, Ph.D, LL.D (B.A. Hamilton 1835), and was a member of the class of 1868 until during Sophomore year, but completed the course with the class of 1869.

After graduation he studied in the Columbia Law School and in an office in Morristown, N. J., three years. He received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from Columbia University in 1872, and was then managing clerk for Anderson & Man for three years. After his father's death in 1883 he gave up practice, but several years later resumed it, and in 1889 was associated, but not in partnership, with Major Asa Bird Gardner, LL.D., afterward District Attorney of the County of New York. For many years he made an annual trip to England, where his mother and sister resided.

He married, October 9, 1891, Helene Josephine Lawler, but they were afterward divorced, and in 1896 he married again. His health was much of the time greatly impaired. He died of apoplexy in New York City, January 14, 1910, at the age of 63 years.

1870

GEORGE LUCIUS BEARDSLEY, elder son of Lucius Nichols Beardsley (M.D. Yale 1838) and Betsey Ann (Coley) Beardsley, was born May 12, 1848, in Milford, Conn. His brother, William E. Beardsley (M.D. N. Y. Univ. 1876) was member of the class of 1873 in Yale College but did not graduate.

After graduation from college he spent six months in the Yale Medical School, was then assistant to Dr. Pliny A. Jewett, and completed his medical course at the Bellevue Medical College of New York University, receiving his

medical degree from there in 1873. He at once became surgeon of the New York City Bureau of Surgical Relief, connected with Bellevue Hospital, the following year began practice in New Haven, Conn., but in the autumn removed to Derby, which had since been his home.

He was for five years assistant surgeon of the Second Regiment, Connecticut National Guard, for a number of years post surgeon for Derby, and had recently been appointed to the staff of Griffin Hospital. He was president of the Ousatonic Medical Society in 1890, and medical examiner for several life insurance companies. In many public offices he gave valuable service to the town and city, being a member of the Board of Education over thirty years and at one time its chairman, medical examiner about twenty-five years, health officer for two terms, twice a burgess of the Borough of Birmingham (now a part of the City of Derby).

He wrote many articles on medical subjects for the magazines, and delivered occasional lectures on topics medical and otherwise.

Dr. Beardsley died of Bright's disease at the New Haven Hospital, February 26, 1910, in his 62nd year. He was a member and trustee of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

He married, December 24, 1874, Louise Maria, daughter of Amos Henry Alling, a woolen manufacturer of Derby, and Sarah Elizabeth (Prudden) Alling, and had a son and daughter, who with their mother survive him. The son, Alling Prudden, (B.A. Wesleyan 1898) received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Yale in 1902, and the daughter graduated from Smith College in 1909.

EDWARD HEARTT SCHELL, son of Edward and Jane Lambertson (Heartt) Schell, was born September 30, 1848, in Troy, N. Y. His father was for more than forty years president of the Manhattan Savings Institution of New York City. His mother was the daughter of Jonas Coe

Heartt, who was for many years mayor of Troy. He was prepared for college at Choules Institute, Newport, R. I.

After graduation from college he spent eight months in a trip abroad, and then entered the Columbia Law School. On receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1873 he became a member of the firm of Fellows, Hoyt & Schell in New York City, afterward Fellows & Schell, but later he had been in private practice. He was a director of the Manhattan Life Insurance Company, of the Manhattan Savings Institution, also being counsel for the latter, and trustee of the Northern Dispensary.

For many years his summer home was at Rye, N. Y., where he was vestryman of Christ Church. His death occurred in New York, January 25, 1910. He was 61 years of age.

Mr. Schell married October 27, 1886, Cornelia Evarts Barnes, daughter of William Evarts Barnes, of New York City. She survives him.

WILLIAM HAIGHT VANSCHOONHOVEN, son of Jacob Lansing VanSchoonhoven and Mary Jane (Haight) VanSchoonhoven, was born August 25, 1849, in Troy, N. Y. His father was one of the originators and for twenty years president of the Central Bank of Troy, prominently identified with the city's railway interests, and an elder of the Second Presbyterian Church.

He gained his preparation for college at the preparatory school of B. T. Harrington in Westchester, N. Y.

After graduation from college he studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1874, and practiced his profession for several years. He then became engaged chiefly in banking, the management of several estates, and manufacturing. Upon the death of his father in 1883 he was elected cashier of the Central National Bank, and later its president. When this bank was consolidated with the Mutual National Bank forming the National City Bank, he was appointed first

vice-president, and afterward president. He was active in organizing the Security Trust Company, of which he was first vice-president, and held the same office with the Safety Deposit Company. He was one of the founders and directors of the Samaritan Hospital, and president of the board of trustees of the Second Street Presbyterian Church. He was also a member and director of several manufacturing corporations in Troy.

In the spring of 1908 he retired from active business and removed to Yonkers, N. Y., where he died at St Joseph's Hospital November 2, 1909, following an operation for appendicitis, at the age of 60 years. He was unmarried. Two sisters and a brother survive him.

- 1871

CHARLES BENJAMIN DUDLEY, son of Daniel and Miranda (Bemis) Dudley, was born July 14, 1842, at Oxford, Chenango County, N. Y.

He served over two years in the Civil War, enlisting as a private in the 114th Regiment, New York Volunteers, August 6, 1862, and being made corporal July 1, 1864. He was in seven battles, taking part in the siege of Port Hudson in 1863, in the Red River campaign in the spring of 1864, and was severely wounded in the battle of Opequan Creek, in the Shenandoah Valley, September 19, 1864. After nine months in a hospital he was mustered out of service in June, 1865. During one winter while the army was in winter quarters in Louisiana he devoted many hours to the study of Latin.

Returning home in 1865, he began preparations for college at Oxford Academy, and entering college in the fall of 1867 earned most of the necessary funds by working at whatever could be found to be done in vacation and term time. On graduation from the Academical Department he spent a year in editorial work in New Haven, two years largely in the study of chemistry in the Sheffield Scientific

School, and received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1874. The following year he was an assistant to Dr. George F. Barker (Ph B. Yale 1858), who was then Professor of Physics in the University of Pennsylvania, and who had just gone from the professorship of Physiological Chemistry and Toxicology in the Yale Medical School. In November, 1875, after teaching science for two months at Riverview Military Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., he accepted the position of chemist of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which he held for thirty-four years, residing at Altoona, Pa.

He was the first chemist regularly employed by any railroad. The results of his study of steel rails and of lubricating oils, as well as the many standard specifications for all kinds of railroad material which he drew up and caused to be adopted, commanded wide attention. He published many articles in various technical journals on his scientific discoveries and inventions.

He went abroad twice for the company, in 1886 to study oil-burning locomotives, and in 1900 as a delegate to the International Railway Congress in Paris. He was president of the American Society for Testing Materials, and his presidential addresses on the duties and opportunities of a testing engineer are full of suggestion. He was also twice president of the American Chemical Society, president of the International Society for Testing Materials, vice-president of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, a member of the American Societies of Civil, Mechanical, and Electrical Engineers, and of other American and foreign scientific and technical societies. He took great interest in the development of the Mechanics Library of Altoona.

Dr. Dudley died of pneumonia at his home in Altoona, December 21, 1909. He was 67 years of age.

He married at Bryn Mawr, Pa., April 17, 1906, Mary Virginia, daughter of John Yocum and Virginia (Wright) Crawford. She survives him.

CHARLES LYMAN, eleventh of the thirteen children of Benjamin and Delia Almira (Wells) Lyman, was born April 3, 1849, in Montreal, Canada. His father was a native of Derby, Vt., but removed in 1815 to Montreal, where he became a partner with two brothers in the wholesale and retail drug house of William Lyman & Company. The son was prepared for Yale at the Hopkins Grammar School.

After graduation from college he entered the drug business established by his father and uncles and became, in 1879, a member of the reorganized firm of Lyman Sons & Company. Later he established the firm of Lyman, Knox & Company with a branch at Toronto, continuing in the business until recently.

Mr. Lyman died at his home in Montreal, November 17, 1909, at the age of sixty years. He had always kept in unusually close touch with the members of his class.

He married October 1, 1874, Kate, daughter of Henry and Ruth E. (Kent) Dean of New York, who survives him with two sons and a daughter, the last a graduate of McGill University in 1905.

1872

HARRY WILTON CRAGIN, son of Hon. Aaron Harrison Cragin (*hon* M. A. Dartmouth 1861), member of the United States House of Representatives in 1857-59, and of the Senate from 1865 to 1877, was born January 29, 1849, in Lebanon, N. H. His mother was Isabelle (Fuller) Cragin. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

After graduation he studied law in Columbia University, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1874, and in 1875 was appointed third assistant examiner in the United States Patent Office. In 1878 he resigned that office, and had since been successfully engaged in the soliciting of patents and the practice of patent law. He also practiced before the United States Court of Claims.

Mr. Cragin died of angina pectoris at Skyland, his summer home in the Blue Ridge Mountains, Va , July 19, 1909, at the age of 60 years

He married in Washington, D C , January 20, 1880, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of William A. and Emaline (White) Stamper She died in 1902, but a son survives him.

ALBERT MARSHALL CURRY, son of Alexander and Isabella (Marshall) Curry, was born October 8, 1849, in Hartford, Conn He was fitted for college in the High School in that city

After graduation from college he entered Hartford Theological Seminary and at the same time began the study of medicine with Dr Irving W. Lyon (M.D. Univ. of Vermont 1862, Columbia 1863) The following year he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduated from there in March, 1875, was Associate Demonstrator of Anatomy there that year, and on the staff of the Children's Hospital of Philadelphia the next two years He had practiced his profession in Brooklyn, N Y , since 1877

Dr Curry died suddenly of heart disease, July 26, 1909, while walking on the beach at Atlantic City, N. J He was in his 60th year

He married in Brooklyn, October 3, 1882, Phebe Davenport Cortelyou, who survives him. They had no children.

CHARLES ORRIN DAY was born in Catskill, N Y , November 8, 1851, the son of Charles Henry and Sarah Collins (Porter) Day He was prepared for college in the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven

After graduation from college he spent a year in Europe, and a year in the Yale Graduate School He then took the course in Andover Theological Seminary, graduating from there in 1877, and being ordained by the Columbia Presby-

tery, at Catskill, December 19 After a year at Andover as resident licentiate he began his ministry in Montreal, Canada, taking charge of a city mission chapel sustained by the American Church. In 1879 he was settled over the Congregational Church in Williamsburg, Mass., and remained there five years, spending the following year at the Yale Divinity School as a resident licentiate In 1885 he accepted a call to the Congregational Church in Brattleboro, Vt., where he had a happy and fruitful ministry of thirteen years. During the Spanish-American War he was chaplain of the First Regiment of Vermont Volunteer Infantry at Chickamauga.

From 1899 to 1901 he was Secretary of the Congregational Education Society, and took special interest in work among the Mexicans in New Mexico, for whom he secured the establishment of the Rio Grande Industrial School in Albuquerque. From that office he went in 1901 to Andover Theological Seminary, where he was Professor of Practical Theology and President of the Faculty until 1908 He earnestly advocated the continuance of the Seminary on Andover Hill, but it was decided to remove it to Cambridge, Mass.

Resigning from office there in 1908 he took the pastorate of the Congregational Church at Barnet, Vt., but gave that up after a year on account of failing health

He received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1901, of Doctor of Divinity from Dartmouth and Iowa Colleges in 1901, and of Doctor of Laws from Norwich University in 1907.

Dr Day died suddenly of heart failure, April 5, 1910, in Andover, at the home of his daughter, the wife of Robert Porter Keep (B.A. Yale 1903) He was 58 years of age

He married, June 25, 1879, Mary Hiland Hull, daughter of A. Cooke Hull, M.D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Harriet (Hill) Hull, and had a son (B.A. Yale 1903) and the daughter above mentioned.

CHARLES HERBERT FERRY, son of William H. and Mary Ann (Williams) Ferry, was born September 1, 1851, in Utica, N. Y.

He joined his class at Yale about the middle of Freshman year from McGill University, Montreal

After graduation he continued his studies in the Graduate School four years, during two of these years being president of the University Boat Club In 1873, he undertook to raise funds for a Yale boathouse and by months of personal effort succeeded in that period of financial distress in raising the \$16,500 necessary for the land and the building used ever since by the Yale crews

He then studied law in Chicago, and after his admission to the bar in 1876 practiced that profession in Chicago until 1881 Since then he had been engaged in manufacturing in Chicago and had also been interested in mining

Mr Ferry had not been in good health for several years, but died suddenly at Phoenix, Ariz, May 2, 1910, at the age of 58 years

He married in New Haven, Conn, May 31, 1881, Emily D., daughter of John W. and Mary A (Macumber) Mansfield, who survives him with two sons, the elder a graduate of Yale (B A 1903) His brother, William Henry Ferry (B A Yale 1868), died in 1900

LEONARD WOODS PARISH was born July 4, 1850, in Springfield, Mass, the elder son of Ariel Parish (B A. Yale 1835) and Anna (Woods) Parish His father was then principal of the High School in that city, but from 1865 to 1881 was Superintendent of Schools in New Haven, Conn

After his graduation he taught in Branford, Conn, about a year and a half, in April, 1874, became principal of the Glastonbury (Conn) Academy, and after a year there spent a short time as clerk in Hartford and in travel, then took charge of the graded schools in Traer, Tama County, Iowa From 1877 to 1879 he was principal of the High School in

Rock Island, Ill., was Superintendent of the Public Schools of Des Moines, Ia., six years, in a similar position in Independence, Ia., five years, and since 1890 had been in the Iowa State Normal School, now Teachers' College, at Cedar Falls, at first holding the chair of Didactics and Methods, and since 1895 that of History and Economics. He was a stimulating instructor and thorough scholar, and the author of useful text-books. His Christian influence was strong, he took a warm interest in all student activities, and was chairman of the Faculty Committee on Athletics during nearly his whole period of office. In 1892 he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale upon examination.

Professor Parish was one of fifty who lost their lives in the accident on a Rock Island train near Gladbrook, Ia., March 21, 1910. He was in the 60th year of his age.

He married at Green Mountain, Ia., April 4, 1876, Emma White Stuart, daughter of Rev. Robert and Harriet (Blodgett) Stuart, who survives him with one daughter and two of their four sons. The sons are graduates of the State University of Iowa (B.A. 1905 and 1908) and the daughter of the Iowa State Teachers College. One sister is the wife of Nathan B. Coy (B.A. Yale 1870) and another of William J. Betts (B.A. Yale 1870).

1873

EBEN ALEXANDER, son of Ebenezer Alexander, who was for fifteen years Judge of the Circuit Court in Tennessee, was born March 9, 1851, in Knoxville, Tenn. His mother was Margaret Ann (McClung) Alexander, whose grandfather, James White, founded Knoxville.

His college preparation was obtained mainly in the preparatory department and Freshman class of East Tennessee University, now the University of Tennessee, under the instruction of Dr. Isbon T. Beckwith (B.A. Yale 1868), who was later his Tutor in Greek at Yale, and was his lifelong friend.

From his graduation until 1877 he was Instructor in the University of Tennessee, then Professor of Ancient Languages there until 1886, during the last year being chairman of the faculty and also president of the Teachers' Association of Tennessee. In 1886 he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Maryville College and the same year accepted the professorship of Greek in the University of North Carolina, where he had since continued with untiring devotion to the interests of that University, and to the cause of higher education in the South. From 1893 to 1897 he was on leave of absence as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Greece, Roumania, and Servia, with residence at Athens, and the high quality of his service in this position was widely recognized. The participation of the American athletes in the Olympic Games at that time was due to his interest. After his departure for Greece the University of North Carolina in 1893 conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Laws.

Professor Alexander died suddenly at his former home in Knoxville, March 11, 1910, just after a visit to New Haven. He was 59 years of age, and was on a year's leave of absence from his work on account of his health.

He married, October 15, 1874, Marion, daughter of Rev. John Howard-Smith and Eleanor Spurrier (Rand) Howard-Smith, and had two daughters and two sons. One son died while a student in the University of North Carolina. The elder daughter married Professor Andrew H. Patterson (Ph B. Univ. N. C. 1891; B. A. Harvard 1892) of the University of Georgia. His son Eben (Univ. N. C., 1901) is a physician in Knoxville.

FRANK DEWEY ALLEN, eldest son of Charles Francis and Olive Ely (Dewey) Allen, was born August 16, 1850, in Worcester, Mass., and prepared for college in the High School there.

While in college he rowed in four class races, and was chosen a member of the Junior Promenade and class cup committees

After graduation he studied a year in the law office of Hon Peter C. Bacon, LL.D, in Worcester, then continued his studies in the office of Hilliard, Hyde & Dickerman in Boston, and in the Boston University Law School, from which he graduated in 1875. He was admitted to the Suffolk County bar in November, 1876. After acting for two years as managing clerk for the firm with which he had studied, he began practice by himself in Boston in October, 1877, after his marriage residing in Lynn. In 1880 and 1881 he represented his district in the Massachusetts Legislature, and served on the banking, judiciary, and redistricting committees. In 1882 he was a candidate for State Senator, but, although he ran ahead of his ticket, was defeated. From 1885 to 1887 he was a member of the Republican State Committee, and from 1886 to 1888 of the Governor's Council.

April 3, 1890 he was appointed by President Harrison United States District Attorney for Massachusetts, and held the office until August, 1893. Many cases of note fell to him to try, but that against the officials of the Maverick National Bank attracted special attention and the victory which his pluck and perseverance finally won had an important effect on business interests. In 1902 he was appointed receiver of the Central National Bank of Boston and managed its affairs so successfully that without levying any assessment he paid every depositor in full with interest.

Mr Allen organized the Lynn Electric Company, which brought the Thomson-Houston business to Lynn, was a director of the Lynn Gas and Electric Company, and a director of the Young Men's Christian Association of Lynn.

He married January 9, 1878, Lucy Paige, younger daughter of Trevett M Rhodes, of Lynn. She died January 4, 1905. They had no children.

Mr Allen died suddenly from heart disease, at his home in Boston, January 23, 1910, in the 60th year of his age. His mother, two sisters and a brother survive him. He was a member of the Old South Church.

He was president in 1892 of the Boston Yale Alumni Association, and by his will the residue of his estate after certain bequests is left to the University, the income to be used in maintaining a scholarship bearing his name.

1874

HORACE HATCH CHITTENDEN, son of Hon Lucius Eugene and Mary Yates (Hatch) Chittenden, was born January 24, 1855, in Burlington, Vt. His father was secretary of the Peace Conference of 1861, Registrar of the United States Treasury during the Civil War, and an author of note.

Two years after graduation from college he completed the course in Columbia Law School and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He was associated with his father's firm of Chittenden & Hubbard, and was later a member of that firm and of Chittenden, Townsend & Chittenden until May 1, 1888. He then continued practice with his father under the name of L. E. and H. H. Chittenden. His father died in 1900, and in 1902 Mr Chittenden moved to Burlington, where he died from shock following an operation, December 26, 1909, in the 55th year of his age.

He married October 11, 1877, Bertha Boradil, daughter of Dr George A. and Julia (Coggill) Peters of New York City, and had two sons, one of whom graduated from the Academical Department in 1901 and the other in 1904.

1875

FRANKLIN BENJAMIN MITCHELL was born September 19, 1852, in Norwich, N. Y. He was the son of John and Caroline (Foote) Mitchell, and grandson of Dr Henry Mitchell (*hon. M.D. Yale 1824*). He was prepared for college at Williston Seminary.

After graduation he spent two years in the Columbia Law School, and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws there in 1877. He practiced law in St. Louis, Mo., two years with Charles J. Harris, a non-graduate member of the class of 1874, and Augustus T. Metcalf, a classmate, under the firm name of Harris, Mitchell & Metcalf. In 1881 he was elected supervisor of Norwich, N. Y. After this he was a contractor for public works in New York, Ohio, and California, at one time being in the firm of Sage & Mitchell, contractors, at Kenton, O., and later residing in California. In June, 1889, he returned to Norwich, and for five years was postmaster there. He was subsequently secretary of the Fish and Game Commission of New York for three years. He was also trustee of the Norwich Union School.

Mr. Mitchell died suddenly at Binghamton, N. Y., September 4, 1909, in the 57th year of his age.

He married in Brooklyn, N. Y., April 28, 1880, Helen E., daughter of Colonel Clinton H. Sage, who survives him with one of their two daughters and a son.

WILLIAM ROGERS RICHARDS, son of Rev. George Richards, M. A. (B. A. Yale 1840 and Tutor 1844-45) and Anna Maria (Woodruff) Richards, was born December 20, 1853, in Boston, Mass. His father was then pastor of the Central Congregational Church, and during the last two years of his life was a member of the Yale Corporation.

While in college he was an editor of the *Yale Literary Magazine*, and captain of his class crew. After his graduation he studied a year in the Columbia Law School, and then took the course in Andover Theological Seminary. He began his ministry over the Central Congregational Church of Bath, Me., where he was ordained October 16, 1879. In 1884 he accepted the pastorate of the Crescent Avenue Presbyterian Church, Plainfield, N. J., and there he became greatly beloved and remained eighteen years. He was the first president of the Plainfield Yale Club, one of the

organizers of the Citizens' League, and moderator of the Synod of New Jersey. In 1902 he succeeded Rev Maltbie D Babcock, D D, as pastor of the Brick (Presbyterian) Church New York City. Deeply spiritual and thoroughly practical, his quiet force, clear judgment, and rare personal attractiveness made him one of the strongest and most useful clergymen of the city. The power of his friendship and the helpfulness of his preaching steadily held a great congregation.

He was moderator of the New York Presbytery for two years, vice-moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly in 1906, president of Whittier House in Jersey City, member of the Church Extension Committee of the New York Presbytery, a member of the Council of New York University since 1902, and of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions since 1890, a director of Union Theological Seminary since 1903 and member of its executive committee, and a member of the Yale Corporation since 1906, succeeding in the last office Rev Augustus F Beard, D D.

He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from New York University in 1892, and from Yale in 1903.

Dr Richards was the author of "Ways of Wisdom," 1886, "For Whom Christ Died," 1902, "God's Choice of Men," 1905, and "The Apostles' Creed in Modern Worship," 1906.

He died almost without warning in the early morning of January 7, 1910, at the age of 56 years.

He married, at Andover, Mass., January 27, 1880, Charlotte Barrett Blodget, sister of his classmate Dr Henry Blodget, and daughter of Rev Henry Blodget, D D. (B A Yale 1848 and Tutor 1850-53), who was for forty years a missionary in China. They had three daughters and two sons. The elder son is a graduate of Yale College in 1903, and the younger is a member of the Sophomore class. Two brothers also received the degree of Bachelor of Arts here, in 1872 and 1880 respectively.

1876

ARCHIBALD ALEXANDER AUSTIN was born June 2, 1854, at Paris, Ill., the son of Albert Bennett and Jane Elizabeth (Hannah) Austin

After his graduation he became a student in the law offices of Bishop & McKinlay in his native place, the following year was appointed Deputy Circuit Clerk and after holding the position a year was admitted to the bar in Springfield, Ill., in June, 1878

In July, 1880, he settled in Topeka, and was in the office of Guthrie & Brown in that city a year, after which he practiced independently until May, 1883. He then formed a partnership with J. R. McClure at Junction City, Kans., under the firm name of McClure & Austin, and this continued until May, 1886. After this he removed to Kansas City, Mo., and with his brother, Judge James H. Austin, was a member of the firm of Austin & Austin during the remainder of his life. He did not seek a large practice, but was always faithful to the interests intrusted to him. His genial ways and his absorbing love of books remained as in college days. For ten years he was secretary of the University Club of Kansas City

Mr. Austin died of pneumonia at the home of his brother in Kansas City, May 16, 1910, in the 56th year of his age. His burial was at Paris, Ill. He was unmarried

1877

SAMUEL MORRIS WALN, son of John Ridgway and Martha Ann (Kirby) Waln, was born October 29, 1853, at Walnford, a village about a dozen miles southeast of Trenton, N. J. He was brought up on a farm and fitted for college at Peddie Institute, Hightstown

After graduation from college he studied a year in the Columbia Law School, then went to Philadelphia, and spent the next year in the office of E. Spencer Miller, Professor

in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and the year following in the office of George W. Biddle, Esq (B.A. Yale 1863). He was admitted to the bar in Philadelphia in December, 1880, and since then had practiced his profession in that city, and for a number of years occupied offices with his classmate Arthur U. Bannard. He became widely known there and in southern New Jersey as an able and conscientious advisor and a sagacious trial lawyer. He was often occupied in important cases in the civil and criminal courts with his friend, former Judge John W. Wescott (B.A. Yale 1872).

His chief diversion was found at his extensive farm, where during part of the summer he lived an out-door life.

Mr. Waln died of heart disease at his office in Philadelphia, April 2, 1910, at the age of 56 years. He never married, but made his home with four unmarried sisters. Another sister, married, resides in New York City. He was a member of the Society of Friends.

In 1888, when a cousin of the same name was killed while on a hunting trip in Wyoming, in the belief that he had died a sketch was published in the *Obituary Record* of 1889

1880

JOHN ARNOLD AMUNDSON, son of Albert B. and Bertha (Jilson) Amundson, was born April 2, 1856, on a farm near Madison, Wisc., but when seven years of age removed with his parents to Rochester, Minn. After graduating at the head of his class in the High School there and serving as a lawyer's clerk, he fitted himself in Greek and part of the requisite Latin without a teacher and entered Yale without conditions.

While in college he was elected editor of the *Yale Literary Magazine*, won the DeForest Prize gold medal in Senior year for the best English oration, and at the end of his course was among the first scholars of the class.

The first and third years after graduation he was a student in the Yale Law School, the intervening year being spent in teaching in Bristol, Conn. During his law course he did much private tutoring, and in January, 1883, assumed a Tutorship in college for six months as a substitute for his classmate William M. Hall, whose health had failed. He declined to continue as Tutor the next year, and began the practice of his profession. He was admitted to the New York bar in June, 1885, and was at first connected with Henry A. Bogart, but in January, 1887, opened an office by himself. From May 1, 1888, until January 1, 1891, he was in partnership with his classmate Edwin C. Ward, under the firm name of Amundson & Ward, but since then had practiced alone. In addition to a large private practice he had the legal care of several large estates, the interests of which with recreation gave occasion for many trips abroad, as well as extensive travel in this country.

Mr. Amundson died in Paris, France, August 9, 1909, at the age of 53 years. He was vestryman of St. James Protestant Episcopal Church, New York City.

He married, September 18, 1884, Carrie, daughter of Curtiss Joseph Monson of New Haven, and Caroline Elizabeth (Wilmot) Monson. She died June 19, 1894, and three of their four daughters are also deceased.

Mr. Amundson married again, September 25, 1901, Augusta Robinson Paige, daughter of William and Alice (Grassie) Paige, of Rutland, Vt.

1881

JOHN BURNETT COLLINS, son of Thomas Waller Collins and Sarah (Burnett) Collins, was born May 7, 1859, in Mount Vernon, Kans., but spent his boyhood at Oregon, Mo. In 1875 the family moved to St. Joseph, Mo., where he finished his preparatory studies at the High School.

While in college he rowed on the class crew four years, and on the University crew the last three years, being captain of the latter

After graduation he spent a year in extended foreign travel, and the following year visited a large part of the United States. Returning then to St. Joseph, he began the study of law, but in the spring of 1884 gave it up and started in the cattle business at Mound City, Mo. The same year he was a delegate to the Democratic State Convention in St. Louis. In 1885 he entered the employ of the Nave-McCord Mercantile Company of St. Joseph, but the next year became secretary and treasurer of the Davis-Collins Grocery Company, a firm organized by his previous employers. This was succeeded in 1887 by McCord & Collins, and in 1891 by the McCord-Collins Commerce Company. In 1893 this company established its headquarters at Fort Worth, Texas, with Mr. Collins as vice-president and general manager. In 1894 he was made president of the company, whose business steadily increased, with branch houses in many cities.

He was officially connected with several other business corporations, being president of the Spindle Top Oil Company from 1901, vice-president of the Nave-McCord Cattle Company, a director in the Mokaska Manufacturing Company of St. Joseph, and a director in the Hunter-Phelan Savings and Trust Company of Fort Worth.

Mr. Collins married at St. Joseph, Mo., Mary Ada, eldest daughter of James and Mary Elizabeth (Hallack) McCord. She died September 30, 1906, leaving no children.

Mr. Collins died of pneumonia at his home in Fort Worth, March 16, 1910, in the 51st year of his age.

By his will he left a generous bequest to be added to his Class Fund for the University.

FREEMAN CLARK GRISWOLD, son of Whiting Griswold (B.A. Amherst 1836) and Fannie Lincoln (Clark) Gris-

wold, was born December 15, 1858, in Greenfield, Mass., where his father was a lawyer. His mother died in 1867 and his father in 1874. He was prepared for college at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.

After graduation he spent three years at the Harvard Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1884, and practiced his profession in Greenfield seven years. In 1888 he was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives, elected on the Democratic ticket, although previous to 1883 he was a Republican. He afterward returned to the Republican party. From 1891 to 1894 he was in practice in Boston, and since then in New York City, for ten years past associated with the firm of Phillips & Avery.

Mr. Griswold died after an illness of some months in Boston January 29, 1910, at the age of 51 years. He was unmarried.

RICHARD AUGUSTUS PEABODY, son of Augustus Stephen Peabody, a banker and broker, and Harriet (Sanderson) Peabody, was born October 12, 1860, in Philadelphia, Pa.

After attending St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., he finished his college preparation in the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven.

While in college he played four years on his class baseball nine, was president of the University Baseball Association, warbler on the University Glee Club, and was a member of the last Thanksgiving Jubilee Committee.

In the fall after graduation he entered the employ of Knapp & Peabody, but since 1882 had been an independent stock broker in New York, owning a seat in the Stock Exchange until he sold it on account of failing health about six weeks before his death. He was a member of several recreation clubs, and had made a number of trips abroad.

Mr. Peabody died at his home in New York City January 29, 1910, at the age of 49 years. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, in Buffalo, N Y, June 22, 1895, Mary Chester Miller, daughter of George W. and Kate (Chester) Miller She survives him with a son and daughter.

1882

LEVI IVES SHOEMAKER, son of Hon Lazarus (Denison) Shoemaker, Representative in Congress from 1871 to 1875, and one of the most public-spirited citizens of Wilkes-Barré, Pa, was born in that city September 28, 1859 His mother was Esther (Wadhams) Shoemaker.

He was prepared in the Hopkins Grammar School, and after graduation from college he studied medicine in the University of Pennsylvania, receiving his medical degree there in 1886. After a year as resident physician in the City Hospital of Wilkes-Barré, and seven months of service in the Pennsylvania and University Hospitals, in May, 1888, he began the practice of his profession in his native city. In addition to his private practice he was attending physician to the City Hospital and the Home for Friendless Children and consulting physician at Mercy Hospital. He was also a trustee of the Danville Hospital for the Insane, and division surgeon for both the Pennsylvania and New Jersey Central Railroads In addition to membership in several medical societies he was a life member of the Wyoming Historical and Geological Association. He was a director of the Second National Bank, and of the Wilkes-Barré Lace Manufacturing Company.

Dr Shoemaker died suddenly of heart trouble, September 27, 1909, at Bad Nauheim, Germany, where he was staying with his wife and sister while on an extended tour through Europe He had almost completed his fiftieth year.

He married, November 27, 1889, Cornelia W. Scranton, of Scranton, Pa., who survives him with his three sisters, one of whom is the widow of George Lewis Dickerman (B A Yale 1874).

Dr. Shoemaker left for the endowment of the Yale Medical School a munificent bequest, which is subject to a life interest. He was a nephew of Dr. Levi Ives (M.D. Yale 1838), who was for fifty years a physician in New Haven. Dr. Ives's father, Dr. Eli Ives (Yale 1799), was one of the originators of the Medical Institution of Yale College, and at its organization in 1813 was appointed one of the first five professors, rendering distinguished service in this office for forty years.

1883

DENISON BALDWIN TUCKER, son of James Coit and Ellen M. (Walbridge) Tucker, was born July 25, 1860, in Norwich, Conn.

After graduation he was in the home office of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company in Worcester, Mass., but in 1885 went to Texas and was on a sheep ranch for about a year. Returning to Worcester he went into business with G. S. & A. J. Howe, wholesale dealers in oils, dye-stuffs, and chemicals, and became president of the company. He was later a life insurance agent in New Haven, then went to Alaska on an exploring and commercial venture.

Mr. Tucker died of heart disease at Providence, R. I., May 31, 1909, in the 49th year of his age.

He married, February 20, 1890, Miss Lillian Ross Lynde, of Worcester, sister of his classmate George Stanley Lynde, M.D.

1884

CHARLES WILSON COPELAND was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., June 21, 1863, the son of Charles E. and Helen (Brown) Copeland. He was prepared for college at the Adelphi Academy.

While in college he was coxswain of his class crew, took part in track athletics, and was greatly interested in all kinds of sports. He was an extensive reader, and particularly well informed in history and music.

After his graduation he was connected for many years with his father's firm of Copeland & Bacon, manufacturers of machinery, and subsequent to 1890 established a branch office in Chicago. For the past ten years he had been employed by the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Brooklyn, where he made his home.

He died in Brooklyn, November 12, 1909, at the age of 46 years. He was unmarried.

CHARLES JESUP JENNINGS, son of Rev. William Jesup Jennings (B.A. Yale 1843) and Matilda D. (Greene) Jennings, was born September 27, 1859, at Seneca Falls, N. Y., where his father was then pastor of the First Presbyterian Church. He was prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven, and during his course at Yale spent several terms in teaching, thus earning means to complete his studies.

On graduation he was at once appointed principal of the Huntington (L. I.) High School, continuing there fourteen years, his school maintaining a reputation for superior work. Soon after Jamaica became a part of the city of New York in September 1898, he was placed in charge of the consolidated public schools of the old town of Jamaica, but for the last year or two his work had been exclusively in the High School. Besides devoting himself earnestly to his school work, he was secretary of the New York Schoolmaster's Club. In Huntington he was an elder in the Central Presbyterian Church and in Jamaica trustee of the First Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Jennings died of typhoid fever April 23, 1910, at his home in Jamaica, at the age of fifty years.

He married, December 24, 1898, Edith H. Warren (B.A. Wellesley 1890), daughter of Rev. George F. Warren, D.D., and Emma B. Warren. She survives him with a daughter and son.

1885

JOHN COUCH FLANDERS was born January 15, 1865, in Portland, Oregon. His parents were George H. and Maria L. Flanders, pioneer settlers from New England. His uncle, John H. Couch, after whom he was named, was a sea captain. His preparatory education was obtained in Bishop Scott Academy, Portland.

After graduation he read law in a private office in Portland, was admitted to the bar in 1887, and since 1891 had been a member of the firm of Williams, Wood & Linthicum, one of the oldest firms in the State. He was the firm's specialist in admiralty law.

In 1891 he became a member of the "Port of Portland Commission" for the improvement of navigation on the Willamette and Columbia Rivers. For a number of years he was a trustee of the Portland Chamber of Commerce, and later of the Lewis and Clark Commission, under whose auspices the Exposition of 1905 was organized. The success of the Exposition was considered in no small measure due to him.

He was for several years president of the Columbia River & Northern Railway Company, of The Dalles, Portland & Astoria Navigation Company, and was a director of the Portland & Seattle Railway Company.

Mr Flanders died at Portland, January 20, 1910, at the age of 45 years.

He married in Portland, January 1, 1906, Mabel Claire, daughter of William T. and Martha F. (Abernethy) Houston. She survives him, also his mother.

1886

ARTHUR GOEBEL, son of Frederick Goebel, was born March 22, 1863, at Carbondale, Pa., and was fitted for college in Cincinnati, O. His father died when he was young, and he entered college from Covington, Ky.

After his graduation he studied law for a year, but his health failed, and he then spent two years in travel

Taking up a business life, he became a partner in the firm of Lowry & Goebel, wholesale and retail dealers in carpetings in Cincinnati His home was in Covington, Ky. In 1900 his brother, Governor William Goebel of Kentucky, was murdered, and since then he had spent much time in trying to bring the murderers to justice

Mr Goebel died of heart failure at the home of his brother, Justus Goebel, near Phoenix, Ariz., January 20, 1910 He had suffered for five years from rheumatism. He was 46 years of age

WILLIAM HENRY PARKS, son of William Henry and Eliza (Wells) Parks, was born November 6, 1863, at Clinton, Conn

After graduation he remained at Yale, studying history, Greek, and Sanskrit in the Graduate Department and receiving the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1886 The following fall he went to Pennington (N J) Seminary as an instructor in the Greek language and literature, but after a year and a half on account of the development of consumption he resigned his position there, and after spending a year at Clinton, then went to Colorado, where he became principal of the public schools of Creede Not long afterward he reached San Francisco, where he remained most of the time until March, 1896 He then sailed for Greece, to see the revival of the Olympic games at Athens, then gradually traveled to Smyrna and Constantinople, and on to Paris, where he spent ten years During his residence in Paris he translated from the French newspapers a financial review of the bourse every week for the *United States Investor*, of Boston He also wrote letters for the *New York Tribune*, translated several volumes, and did private tutoring On his return to the United States, about 1905, he lived for a time in Branford, Conn., with his aunt, Mrs

Edwin R. Kelsey, Sr, and from there was admitted to the tuberculosis hospital in Wallingford. From Wallingford he went to Clinton, and had since remained with Mr. and Mrs. Zadoc E. Morgan. During the last two years he had seldom been out of the house. He died January 24, 1910, at the age of 46 years. He was a member of the Methodist Church in Clinton. Besides his aunt, Mrs. Kelsey, three cousins were his only near relatives.

1887

THOMAS HAMLIN CURTIS, younger son of Thomas W. T. Curtis (B. A. Dartmouth 1844) was born at Hallowell, Me., May 9, 1866. His mother was Virginia Hamlin, daughter of Governor John Hubbard (B. A. Dartmouth 1816) of Hallowell, and sister of General Thomas H. Hubbard, LL. D. (B. A. Bowdoin 1857). His boyhood was spent in New Haven, where he was prepared for college at the Hillhouse High School, of which his father was the principal for nearly twenty years.

In Sophomore year he won the first premium for the solution of mathematical problems, in Junior year the first Winthrop prize for the most thorough acquaintance with the Greek and Latin poets, and at graduation was valedictorian of his class.

After a year in the service of the Duluth & South Shore Railroad, he spent a year in the study of engineering in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, accomplishing two years' work in one, and was then for several years in the employ of the Great Northern Railroad in various parts of the Northwest. After spending a year and a half in the East he went to Oregon in July, 1895, and joined the engineering corps building the Astoria & Columbia River Railroad, was soon appointed chief engineer, then treasurer of the road in 1896, and later vice-president. In 1900 he became also chief engineer of the Corvallis & Eastern Railroad,

but in the spring of 1906 resigned both positions to engage in the private practice of his profession and in the real estate business at Astoria. His exceptional ability and sterling character won the trust and affection of his associates.

He married in New Haven, Conn., June 4, 1907, Clarine, daughter of Burton Gregory and Sarah Jane (Buckingham) Warner. Since then his home had been in Portland, Oregon.

Mr. Curtis died at the Good Samaritan Hospital in Portland, February 13, 1910, in the 44th year of his age. Though naturally of an unusually robust constitution, he had never thoroughly recovered from a very severe attack of typhoid fever in 1897, but had ever since suffered greatly at times from some obscure cause that would not yield to treatment. The difficulty was finally developed by an attack of grip early in January, and after an heroic struggle he succumbed to a systemic infection from the colon bacillus.

His wife, infant daughter, and mother survive him, also a sister who is the wife of Rev. George Heber Woodhull (B.A. Yale 1885). His brother and classmate, John Hubbard Curtis, died in 1898.

CLINTON LARUE HARE, son of Marcus L. and Julia A. (Haines) Hare, was born in Noblesville, Ind., November 7, 1864, but removed to Indianapolis during his boyhood, and was prepared for college at the High School in that city.

After graduation from college he entered the law office of Harrison, Miller & Elam, in Indianapolis, the senior member of the firm being Benjamin Harrison (Miami Univ. 1852), who soon afterward became President of the United States. He was admitted to the bar in 1890, and for a time was in the office of Winter & Elam. In 1900 he became vice-president of J. C. Perry & Co., wholesale grocers.

Mr. Hare died at his home in Indianapolis June 4, 1909, from cancer of the throat, from which he had suffered for more than a year. He was in his 45th year. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He married October 14, 1891, Marea Fletcher, daughter of J. B. and Myla F. Ritzinger of Indianapolis, who survives him with three daughters and three sons

HENRY IVISON, son of David Brinkerhoff Ivison and Emeline (Crane) Ivison, was born July 12, 1865, at Rutherford, N. J. He joined the class in Sophomore year from the preceding class.

On graduation he entered the office of Ivison, Blakeman & Company, publishers of New York City, and in 1888 became a member of the firm. In May, 1890, this firm was merged in the American Book Company, and he was in charge of the manufacturing department. During this time his home was in Rutherford, N. J., and he was for two years president of the Board of Health there. In 1900 he was for a short time a member of the New York Stock Exchange, and since then had not been regularly engaged in business. While at a sanitarium in Litchfield, Conn., he died from a self-inflicted bullet wound, April 8, 1910. He was in his 45th year.

He married May 16, 1888, Bertha, daughter of Charles W. Hollinshead of Philadelphia, and had two sons, who with Mrs. Ivison survive him

1890

JAMES WILLCOX THOMPSON, son of Curtis Thompson (*hon. M. A. Yale 1871*), a lawyer of Bridgeport, Conn., and Marie Louise (Willcox) Thompson, was born October 23, 1869, in Stamford, Conn. He was prepared for college in the Bridgeport High School, and entered Yale from that city.

Soon after graduation he went to Tennessee, was admitted to the bar of Knox County, February 23, 1891, and after a two years' course of study in the University of Tennessee received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in June,

1892 He also studied in the law office of Charles Seymour, Esq., in Knoxville. He was admitted to the Connecticut bar January 10, 1893, and in the spring of that year was appointed assistant clerk in the office of the Secretary of State in Hartford. In September, 1894, he became a member of the law firm of Thompson, Wakeman & Thompson in Bridgeport, and after the death of his father in 1904 he practiced alone. In April, 1896, he was elected a member of the Board of Alderman, and in 1897 was made president of the Board.

Mr. Thompson died of diabetes at his home in Bridgeport July 6, 1909, at the age of 40 years.

1891

FREDERICK WILLIAM GRAU, son of Charles C. Grau, a druggist, was born January 7, 1870, in Brooklyn, N. Y. He was enrolled as a member of his class in 1909.

After his college course he studied law in the office of Judge James Troy, of Brooklyn, N. Y., was admitted to the bar in September, 1891, and since then had practiced his profession in Brooklyn, residing at Corona, L. I., N. Y., where after an illness of five months he died February 21, 1910, at the age of 40 years.

He married, in Brooklyn, N. Y., January 7, 1892, Pauline, daughter of Charles J. and Almina (Gerken) Fox, who survives him with two sons and a daughter.

CLEMENT GRUBB SMITH, son of Colonel Heber L. Smith, and E. Jennie (Grubb) Smith, was born March 8, 1870, in Lancaster, Pa., where his father was in the iron business.

After graduation he devoted much time to the management of the estate of his grandfather, Charles B. Grubb, an iron manufacturer of Mt. Hope, and since about 1905 had been with the Pennsylvania Steel Company at Steelton and Lebanon, Pa. He was also a director of the Pennsylvania Trust Company.

He married, June 5, 1906, Edith Watts Comstock, daughter of George Stedman and Julia (Watts) Comstock, of Mechanicsburg, and had recently made his home at Mount Hope, Pa. He was a warden of the Episcopal Church

Mr Smith died suddenly at the University Club, Philadelphia, March 11, 1910, at the age of 40 years. Mrs. Smith and a daughter survive him.

1893

JOHN HARVEY WIGGINTON, son of John Henry Wigginton, a mechanic, was born December 8, 1864, near Bladensburg, Md. He was fitted for college at Worcester (Mass.) Academy.

Upon graduating from the Academical Department he entered the Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1897. He was admitted to the bar in Maryland, practiced his profession at Bladensburg two years and then in Chicago, Ill., a year.

In 1898 he was called to Selma University, an institution for the higher education of the colored race at Selma, Ala, where he taught Greek and Latin, and from May, 1905, was also Dean and Register of the Literary Department. In the early part of 1909 failing health compelled him to give up his work there, and in April he returned to the home which he had bought for his mother in Brentwood, Md, where he died of nervous prostration brought on by overwork, May 21, 1909, in the 45th year of his age.

Mr Wigginton married September 26, 1906, Mahalath Frances, daughter of Thomas Jackson, of Washington, D C, who survives him. A son died in infancy.

His associates at Selma and elsewhere highly esteem his service to Selma University and to his race.

1894

IRA MERRILL CARLEY, son of Rufus W. and Rosabella (Merrill) Carley, was born May 11, 1871, in Shelburne Falls, Mass. He was prepared for college at the Arms Academy and the New Haven High School.

After graduation he studied the Sloyd system of manual training in Boston. In February, 1895, he was chosen to take charge of the Sloyd work in the Cook County Normal School of Chicago, and when the Francis W. Parker School was founded Mr. Carley was made principal of the High School department, and was successful in the work, but in the winter of 1906 his lungs became affected, and he sought health in Arizona and New Mexico. At the end of 1908 he went to Colorado Springs but developed acute heart trouble, in consequence of which he was ordered by his physician to a lower altitude. He returned East to Lowell, Mass., where his heart suddenly failed, October 6, 1909, in the 39th year of his age.

He married, June 26, 1901, Helen Mitchell Keightley, daughter of Hon. Edwin W. Keightley, of Constantine, Mich. She died February 4, 1904, leaving a daughter twenty months old.

EDWARD JOSEPH GARVAN, son of Hon. Patrick and Mary (Carroll) Garvan, was born May 17, 1871, in Hartford, Conn. He was one of eleven children. He was fitted for college at the Hartford High School.

After graduation he studied a year in the New York Law School and a year in the Yale Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the latter in 1896. He was for four years City Clerk of Hartford, the first clerk and attorney for the Hartford Business Men's Association, and in 1903 was elected Judge of the Police Court of Hartford. In this office he served five years, during which the probation system for prisoners and the juvenile

court were started. January 1, 1908, he resigned his judgeship and his legal practice, becoming vice-president of the P. Garvan Company, Incorporated. He also aided in the organization of the Riverside Trust Company in 1907. In 1909 he was appointed a member of the Hartford Juvenile Commission.

Judge Garvan died at his home in Hartford, March 4, 1910, after a serious illness of six months from stomach trouble. He was 38 years of age, and unmarried

RAYMOND LLOYD, son of Major Harlan Page Lloyd (B A. Hamilton 1859), an attorney, and Harriet (Raymond) Lloyd, was born December 9, 1871, in Cincinnati, O He was prepared for college at Pottstown, Pa

Upon graduation he began the study of law, spending a year each in the Cincinnati and Yale Law Schools, but in October, 1896, became a teacher in the Union School, Angelica, N. Y. In June, 1898, he resumed law study in Angelica with Hon David P. Richardson (B A. Yale 1856), and was admitted to the bar in Rochester, N. Y., in 1900, and in July of that year opened a law office in Athena, Or., where he remained till December, 1901. For a year and a half following he was in the real estate and mining business in Seattle, Wash., and since then had been a valued and successful representative for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company there. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Lloyd died suddenly at Seattle, December 27, 1909, and was buried there He was 38 years of age.

1895

ALFRED BURDETTE HUGHES, son of Alfred and Mary (Rowe) Hughes, was born March 29, 1872, in East Haven, Conn He was prepared for college at the New Haven High School.

After graduation he took the course in the Yale Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1897, and was then associated in practice with the New Haven law firm of Pardee & Wright until he opened an office of his own. Two years later he was appointed chief clerk of the Department of Charities and Corrections of New Haven, and continued in the position for over four years, until his death at his home in New Haven, March 4, 1910. He had been ill a week from pneumonia. He was in the 38th year of his age and unmarried. His mother, a brother, and a sister survive him.

Mr. Hughes was fond of hunting, and to this and other sports he devoted many of his hours of recreation.

ROGER WIDDRINGTON WHINFIELD, son of Charles Wid-
drington Whinfield, a banker, and Laura E. (Coleman)
Whinfield, was born March 9, 1874, at Beaver Dam, Wisc.

After graduation he traveled abroad, was later cashier of the Bank of Burlington (Wisc.), but resigned in 1900, and since then had occupied all his time in travel.

October 31, 1901, he married Miss Ann Harrison, of Xenia, O., who died November 30, 1907, during a trip around the world. He afterward married, February 20, 1909, Miss Eleanor Quinby, of Dresden, Germany.

Mr. Whinfield died of Asiatic cholera at Königsberg, Prussia, July 21, 1909, at the age of 35 years.

1896

EDGAR STIRLING AUCHINCLOSS, son of Edgar Stirling Auchincloss (B.A. N. Y. University 1864), a commission merchant, was born December 13, 1874, in New York City. His mother was Maria La Grange (Sloan) Auchincloss, daughter of Samuel Sloan, who was for thirty years president of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

Immediately after his graduation from college he engaged in business in New York City, entering the general freight department of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad as a clerk. In the spring of 1897 he was appointed assistant general agent of the freight department. In January, 1901, he left the railroad business, and soon entered the brokerage office of H. T. Carey & Company. In August of the same year he purchased a seat in the New York Stock Exchange, and from May 1, 1904, to May 1, 1906, was a member of the firm of Wells, Auchincloss & West. After that he was an independent broker.

Mr Auchincloss died of diabetes at his home in New York, May 4, 1910, at the age of 35 years. He had been in failing health since 1905, and since then had spent much time in travel.

He married in New York City, February 14, 1899, Marie Louise, daughter of J. Varnum Mott, who died in September following. He married again, April 14, 1903, Catherine Sanford, daughter of Andrew Gifford Agnew of New York City, who survives him with three daughters and a son.

Four brothers graduated from the Academical Department, in 1901, 1903, and 1908 (two) respectively, and three uncles from the University (B A 1871, Ph B. 1873, and B A. 1879, respectively).

ALBERT SARGENT DAVIS, son of William Henry Davis (B.A. Rochester 1868) and Mary Elizabeth (Sargent) Davis, was born March 2, 1873, in Cincinnati, O. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

After graduation from college he engaged in the publishing business, at first with Macmillan & Company, and later with Charles Scribner's Sons. In 1901-02 he experimented with a new process of making photogravure plates as a member of the firm of Post & Davis, and he was also connected with the American Lithographic Company.

After the death of his invalid sister in April, 1905, he left the publishing business, and entered the statistical department of Redmond & Company, the New York bankers, and became head of the department.

Mr Davis married at Barrington, R I., September 1, 1906, Ruth Lathrop Anthony, daughter of Orrin Spencer Anthony, president of the Anthony Coal and Lumber Company of East Providence, R I., and Hattie Louise (Lathrop) Anthony

He died from mastoiditis in the Rhode Island Hospital in Providence, August 29, 1909, at the age of 36 years His widow and an infant son survive him. A brother, Howard Lee Davis, graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1899

MCKEE DUNN MCKEE, second of the three sons of David Ritchie McKee and Frances Elizabeth (Dunn) McKee, was born October 21, 1873, in Washington, D. C. His mother was the daughter of William McKee Dunn, LL.D. (B.A. Indiana 1832, *hon* M.A. Yale 1835), Judge Advocate General

He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H. During his college course he attained high rank in scholarship, and from Sophomore year onward was a member of the University Glee and Banjo Clubs

The first year after graduation he spent in Washington, and most of the five years following in New York City, in the latter city being at first with the Wall Street firm of Bertron & Storrs, and then with the Compressed Gas Capsule Company until 1900. While in New York he was mainly responsible for organizing the annual class dinners which have since become such a pleasant institution. At the opening of the Spanish War in May, 1898, he enlisted in the service of the United States as a private in Troop A, New York Volunteer Cavalry, June 11 was commissioned Second Lieutenant of the United States Signal Corps, and

served as aide-de-camp to Brigadier-General Wallace F. Randolph at Port Tampa, Florida, and at Daiquiri, Cuba. After the surrender of Santiago he sailed for Camp Wikoff, and was honorably discharged December 8, 1898.

In 1900 he visited Alaska with his brother Lanier McKee (B.A. Yale 1895) and on his return in the fall he became interested with his classmates Neale and Brinckerhoff Thorne in the Buck Run Coal Company at Minersville, Pa

After 1901 his health failed, and on the advice of physicians he led an out-of-door life in the Adirondacks, New Mexico, and then for several years at Asheville, N. C. In that city he thoroughly identified himself with the life of the place, and interested himself in various movements for the improvement of the community. Besides his health-seeking he was able to do a little business in insurance and in the sale of timber lands.

Mr. McKee died at the home of his father in Washington, D. C., February 3, 1910, at the age of 36 years.

He married at Washington, December 27, 1902, Henrietta, daughter of Paymaster-General Alfred E. Bates, U. S. A., of Washington, who survives him with a son and daughter. His brothers graduated from the Academical Department in 1895 and 1903, respectively.

NEIL BERNARD MALLON, son of Hon. Patrick Mallon, a law partner of Hon. Alphonso Taft (B.A. Yale 1833) and Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Hamilton County, O., was born December 4, 1874, in Cincinnati, O. His mother was Sophia Pitchers (Beadle) Mallon.

He was fitted for college at the Taft School, Watertown, Conn. In college he was manager of the class baseball team.

The summer after graduation he spent with classmates in Europe, then took the course in the Cincinnati Law School, graduating in 1898. He was admitted to the Ohio bar in June of that year, but practiced only for a short time. In

February, 1899, he went to Newark, O., and took charge of the Newark Gas Light & Coke Company. The next year he returned to Cincinnati and was in the employ of the American Process Engraving Company, but after a year became secretary and treasurer of the Ohio Bell Pure Air & Cooling Company. In 1902 he took charge of construction work for the contracting firm of H. E. Talbot & Company of Dayton, O. Not wishing to undertake work in the mountains of Kentucky for them he resigned his position in April, 1904, and returned to Cincinnati as the representative of the Dodge Manufacturing Company of Mishawaka, Ind., makers of pulleys, shaftings, and power transmission machinery. The following fall he went to Florence, Colo., to examine oil-well plans of Eastern capitalists, and in January, 1906, was appointed chief inspector in the Engineering Department of the Board of Public Service of Cincinnati, and was later in business with the Remmers Soap Company.

Mr. Mallon died of hemorrhage of the stomach at Bethesda Hospital, Cincinnati, September 1, 1909, in the 35th year of his age. He was unmarried, and resided with a sister and brother-in-law, Edward B. Sargent (B. A. Yale 1883). His brother Guy graduated from the Academical Department in 1885.

THOMAS EDWARD REYNOLDS, son of Michael Gill and Mary (Campbell) Reynolds, was born July 2, 1872, in Meriden, Conn. For twenty-five years his father was in the grocery business, and subsequently in the fire insurance business. The son was prepared for college in Meriden and at Mount Holly Academy, N. J.

After graduation he was in ill health for three years, was then in the fire insurance business for about two years, then paymaster for the J. D. Bergen Company of Meriden until April, 1902. On recovering from illness he was employed in Buffalo by the John Hancock Insurance Company and the New York Life Insurance Company until June, 1904,

then traveled for Lautz Brothers & Company, soap makers of Buffalo, the next year for Swift & Company of Chicago, and Bloch Brothers Tobacco Company of West Virginia. After another severe illness he was for three years cost clerk for the Holmes & Edwards Silver Company of Bridgeport. While installing a cost system for the Strong Manufacturing Company in Winsted, Conn., of which his classmate H. G. Strong is an officer, he was taken with a paralytic shock and died shortly afterward, November 6, 1909, at the home of Mr. E. D. Larkin. He was 37 years of age. He was not married. Besides his parents a brother and two sisters survive him.

1897

JULIUS LEONARD PARKE, son of Charles Augustus Parke, formerly a banker of Cincinnati, O., was born in Mount Vernon, Ind., November 10, 1875. His mother was Nina D. (Owen) Parke. He was prepared for college at the Franklin School, Cincinnati.

After graduation he studied architecture two years in Columbia University, then in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, after which he worked in architects' offices and in the Engineer's office of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company. He then engaged in the practice of his profession in Detroit, Mich., where his business had grown steadily. He superintended the construction of the High School building in Ann Arbor, Mich.

Mr. Parke died April 16, 1909, at the home of his mother in Cincinnati, after an illness of two months. He was 33 years of age. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married in Cincinnati, in October, 1902, Mary Landell Trivett, daughter of Robert C. and Mary (Landell) Trivett. She survives him with three children.

JAMES HERVEY SIMPSON, son of Brigadier-General James Hervey Simpson (West Point 1832) and Elizabeth Sophia (Barup) Simpson, was born November 5, 1874, in St. Louis, Mo., and was fitted for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.

After graduation he studied law in the University of Minnesota, and in the office of Flandreau, Squires, & Cutcheon, in St. Paul, Minn., then went to New York City, entering the office of Cutcheon & Hare, and finished his course in the New York Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1900. He practiced his profession in New York City, being connected with James, Schell, & Elkus for a year, and then having an office alone. He was admitted to practice before the Supreme Court June 1, 1903, and appeared before that court in two cases brought by tea importers of New York City to test the constitutionality of the Tea Act of 1897. He then returned to St. Paul where he was Claims Agent of the Twin City Rapid Transit Company, and later in the claims department of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. He was then counsel for the John Wanamaker Company in New York City but later removed to Wisconsin and became connected with the Weyerhaeuser Lumber Company of St. Paul.

Mr. Simpson was drowned in the Flambeau River, near Park Falls, Wisc., August 17, 1909, in the 35th year of his age.

He married in New York City, in 1904, Isabelle Rush Nelson who survives him. A son died in infancy.

1898

DALLAS CANNON BYERS, second son of Alexander MacBurney and Martha (Fleming) Byers, was born June 22, 1875, at Allegheny, Pa. His father was head of the firm of A. M. Byers & Co., manufacturers of wrought iron pipe, also president of the Iron City Bank, and a director in the

Westinghouse Air Brake Company and the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company

After a preparatory course at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., he came to college, and was a member of the University Track Team, and the last three years was a member of the University Banjo and Mandolin Clubs

Upon graduation he became connected with his father's business, and since the death of his father in 1900 had been president of the company. He was also vice-president of the Girard Iron Company and of the Bank of Pittsburg.

Mr. Byers went to Europe in March, 1909, and at Berne, Switzerland, had an apparently successful operation performed for hernia. He was staying with his mother at Dinard, France, and died there suddenly August 26, 1909, at the age of 34 years. His mother, sister, and two brothers survive him

His three brothers graduated from Yale, the eldest from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1894, and the others from the Academical Department in 1901 and 1904, respectively. In memory of his father and eldest brother, his mother gave Byers Memorial Hall to the Sheffield Scientific School to promote its social and religious life

FREDERICK MANFRED WERNER, son of Henry and Sarah Werner, was born November 18, 1876, in New York City. His father was in the hide and leather business

After his graduation from college he studied in the New York Law School, and after his admission to the bar was connected in his practice with the Guatemala Railroad litigation in 1899 and 1900. He was a candidate for New York State senator in 1903.

Mr Werner died of acute nephritis in New York City, March 8, 1909, at the age of 32 years. He was a member of the Jewish church

1899

MERWIN BOLTON BANGS, son of Lemuel Bolton Bangs (M D Columbia 1872), and Frances A. (Edwards) Bangs, was born August 29, 1877, in New York City. He was prepared for college at St Paul's School, Concord, N. H.

During his Junior year in college he enlisted, May 3, 1898, in Battery A, First Connecticut Artillery, for service in the Spanish-American War, was in camp at Niantic, but was not sent to the front. He was mustered out of service October 25, 1898, and then returned to college

After graduation he traveled, worked in a Wall Street broker's office for a few months, and then went to Kansas, where he became a successful ranchman, and since 1902 had lived in Hutchinson, Kans. There he died of diabetic coma December 25, 1909. He was 32 years of age. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church

Mr Bangs married Minette, daughter of Edward Dewey, a merchant of Milwaukee, Wisc. She survives him with two sons

JOHN HARVEY BORDEN, was born April 22, 1878, in Colorado Springs, Colo., son of Charles E. Borden, a manufacturer. He was prepared for college at the Polytechnic Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y.

After graduation he studied medicine and physiology in Columbia University, from which he received both the degrees of Doctor of Medicine and Master of Arts in 1903. He was also Assistant in Bacteriology and Hygiene there in 1904-05. He was gaining success in his profession in New York City when he was taken ill and died August 10, 1908, at the age of 30 years

CHARLES ABBOTT GREENE, son of Sylvanus Krum Greene, a produce dealer of Fairport, N. Y., was born there November 18, 1876. His mother was Sarah Ann (Bryant) Greene

He was prepared for college in the Fairport Union Classical School. Upon his graduation from college he entered the Law School, and was at the same time Proctor in the College and for three years Assistant in the office of the Dean of the Graduate School.

After completing his law course he was a member of the law firm of Platt, Gilson & Greene, in New Haven, until September, 1902, when he became associated with Hon. James Brooks Dill (B A. Yale 1876) in New York City, and in July, 1904, joined the firm of Underwood, Van Vorst & Hoyt

While visiting Dr. Diefendorf (B A. Yale 1894) in New Haven Mr. Greene was attacked by appendicitis. After an operation he was progressing favorably when peritonitis set in, and he died September 27, 1909. He was in the 33d year of his age.

He was to have married, October 12, Mabelle, daughter of Charles H. Howe of Fairport.

EDWARD CLARK UPTON, son of Edward Lytton and Marian (Barton) Upton, was born September 10, 1876, at Waukegan, Ill. His preparatory course was taken at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

After finishing his college course he studied at the Northwestern University Law School, from which he graduated in 1901, taking the three years course in two years. He entered the law firm of Cook & Upton, and later formed with his father the firm of Edward L. & E. C. Upton in Chicago.

Mr. Upton died of paralysis at "Larchmere," Waukegan, Ill., October 30, 1909, at the age of 33 years.

He married Mary, daughter of J. H. Buckley, of New Haven

1900

HOLLISTER LOGAN, elder son of Walter Seth Logan (B.A. Yale 1870) and Eliza Preston (Kenyon) Logan, was born February 13, 1879, in Brooklyn, N. Y. His preparatory study was at the Ridge School, Washington, Conn., and the Berkeley School, New York City.

After his graduation from college he spent a year in the Harvard Law School and two years in the Columbia Law School, receiving from the latter the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1903. He was admitted to the New York bar the same year and entered the law office of Logan, Demond & Harby, of which his father was the head. After the latter's death in July, 1906, he became a member of the firm of Logan, Demond, Hanford & Read.

Mr Logan died suddenly of heart disease in New York City, April 23, 1910, at the age of 31 years.

His brother is a member of the graduating class in the Academical Department.

1901

ROBERT WOODS CHANDLER, son of William Erastus Chandler, formerly a well-known choir-master and teacher of music in New Haven, Conn., was born in that city, February 3, 1878. His mother was Mary Pierce (Woods) Chandler, who died March 22, 1903.

He was fitted for college in the Hopkins Grammar School and Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and entered Yale with the class of 1900 but was out of college a year on account of illness, and joined the class of 1901 in Sophomore year. While in college he was one of the editors of the *Yale News*, manager of the University Bicycle Association, and organist of Dwight Hall.

After graduation he was for a time in the employ of the Midvale Steel Company of Philadelphia, and of Frank A. Munsey and Robert Grier Cooke. He was then for several years in the stock-brokerage business, at first with Day,

Adams & Company, in New York City, and then with Tucker, Hayes & Company in Boston.

Mr. Chandler died suddenly of diabetes at the home of his aunt in Enfield, Mass., January 13, 1910, in the 32d year of his age. He had been ill for three months but his condition had seemed to be steadily improving until a few days before his death.

He married October 4, 1906, Lucy Aline Tower (B.A. Smith 1905), daughter of Charles J. Tower, of Fall River, Mass., and since then had resided in Boston. Mrs. Chandler and his brother, William Woods Chandler (B.A. Yale 1896), survive him.

1904

EDWARD MUSGRAVE LACEY, son of Hon. Edward S. and Annette C. (Musgrave) Lacey, was born November 22, 1881, in Charlotte, Mich. He took his preparatory course at Lawrenceville, N. J. Immediately after his graduation from college, he entered the employment of the Bankers National Bank of Chicago, and in 1908 was elected Assistant Cashier. This position he occupied until September 1, 1909, when the Bankers National Bank and the Commercial National Bank of Chicago were consolidated under the latter title. Of the consolidated bank he was an Assistant Cashier until his death.

Mr. Lacey died of inflammatory rheumatism at his home in Evanston, Ill., February 4, 1910. He was 28 years of age and unmarried. He was a member of St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church of Evanston, Ill.

At the time of his birth his father was a member of Congress from the third district of Michigan, from 1889 to 1892, Comptroller of the Currency, from 1892 to 1909, president of the Bankers National Bank of Chicago, and since September 1, 1909, chairman of the board of directors of the Commercial National Bank of Chicago.

1905

FREDERICK LEONARD ADAMS was born June 19, 1883, in Brooklyn, N Y, the son of David and Fredericka Bremer (Kline) Adams. His father was a member of the publishing firm of Beadle & Adams. He attended the Adelphi Academy, Brooklyn, the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven, and the Hotchkiss School, in preparation for college.

After his college graduation he took the course in the New York Law School, receiving his law degree in 1907, and meanwhile also held a clerkship in the law offices of Wells & Nash in New York City. He was admitted to the bar in 1907, and practiced his profession, continuing with the same firm. He took a lively interest in political matters, and was an active member of the Republican organization of his assembly district.

From his boyhood he had greatly enjoyed out-door life, and for over a dozen years past had spent several months each year at Temagami, Canada, in canoeing, fishing, and hunting. He had become sufficiently expert to receive from the Canadian government a license as guide.

Mr Adams died in New York City, February 12, 1910, from blood poisoning resulting from an operation. He was 26 years of age, and unmarried.

JAMES JOSEPH HOGAN, son of John F and Bridget (Meehan) Hogan, was born October 31, 1872, at Glenbane, Tipperary County, Ireland, but when he was a child his parents removed to Torrington, Conn, which was thereafter his home. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N H.

During his Junior and Senior years he held the John Bennetto Scholarship. He played right tackle on the University Football Team for four years and was captain of the championship team of 1904. He was also a member of the Track Team, was manager of the University Dramatic

Association, president of the Newman Association, and at graduation was appointed the class representative of the Alumni University Fund Association.

After graduation he took the course in the Columbia Law School, and while there was on the staff of the *Law Review*. He was also football critic on the New York *World*. He received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1908, and after a period with the law firm of Hatch & Clute he accepted an appointment under Commissioner Edwards of New York City as Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner. This position he filled with credit, but resigned early in 1910 with the purpose of taking up active law practice with the firm of Simpson, Thacher & Bartlett. But Bright's disease greatly aggravated by the grip laid him aside, and after three months of suffering he died from an acute attack of uræmia at the Elm City Hospital, New Haven, March 20, 1910, at the age of 37 years. He had been ill at his home in Torrington, Conn., but the day before his death was removed to New Haven in a special train provided by his college friends, whose devotion in his last days has been rarely equaled. A famous Yale athlete of an earlier day said of him: "His rugged honesty, unflinching morality, universal good nature, unselfish generosity, and manly demeanor made him one of the strongest and most lovable of Yale men. In Yale history there has been no more striking example of success in so short a life, achieved in a continual struggle against natural obstacles but brought about by unfailing perseverance with the principles of Christian manliness."

His parents, three sisters, and three brothers, one of them Dr. William J. Hogan (M.D. Yale 1898), survive him.

1907

CHARLES JULIUS DAVIS was born April 2, 1884, in Gloversville, N. Y., which has sent an unusually large number of students to Yale. His father was Charles F.

Davis, of the firm of Davis & Shafer, who conduct a laundry business His mother was Jennie E. (Falvey) Davis

He was prepared for college at the Gloversville High School, and while at home acted as assistant in the Public Library His experience there trained him to give useful help at times of special need in the University Secretary's office during his college course.

He had long planned to enter the ministry as his life work, and expected to take the course in Drew Theological Seminary The year after graduation from college he was assistant to the pastor of the Spring Street Presbyterian Church in New York City

October 19, 1908, he married at Gloversville, Miss Nellie W Jones of that place, and then became pastor of the Methodist church at Diller, Nebr, where he died after an illness of five weeks from cerebro-spinal meningitis, June 16, 1909 He was 25 years of age

WILLIAM SHELDON WHITTLESEY, youngest son of Rev. Nathan Hart Whittlesey, D D (B.A Yale 1871), and Harriet Warner (Newell) Whittlesey, was born July 17, 1885, in Creston, Iowa, where his father was then pastor of the Congregational Church In 1887 the family removed to Evanston, Ill, and in 1892 to New Haven, Conn, where he was prepared for college in the High School

On entering college he received honorable mention in the S H Galpin Entrance Prize Competition, and at the end of Freshman year a Berkeley Premium for excellence in Latin composition In Junior and Senior years he maintained a Philosophical Oration stand, and in Senior year held the Cox Scholarship In Senior year he received the John Hubbard Curtis Prize for his essay, "An Out-Door Paper After the Manner of Thoreau"

After his graduation from college he spent a year as a private tutor in New Bedford, Mass., then entered the Graduate School for special work in English, received the Degree of Master of Arts in 1909, and was awarded the John Addison Porter Memorial Fellowship for further study. This fellowship he resigned in the fall, and planned to devote himself to literary production, for which he had already shown unusual ability. He was living with his brothers George N. Whittlesey (B A. Yale 1900) and Richard E. Whittlesey (B A. Yale 1906) in Brooklyn, N. Y., where he died from accidental asphyxiation, January 19, 1910. He was 24 years of age. The burial was in the Grove Street Cemetery in New Haven. Besides his brothers, his mother and a sister survive him.

He was a member of the (Congregational) Church of the Redeemer in New Haven. He will be affectionately remembered for his sunny nature, his high ideals, and the unusual beauty of his character and purity of his life.

1908

THOMAS HOOKER, son of Dr Edward Beecher Hooker (M D. Boston Univ. 1877) and Martha Clark (Kilbourne) Hooker, was born July 20, 1886, in Hartford, Conn. He was a grandson of John Hooker (Yale 1837), great-grandson of Edward Hooker (Yale 1805) and of Rev. Dr. Lyman Beecher (Yale 1797), and a lineal descendant in the eighth generation of Rev Thomas Hooker, founder of Hartford Colony.

After preparation in the Hartford public schools he entered college, and in Sophomore year was chosen a member of the *Yale News* Board. On completing his Academic course, he entered the Forest School, and had finished his first year there, when he was suddenly taken with appendicitis, of which he died at the Yale Infirmary, June 20, 1909. He was in his 23rd year and unmarried. He was an excel-

lent student, a man of high ideals and of peculiar personal charm. He was a member of the First Church of Christ, Hartford, of which his ancestor was the first pastor. His parents, a brother, Joseph Kilbourne Hooker (B.A. Yale 1909), and a sister survive him. He is buried in Cedar Hill Cemetery, Hartford.

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1851

MATTHEW TURNER NEWTON, son of Israel and Harriet (Turner) Newton, was born June 4, 1829, in Colchester, Conn., and took his preparatory course at Bacon Academy in that town.

After graduation from the Medical School he began professional practice in Salem, adjoining his native town. In 1853 he was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives from Salem, but at the close of the legislative session he removed to Suffield, which had since been his home.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he entered the army and in May, 1861, was commissioned Assistant Surgeon of the 3d Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers. He took part in the first battle of Bull Run, July 21. The regiment was mustered out of service in August, and the following October he was commissioned Surgeon of the 10th Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers, and was for a considerable time in camp near Beaufort, S C. In February, 1864, on account of ill health, he resigned from active service, and as soon as his health would permit engaged in the wholesale tobacco business. This he continued until 1878, when he resumed medical practice, and gained a leading position in the community, combining with his professional skill thorough knowledge of human nature and rare personal charm.

In 1893 he was again a member of the legislature, serving as chairman of the committee on humane institutions. After this he retired from practice to a great extent, but continued in other influential positions. For many years he was chairman of the executive committee of the Trustees of the Connecticut Literary Institution, and for twelve years previous to 1906 was President of the Suffield Savings Bank. He was also a director of the Kent Memorial Library.

Dr Newton died of paralysis at his home in Suffield, July 24, 1909, at the age of 80 years. He was a member of the Second Baptist Church.

He married, August 15, 1856, Louise A., eldest daughter of Samuel Austin, of Suffield, who died in 1883. She left a son who died later, and a daughter. Dr. Newton married again in July, 1893, Cornelia, daughter of Chauncey and Maria (Granger) Pomeroy of Suffield, who died July 28, 1909.

1871

THOMAS NEIL McLEAN, son of Allen Neil and Emeline (Barber) McLean, was born February 17, 1843, at Simsbury, Conn. His grandfather, Rev. Allen McLean (B.A. Yale 1805), was for fifty years pastor of the Congregational Church in Simsbury. His brother, Allen McLean (B.A. Yale 1865), died in 1882.

After a preparatory course in Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass., he entered the class of 1866 in the Academical Department, but left in Sophomore year to engage in business in Louisiana. He was a cotton planter for three years, and in the insurance business for a year, after which he returned North, and entered the Yale Medical School.

Since graduation he had practiced his profession in Elizabeth, N. J. He had been city physician, member of the Board of Health, visiting and consulting physician of the Elizabeth General Hospital, president of Union County (N. J.) Medical Society, delegate to the Thirteenth International Medical Congress of Medicine in Paris in 1900, president of the Elizabeth Association for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis, and director of the New Jersey Association for the same. He was an elder in the Westminster Presbyterian Church.

Dr. McLean was taken with pneumonia in Baltimore, Md., while on a pleasure trip, and died at the Johns Hopkins Hospital, April 8, 1910, at the age of 67 years.

He married in New York City, October 13, 1875, Elizabeth, daughter of John Bayliss of High Ridge, Stamford, Conn. She survives him with two daughters

1878

WALTER JOHN SMITH, son of a clergyman and physician, John Derby Smith (B.A. Yale 1832) and Susan (Anthony) Smith, was born January 10, 1857, at Berkley, Mass. His mother was the daughter of Dr. John Anthony, a physician of North Scituate, R. I. His grandfather, Dr. Nathan Smith (M.D. Harv. 1801), became the head of the newly organized Medical Institution of Yale College in 1813.

After a preparatory course of study in the High School at West Bridgewater, Mass., he served in the United States Navy three years as apothecary, and then entered the Yale Medical School in the fall of 1876.

He was medical examiner of the First District of Providence County, R. I., and health officer, also superintendent of schools of Scituate, R. I., but later removed to Providence, where he died March 13, 1910, in the 54th year of his age.

He married at Oswego, N. Y., August 12, 1902, Nellie Clephane Sivers, daughter of Henry Sivers. She survives him. Two brothers also became physicians.

1880

CHARLES EDWARD MCGOWAN, son of Edward and Ann (Woods) McGowan, was born October 8, 1855, in New Haven, Conn. He took his academic course at St. John's College, now Fordham University, New York, receiving his Bachelor's degree in 1877, and later the Master's degree.

On receiving his medical degree after three years of study in the Yale Medical School, because of the earnest wish of his mother he decided to study for the Roman Catholic priesthood. He entered St. Mary's Seminary, Baltimore,

Md, graduated there in 1884, and was ordained Priest in St Patrick's Church, New Haven. For a number of years he was in charge of the church at Montville, Conn, and since then had been stationed at Hartford.

Father McGowan died at the home of his sister, Mrs. Cornelius Kiernan, in New Haven, March 14, 1910. He was 54 years of age. Two sisters and several nephews and nieces survive him.

1891

FREDERICK OSCAR CHAMBERLAIN was born at Sutter Creek, Cal, January 21, 1865, the son of Oscar Lafayette and Mary Zayde (Farrill) Chamberlain. His father was a native of Sparta, Livingston County, N. Y., in early life lived at Mount Morris in the same county, and removed to Sutter Creek, and finally to San Francisco. His mother was a native of Liverpool, England.

His early education was obtained at the Berkeley Gymnasium, Berkeley, Cal, and abroad, in Geneva and Paris. After receiving the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Letters at the University of Paris, in 1889 he entered the Yale Medical School and after graduation here studied again in Paris, where he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1894, remaining in that city in practice for several years.

He married in New York City in 1893 Anna Kingsbury Fischer, daughter of Dr. Emil Fischer of Philadelphia. She died in 1898 on the Island of Jersey, and after that he broke down in health and gave up practice, returning to California, where he took up mining in the newly discovered fields of southern Nevada. Having gained substantial interests in mines in that state, in 1904 he established headquarters for his mining brokerage business in San Francisco. In 1907 he was elected a member of the governing and finance committees of the San Francisco Stock Exchange Board, and was president of the Board at the time of his death,

which occurred December 5, 1909, in San Francisco. He was 44 years of age.

He married a second time at San Francisco, April 5, 1903, Miss Helene L. Rosenfeld, who survives him.

As a physician he contributed to the London *Lancet* and New York *Medical News* in 1895-97, and published in Paris in 1894 the monograph "De la maladie de Basedow."

1902

JAMES JOSEPH DUNLEAVY, son of Patrick and Mary (McHale) Dunleavy, was born January 21, 1876, in New Haven, Conn. He took his preparatory course in the High School.

On graduating from the Yale Medical School he received an appointment as interne at St. Mark's Hospital, New York City, and later opened an office in 156th street. On account of ill health he was obliged to give up his practice, and returned to New Haven, where after an illness of several months he died February 6, 1910, at the age of 34 years. He was a member of the Roman Catholic Church.

He married in New Haven, September 2, 1903, Anne, daughter of Cornelius and R. Augusta Kiernan. She survives him with one child.

1907

EDMUND LOWELL MARCY was born in Webster, Mass., April 6, 1882, the son of Emory W. and Georgia (Barton) Marcy.

After receiving his early education in the schools of Webster, he spent three years in Amherst College, at the end of which he entered the Yale Medical School.

While a student at Yale he was appointed an editor of the *Yale Medical Journal*.

After his graduation he at once removed to Buffalo, N. Y., and became associated in practice with his brother, Dr.

William H. Marcy. He was later junior surgeon of the Emergency Hospital, and surgeon for the New York Central Railroad

Dr Marcy died January 23, 1910, at the Sisters' Hospital, Buffalo, N. Y., after an illness beginning with scarlet fever the middle of December. He was in the 28th year of his age

He married in July, 1903, Miss Lillian Glynn, of Amherst, who survives him

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1859

SAMUEL COUCH KEELER, son of William Knox Keeler and Esther (Couch) Keeler, was born September 10, 1837, in Ridgefield, Conn. About 1848 the family removed to Catharine, afterward called Montour, in Schuyler (then Chemung) County, N. Y. He finished his preparatory studies at Lima (N. Y.) Seminary, entering the Law School in September, 1857.

He was admitted to the bar of the State of New York in May, 1860, and at once began practicing law at Havana, N. Y., the first year in partnership with Hon. Jeremiah McGuire with whom he had previously read law. From 1865 to 1867 he was district attorney for Schuyler County. He afterward practiced alone at Watkins, N. Y., until the fall of 1888 when he was elected county judge and surrogate of Schuyler County. To this office he was twice reelected, serving in all eighteen years. After his retirement from the bench, he resumed practice at Watkins.

In many important positions he showed his integrity, sound judgment and large capacity for thorough work. About 1873 he was appointed postmaster of Havana, and in 1887 and 1889 supervisor of the town of Montour. He was one of the trustees of the "People's College" at Montour, continuing as trustee under its later name of Cook Academy. He was chairman of the Republican county committee, a delegate to several Republican State Conventions and often a delegate to the judicial conventions of the district. For many years he was president of the Schuyler County Bar Association. He was a vestryman of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church of Montour Falls, and later a member of St. James's Church, Watkins.

Judge Keeler died at St. Luke's Hospital, New York City, after several months' illness, February 17, 1910, at the age of 72 years.

He married at Havana, N. Y., December 16, 1862, Octavia Isadore, daughter of George VanVleeck Hitchcock, a merchant, and had a son and daughter Mrs. Keeler and their daughter survive, but their son, who was a student in Hobart College two years, and a lawyer at Watkins, N. Y., died in 1897.

1861

JAY EDWARD RUSSELL, son of Jeremiah and Sarah Eunice (Parmelee) Russell, and a lineal descendant of Rev. John Russell (Harvard 1645), was born November 19, 1835, at Branford, Conn

He was prepared for college at Guilford (Conn) Institute, was a student in Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., during two terms of Freshman year, and after teaching a year in Branford Academy, entered the Yale Law School in September, 1859

After graduation he was Town Clerk of Branford from 1861 to 1866, and Judge of Probate of the Branford district from 1862 to 1869. In 1883 he patented the Hydraulic Giant, and since January 1, 1900, had been engaged at East Auburn, Cal., upon the project of providing from the American River a supply of mountain water and electricity for the cities of San Francisco, Berkeley, and Alameda. He was sole owner of the plant and machinery, with a thousand acres of land

In 1893 he made a tour around the world by way of the Suez Canal

Judge Russell died of heart disease at Auburn, Cal., February 19, 1909, at the age of 73 years. He was a member of the First Congregational Church of San Francisco.

He married in Brooklyn, N. Y., March 2, 1869, Caroline Mary, daughter of Robert Duncan, and had two daughters, the elder of whom with Mrs Russell survives him

1864

EDWARD WALTER DAWSON was born in New Haven, Conn., November 20, 1840, third of the seven children of William Holt Dawson and Martha C. (Wilmot) Dawson. His father was in early life a merchant in New York City, and later owner of a fruit farm in Westville.

While teaching in Milford and Westville, Conn., he began reading law, and during his second year in the Law School entered the office of Hon. Luzon B. Morris (B.A. Yale 1854), with whom he remained until admitted to the bar. He did not practice law, however, but was chiefly engaged in editorial work.

While in Italy for several months he was on the staff of General Garibaldi. After his return from that country he published in 1872 "The Castle of the Three Mysteries," translated from an Italian historical romance of the seventeenth century, and the following year "Benedict's Wanderings in Ireland, Scotland, Italy, and Sicily." He also wrote other books of travel and sketches.

Mr. Dawson was editor and publisher of the *Shasta Record* of Millville, Cal., from 1877 to 1881; of the *South Florida Progress*, *Florida Home Seeker*, and *Florida Trade Journal* from 1890 to 1903; editor of *Youth and Age Magazine*, Nashville, Tenn., and *Waverly* (N. Y.) editor and manager of the *Sayre* (Pa.) *Daily Times* until 1906, and for years had been manager of the *Keystone Guard* of Athens, and the *Pennsylvania Keystone Guard*.

He died at Camden, N. J., January 23, 1910, at the age of 69 years.

He married in New Haven, January 30, 1865, Alice Augusta, daughter of Willis Minor and Mary E. (Sperry) Smith. Their son is deceased, but Mrs. Dawson and their daughter are living.

1871

AARON BENEDICT GARDENIER, son of David William Gardener, a farmer, and Elizabeth Ann (Benedict) Gardener, was born September 26, 1848, in Kinderhook, N. Y. He studied in Taconic Institute at Lanesboro, Mass., at Seaside Institute, West Haven, Conn., and then entered the Yale Law School.

On his admission to the bar he began practice in his native town, where he was for nearly ten years in the law firm of Gardener & Barrett, and then became associated with Hon. Sanford W. Smith of Chatham in the firm of Gardener & Smith. From 1880 to 1889 he was District Attorney of the County, and was then elected a Representative in the State Legislature. The following year he removed to Chatham, and was reelected to the Assembly. In 1894 he was again a member, and chairman of the Judiciary Committee. In his earlier practice he gained a reputation for skill as a criminal lawyer, but later gave his attention to civil cases and to the work of counselor. For several years past he had ably filled the office of attorney for the New York Central Railroad Company.

Mr. Gardener died at his home in Chatham June 18, 1909, in the 61st year of his age. His health had been failing for several months.

He married at Kinderhook, September 26, 1876, Elizabeth Gordon Rathbone, daughter of William Peckham Rathbone, a manufacturer of Valatie. She survives him with a son.

1872

HENRY FRANKLIN HALL, son of Henry Franklin and Elizabeth Peck (Buell) Hall, was born April 22, 1840, in Wallingford, Conn. He gained his early education in the Wallingford High School.

After graduation from the Law School he practiced his profession in Wallingford until 1900, and served as warden

of the borough and borough attorney. To him is largely due the municipal ownership of the Wallingford water-works

He died in Middletown, Conn, February 24, 1910, after a long illness. He was 69 years of age.

Mr. Hall married October 5, 1881, Lucy, daughter of Thomas Asbury Hardy and Elizabeth (Pierce) Hardy. She survives him with two daughters.

1884

RICHARD GLEESON, son of Thomas Gleeson, of Bridgeport, Conn, and Mary A. Parker (Spellacy) Gleeson, was born July 27, 1848, at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island. He was a student there in St Dunstan's College, but in 1877 went to Ireland, where he graduated from St John's College, Waterford.

After graduating from the Yale Law School he passed the bar examinations of New Jersey, but settled in practice in Meriden, Conn, in 1885, and remained there until his death, which occurred April 4, 1909. He was in the 61st year of his age

He married, January 30, 1891, Susan M, daughter of Thomas Cooney, of Norwalk, Conn., who survives him with a daughter

1885

EDMUND BUTLER, son of Colonel Edmund Butler, was born March 16, 1859, in Baltimore, Md. His early education was obtained in the schools at the military posts where his father was stationed. On receiving the degree of Bachelor of Science from the University of Kansas in 1883 he entered the Yale Law School.

After graduation from the Law School he was proprietor and editor of the *Stock Growers' Journal* in Miles City, Mont, for a number of years, also police magistrate under

both Republican and Democratic administrations. In 1896 he married Miss Effie M Eversoll, and moved to Carbon County, where he engaged in the drug business, also in real estate and insurance. Two years later he disposed of his interests there, and moved to Clarkston, Wash, where in addition to a real estate and insurance business, he owned a fruit ranch.

He died of heart failure at Clarkston, May 30, 1908, at the age of 49 years. Besides Mrs. Butler five brothers survive him.

1893

LAWRENCE MARSHALL BYERS, son of Major Samuel H. Marshall Byers, and Margaret (Gilmour) Byers, was born at Horgen, near Zurich, Switzerland, August 18, 1872. Major Byers was an officer of the Fifth Iowa Infantry in the Civil War, served for a time on Gen. Sherman's staff, and while in prison in South Carolina wrote the song "The March to the Sea," which became widely popular. After the war, he was for many years United States Consul at Zurich, and later was Consul General for Italy and for Switzerland, under Presidents Arthur and Harrison respectively

He obtained his early education in Europe, graduated from Penn College at Oskaloosa, Ia, in 1890, and the following year was Penn Fellow in astronomy at Haverford College, from which he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1891. He then studied Roman law at the University of Zurich and finished his law course at Yale.

He entered upon the practice of his profession in Des Moines, Ia, giving lectures also in the Law Department of Drake University, and in 1903 was called to the Professorship of Pleading and Practice at the University of Iowa.

Professor Byers had started on a summer vacation journey to Switzerland and while aboard the steamship suffered from an ulcerated tooth which caused an abscess.

On reaching London he submitted to an operation for the relief of the trouble, and during the operation died under ether, July 7, 1909. He was in the 37th year of his age, and unmarried. His body was brought back and buried in Oskaloosa.

1897

ARCHIBALD FOOTE CLARK, son of Edgar K. Clark, was born August 27, 1869, in Buffalo, N. Y. Before coming to the Yale Law School he was a clerk in a railroad office in Buffalo, and in 1896 received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from the University of the State of New York.

After graduation from Yale he won a position by competitive examination in a publishing house, with which he remained three years, and then removed to New York City, entering the law firm of Gillette & Clark.

Mr Clark died without warning October 15, 1909, in the New York County Court House, at the age of 40 years.

He married Emma, daughter of Henry Behman, of the firm of Hyde & Behman, theatrical managers. She survives him with a step-son.

1904

JESSE NAPOLEON SULZBERGER was born in New York City, August 4, 1882, and was the third son of Ferdinand and Rosa (Weil) Sulzberger, of the meat-packing firm of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger. His early education was gained in Germany, at Dr. Sach's Collegiate Institute in New York, and at the Riverside Academy in Poughkeepsie.

After his graduation from the Law School he became a director in one of his father's packing-houses, and was later made secretary of the firm.

Mr. Sulzberger died July 7, 1909, at the Mount Sinai Hospital, New York City, after an operation for appendicitis, following an illness of several weeks. He was in his 27th year, and unmarried.

1905

LON KIRBY WISEHART was born in Middletown, Ind, February 22, 1873, and spent about two years in Leland Stanford Junior University before entering the Yale Law School

During his first year here his home address was given as Palo Alto, and the last two years as Newcastle, Ind

Since his graduation he had practiced law in Los Angeles, Cal, where he died after an illness of three months, February 11, 1910, in the 37th year of his age

He left a widow and a step-daughter.

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1852

WILLIAM PHIPPS BLAKE was born June 1, 1826, in New York City, the son of Dr Elisha and Adeline Nancy (Mix) Blake. His father was a dentist of prominence residing in New York City from 1825 to 1875, and the originator of important improvements in dentistry, and a nephew of Eli Whitney, inventor of the cotton-gin. His mother was the only daughter of Captain Jonathan Mix, of New Haven, a patriot of the Revolution and inventor of the carriage spring, and of Elizabeth Mary (Phipps) Mix.

After study in the private schools of New York City he took the Chemical course in the Sheffield Scientific School, where he was a member of the earliest class graduated.

Upon his graduation he made a thorough exploration of the zinc region of northern New Jersey and of the phosphate of lime deposits of Essex County, N. Y., for the New Jersey Exploring and Mining Company, was chemist of the chemical works in Baltimore the same year, and also acted as assistant to the Professor of Chemistry in the New York Medical College, where he gave a course of lectures on mineralogy. He started the mineral department of the New York World's Fair and traveled for it in the Southern States in 1853, resigning to accept the appointment of mineralogist and geologist for the United States Survey in California for a practicable railroad route to the Pacific coast, and for explorations in the gold region of that state, the results of which were published in volume 5 of the Pacific Railroad Series. In 1857 he joined the wagon-road survey under Beale in Texas and New Mexico, where he found the ancient turquoise mine of the Aztecs. He made exploration of the gold regions in North Carolina and Georgia and was a mining engineer until about 1860. The following year he edited the *Mining Magazine*.

From 1861 to 1863 he was mining engineer to the Japanese government, and with Professor Raphael Pumpelly established at Hakodate the first school of science in Japan, teaching chemistry and geology in the school and in the field. He visited China and returned to the United States by way of Alaska, exploring the Stickeen River, and discovering the glacier, which with other features of the region he described in a special report. This was later sent as a message to Congress by President Grant. On reaching this country he was engaged as mining expert in descriptions and studies of the Comstock Lode, was elected Professor of Geology and Mining at the College of California, and was also mineralogist of the State Board of Agriculture at Oakland until 1867. In that year he was appointed commissioner from the Pacific coast to the Paris Exposition of 1867, and edited the Reports of the United States Commissioners for the State Department, published in six volumes. In 1873 he led the scientific corps in an expedition of the United States across the island of San Domingo. He was then United States Commissioner from Connecticut to the Centennial Exposition of 1876 in Philadelphia, serving on the committee on classification, and as executive commissioner until the appointment of the Commissioner-General. Under the auspices of the Smithsonian Institution he made a large collection to illustrate the mineral resources of the United States, and this became the basis of the collection in the National Museum at Washington. He also made a collection illustrating ceramic art. At the Paris Exposition of 1878 he was United States Commissioner, and secretary of the scientific commissioners, and for that of 1889 made a collection showing the mineral riches of the United States which was awarded a grand prize by the international committee. He prepared the scheme of classification for the Columbian Exposition at Chicago in 1893.

Since then he had been engaged in mining and explorations in Arizona and the Southwest, and in October, 1895, was appointed Professor of Geology and Mining and Direc-

tor of the School of Mines, at the University of Arizona, Tucson, Ariz. In 1905 he retired from this position, and was appointed Professor of Geology, *Emeritus*. Since his appointment by the Governor of Arizona in 1898 he had also been mineralogist and geologist of that territory.

Besides numerous contributions to scientific and technical journals and reports of his investigations and discoveries, Professor Blake published "Geological Notes upon Russian America and the Stickeen River," 1868, "A Brief Account of the Life and Service of Jonathan Mix of New Haven," 1886, and "The Centenary of the Town of Hamden, Conn.," 1888

Professor Blake received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Dartmouth College in 1863, of Doctor of Science from the University of Pennsylvania in 1906, and at the semicentennial anniversary of the University of California in May, 1910, the degree of Doctor of Laws. In 1878 he was made a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor of France. In addition to membership in the American Philosophical Society and the American Institute of Mining Engineers he was a fellow of the London Geological Society, and a corresponding member of the Edinburgh Geological Society.

Professor Blake died at the home of his sister, Mrs Charles T. Blake, in Berkeley, Cal., May 21, 1910, in the 84th year of his age.

He married at South Berwick, Me., December 25, 1855, Charlotte Haven Lord Hayes, daughter of Hon. William Allen Hayes (M.A. Dartmouth 1805), for many years Judge of Probate, and had five sons and one daughter. The eldest and youngest sons are deceased, but the other three sons received the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy from Yale in 1882, 1886, and 1890, respectively. The third son also received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1885, the year before his degree in Philosophy. Mrs. Blake died April 1, 1904, and their daughter, who was the first wife of Professor Toumey of the Forest School, died January 19, 1904.

1858

GEORGE FREDERIC BARKER, son of George and Lydia Prince (Pollard) Barker, was born July 14, 1835, at Charlestown, Mass. His father was captain of the ship *Sea King* which foundered September 21, 1862, on a voyage from San Francisco to Liverpool, England, and his mother died at Charlestown in 1866.

Before entering college he visited the Crystal Palace International Exhibition in London in 1851, and on his return from England entered the establishment for making philosophical instruments of Hon J. M. Wightman in Boston as an apprentice, and remained there five years, while his preparatory text-book education was obtained in the High School at Charlestown, Mass., Berwick and Yarmouth Academies in Maine, and Lawrence Academy, Groton, Mass.

He took the Chemical course in the Sheffield Scientific School and during his Senior year was assistant to Professor Silliman. He then entered the Harvard Medical School, and while a student there was also Assistant in Chemistry. During the winter of 1859 he was also Lecturer in the Western University of Pennsylvania at Pittsburg. In 1861 he was Professor of Natural Science at Wheaton (Ill.) College. The following year he completed his medical course in the Albany (N. Y.) Medical College (Union University), receiving his degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1863, and at the same time was Acting Professor of Chemistry there. In 1864 he returned to the Western University of Pennsylvania as Professor of Natural Sciences.

In 1865 he was Demonstrator of Chemistry in the Medical Department of Yale, the following year occupied the chair of Professor Silliman during his absence, and in 1867 was appointed Professor of Physiological Chemistry and Toxicology in the Yale Medical School. In 1868-69 he was also Professor of Chemistry in Williams College. After holding the chair at Yale six years he accepted an appointment as

Professor of Physics in the University of Pennsylvania in 1873, and continued his active duties twenty-seven years, in 1900 becoming Professor *Emeritus*. In July, 1878, he was a member of the Draper solar eclipse expedition to Rawlins, Wyo.

In 1872 he was appointed State Chemist of Connecticut, and testified in many noted cases of poisoning. He was also employed as an expert in important patent cases, involving electric incandescent lighting, the telephone, storage battery, and other electrical and chemical appliances. In 1881 he was one of the Commissioners from the United States to the International Electrical Exhibition in Paris, and a delegate to the International Congress of Electricians, and in 1884 he was appointed by President Arthur a member of the United States Electrical Commission.

Professor Barker received the honorary degree of Doctor of Science from the University of Pennsylvania in 1898, and the same year the degree of Doctor of Laws from Allegheny College, and from McGill University in 1900.

He was elected a member of the National Academy of Sciences in 1876; was a fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, vice-president in 1871 and 1876, and president in 1879, corresponding member of the British Association for the Advancement of Science; honorary member of the Royal Institution of Great Britain, and a member of scientific societies of France and Germany. In 1881 he received from the French Government the decoration of Commander of the Legion of Honor. As a delegate of scientific societies and of the University of Pennsylvania he attended many notable educational anniversaries.

Professor Barker's publications include a "Textbook of Elementary Chemistry," "Advanced Course in Physics," and numerous magazine articles on scientific subjects, addresses, lectures, and scientific papers. He was assistant editor of the *American Journal of Science* from 1868 to

1900, editor of the *Journal of the Franklin Institute* in 1874-75, and for a number of years edited the "Annual Record of the Progress of Physics," published in the Smithsonian Reports. He was a contributor to the *American Chemist*, and the *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society*.

Professor Barker died in Philadelphia, Pa., May 24, 1910, in the 75th year of his age.

He married in New Haven, August 15, 1861, Mary Minerva daughter of George Treadway, inspector of United States Customs in New Haven, and had four daughters and a son. The son and one daughter are deceased, but Mrs. Barker and three daughters are living. Of these the eldest married Professor Charles E. Munroe, Ph.D. (B.S. Harvard 1871), of George Washington University, the second married William S. McIntire, and the third married Percival Dove (B.A. Harvard 1898).

1868

EUGENE STUART BRISTOL, son of William Brooks Bristol (B.A. Yale 1825) and Mary Wolcott (Bliss) Bristol, was born in New Haven, Conn., January 4, 1843. His grandfather and great-grandfather were both Yale graduates, in 1798 and 1760, respectively.

He attended school at General Russell's Collegiate and Commercial Institute in New Haven, enlisted in the Union army, December 13, 1863, was mustered in as Second Lieutenant of the 29th Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers (Colored) and was promoted to the rank of First Lieutenant. He served in the Army of the James, and was wounded at Chapin's Farm, Va., September 29, 1864, while defending Fort Harrison. He was mustered out of service October 24, 1865.

After the war he entered the Sheffield Scientific School, and on his graduation was for two years Assistant in

Chemistry there. The next three years he spent in Utah successfully engaged in mining operations. After his return he devoted himself to scientific studies and became interested in the manufacture of pins and in other business enterprises in New Haven and its vicinity. In 1887 he accepted the position of manager of a company making horseshoe nails in Chicago, Ill, where he resided for the next six years. In February, 1896, he became assistant treasurer of the Union Trust Company of New Haven and in November of the same year its treasurer. He held this office until his death. For a number of years he had been secretary of his class.

Mr. Bristol died of pneumonia after a few days' illness at his home in New Haven, April 2, 1910, at the age of 67 years. In 1858 he became a member of the North (now United) Congregational Church

He married in New Haven, Conn, July 18, 1903, Miss Julia Silliman Gilman, of Flushing, N. Y., daughter of Rev Edward Whiting Gilman, D.D. (B A Yale 1843), and Julia (Silliman) Gilman, and niece of the late President Daniel C. Gilman (B A. Yale 1852) of Johns Hopkins University. Mrs. Bristol survives him. Two brothers (B A. Yale 1859 and 1877, respectively) are living, also two sisters, one of them the wife of Professor Edward S. Dana (B.A. Yale 1870).

1870

WILLIAM ALFRED HINDS was born February 2, 1833, in Enfield, Mass, the son of Samuel and Lucy (Amsden) Hinds

In 1849 he became a member of the Oneida Community, and for thirty years was associated with its founder, John H. Noyes, as printer, stenographer, and writer.

He was fitted for college privately, took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School, and while a student there won an essay prize.

Since the organization of the Community into a joint stock company in 1880 he had been a director and held various executive offices, and after the death of Theodore R. Noyes (M.D. Yale 1867) in 1903 succeeded him as President of the Oneida Company, Limited, residing at Kenwood, Madison County, N. Y.

In 1878 after visiting the communistic societies of the United States he published "American Communities," a revised edition being issued in 1902. He wrote the article in the *Encyclopædia Britannica* on the Oneida Community, and with Dr. J. H. Noyes edited the weekly *American Socialist* from 1876 to 1879.

Mr. Hinds died at Kenwood, May 28, 1910, at the age of 77 years.

1872

THOMAS WALLACE WRIGHT, one of the nine children of Alexander and Mary (Wallace) Wright, was born August 3, 1842, at Galloway, Scotland. In early life he came to Canada, was prepared for college at the Collegiate Institute at Galt, in the province of Ontario, and then took the academical course in the University of Toronto, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1863. He entered the class in the Sheffield Scientific School in January of Senior year. In 1882 he took the degree of Civil Engineer at Yale.

After graduation from Yale he was employed as a civil engineer in the Lake survey at Detroit, Mich., and later as instructor in engineering at Lehigh University, Bethlehem, Pa. In 1885 he was appointed Professor of Applied Mathematics and Physics in Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., continuing in that position until 1905, after which he retired and was made professor *emeritus*.

He received the degree of Master of Arts from the University of Toronto in 1891, also the same year the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Union College.

He was the author of "Adjustments of Observations," second edition, 1906, and "Elements of Mechanics," seventh edition, 1906

Professor Wright died of paralysis at his home in Schenectady September 13, 1908, at the age of 66 years.

He married in Detroit, Mich, Frances E, daughter of George Winfield Boughton, a farmer of Novesta, Mich She died February 20, 1877, and he married again at Galt, Canada, June 20, 1879, Margaret Taylor, daughter of Adam Hood She survives him with three daughters and two sons by his first marriage. The sons are Bachelors of Arts of Union College in 1895 and 1899, respectively

1877

MORRIS BURKE BELKNAP, youngest son of William Burke and Mary (Richardson) Belknap, was born June 7, 1856, in Louisville, Ky. After preparation for college in a private school in that city, he spent a year in Europe with his brother, William Richardson Belknap (Ph B Yale 1869), principally engaged in study in Hanover, Germany, and then took the course in Mechanical Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School

After graduation he spent three months in South America, and he had made several extended trips to Europe For four years he was a member of a firm in Louisville controlled by his father, then extensively manufacturing plows and farm implements, and in 1883 entered the hardware business of W. B Belknap & Company After the death of his father in 1889, he was chosen vice-president of the company, and held this position during the remainder of his life

For several years he was president of the Louisville Board of Trade, and was recognized as an important factor in promoting the commercial interests of the city. In 1895 he read a paper before the National Hardware Association at Pittsburg, and in 1905 was a delegate to the International

Congress of Chambers of Commerce at Liege. From 1894 to 1903 he was a member of the Park Commission of the city

In 1898, from August to December, he served in the Spanish-American War as private, Captain, and Lieutenant-Colonel of the Louisville Legion, First Kentucky Volunteer Infantry, and was on active duty around Ponce and Mayaguez, Porto Rico

Colonel Belknap was the Republican candidate for Governor of Kentucky in 1903, but was defeated. Since 1905 he had been president of the Yale Alumni Association of Kentucky

For a number of years he was a member of the boards of trustees and deacons of the Warren Memorial Presbyterian Church, and later chairman of both boards, but resigned on account of ill health

Colonel Belknap died at his home in Louisville April 13, 1910, in the 54th year of his age, after an illness of two years from pernicious anemia. He had not been strong since his service in the Spanish-American War

He married, June 14, 1883, at Louisville, Lily, only daughter of Captain Simon B. Buckner, and had two sons and two daughters. She died in 1893, and July 16, 1900, he married Marion S. B. Dumont of Plainfield, N. J., who survives him. The children by his first marriage are also living, the elder son having graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1908

1879

KAKICHI MITSUKURI was born in Edo, Japan, December 1, 1857, and was the second son of Shuhyo Mitsukuri, a retainer of the former feudal lord Tsuyama, and noted as a student of the Chinese classics. He belonged to a notable family of scholars. His brother, Baron Kikuchi, was President of the University of Tokio, and afterward at the head of the public school system of Japan, and his grandfather,

Dr. Gempo Mitsukuri, was the pioneer Dutch scholar of Japan.

He came to the United States in 1873, and studied about two years in the Hartford (Conn) High School, going thence to the Troy (N Y) Polytechnic Institute, and in 1877 entering the Sheffield Scientific School as a member of the Junior class

In 1881 he studied zoology at the University of Cambridge, England, under Professor F M Balfour. Returning to Japan in 1882 he began his life work as Professor of Zoology at the Imperial University of Tokio. In 1883 he received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Johns Hopkins University, where he was a Fellow in 1880. In 1893 he was appointed Councilor of the Imperial University, and in 1901 Dean of the Science College of the University. He was also Director of the Marine Biological Station at Misaki, and was a Fellow of the Imperial Academy.

In 1897 he revisited America as head of a commission for the investigation of the fur seal, and in behalf of Japan signed a treaty agreeing for a certain time to any adjustment made between Great Britain and the United States. On his return to Japan he was awarded the Order of the Sacred Treasure for his public service. In 1904 he represented his university at the St Louis Exposition.

Dr. Mitsukuri was a master of the English language and his knowledge of the American point of view made him invaluable in preserving friendly relations between the American and Japanese nations.

He died at his home in Tokio September 17, 1909, in the 52d year of his age.

1880

CHARLES THOMPSON DODD, son of Samuel Dodd, President of the International Silver Company, and Catherine T. (Brooks) Dodd, was born in West Meriden, Conn., October 23, 1859.

After preparation in the Collegiate and Commercial School of General William H Russell (B A Yale 1833) in New Haven, he entered the Sheffield Scientific School with the class of 1879, but joined the class of 1880 at the beginning of Senior year. He took the Dynamical Engineering course, and upon graduation he at first entered the employ of the Hartford Engineering Company, was then in the office of the E W Bliss Company, in Brooklyn, N Y, and later with the Wilcox Silver Plate Company, and Meriden Gas Light Company. In 1886 he purchased the cooperage and packing case factories of George Gay in Meriden and enlarged them. He was a director of the Home National Bank, trustee of the City Savings Bank of Meriden, and of the Curtis Home, and secretary of the Meriden Yale Alumni Association. He was a vestryman of St Andrew's Episcopal Church.

Mr Dodd died of heart failure at his home in Meriden, February 26, 1910, at the age of 50 years.

He married, May 10, 1887, Etta Cheesborough Smith, daughter of Gershom B Smith of New York City

EDWARD VILETTE RAYNOLDS, son of James L and Mary G (Duncan) Raynolds, was born November 5, 1859, in Chicago, Ill. When very young he lost his father and most of his boyhood was spent at school. Entering the Sheffield Scientific School he was first a member of the class of 1879, but left to take an examination for admission to the United States Military Academy at West Point. The competitor in the examination with whom he was tied for first place was appointed and he returned to the Scientific School and joined the class of 1880, with which he graduated.

He then took the Columbia Law School course, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws there in 1882, two years later the degree of Master of Laws from Yale University, and from the same in 1885 the degree of Doctor of Civil Law. He also studied in the University of Berlin. He

practiced law a year (1882-83) in Grand Rapids, Mich., in the office of Hon. Thomas J. O'Brien, now Minister to Japan, and in 1886 was appointed Instructor in Political Economy in the Graduate Department of Yale, and in 1887 Lecturer on Political Science in the same department, continuing in this position until 1892; from 1893 to 1895 was Lecturer on Constitutional Law, and from 1902-03 on Political Science in the Graduate School. In 1889-90 he was also Instructor in Municipal Law in the Yale Law School, and in 1899-1900 Instructor in Debating in the College. In 1901 he was appointed Professor of Comparative Constitutional Law and Civil Government in the Law School, the title of his professorship being changed in 1904 to Comparative Law. With the highest integrity Professor Raynolds united unusual mental gifts, enthusiasm, and a remarkable versatility.

He had a natural aptitude for military affairs, and was at one time a Lieutenant in the New Haven Grays. He was largely responsible for the organization of the Connecticut Naval Militia, and became Commander of the battalion. In anticipation of the war with Spain he was commissioned by President McKinley Lieutenant in the United States Navy and given the command of the U. S. S. *Manhattan* at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, where he remained throughout the war but without being called into active service. After the war he became Commander again of the reorganized Naval Reserves, serving until 1901, when he retired, though continuing to devote much time to the instruction of officers and to service on examining boards.

Professor Raynolds was an extensive traveler in this country and in Europe and Asia, had visited New Zealand and Australia, had made a tour in South Africa in 1908, and visited Panama in 1909.

He married in New Haven, November 17, 1885, Elizabeth Eliot, daughter of George H. Watrous (B. A. Yale 1853) and Harriet Joy (Dutton) Watrous, who was a

daughter of Governor Henry Dutton (B A Yale 1818). Mrs Raynolds died January 11, 1900, leaving a son, who is a member of the present Senior class in College, and a daughter

Professor Raynolds married again in Toronto, Canada, January 20, 1910, Mrs Annie (Stewart) Harris, widow of Thomas Harris, and daughter of Rev. Mr. Stewart, a Baptist clergyman Before their wedding he was taken ill, and died of pneumonia, January 26, 1910, at the Hotel Belmont in New York City He was 50 years of age

Professor Raynolds delivered the Memorial Address at the services in honor of Professor Albert S Wheeler.

1883

CHUAN LOK WING, born in Canton, China, August 16, 1860, came to this country as a Chinese government student and attended the Gunnery in Washington, Conn, after which he finished his preparation for college at Norwich Academy, Norwich, Conn

In the Sheffield Scientific School he took the course in Civil Engineering, and after graduation studied in Lehigh University Since 1885 he had been in the Chinese government service, holding the position of Vice-Consul at New York since 1905 He was at various times sent on diplomatic missions to San Francisco, Panama, and Lima, Peru

Mr Wing was shot at his office by an assassin July 31, 1909, and died that evening He was 48 years of age Funeral services were held in New York under the auspices of the Masonic lodge of which he was a member, and later at the Congregational Church in Washington, Conn, the interment being in the cemetery there

He married, June 22, 1890, Margaret L Wing, who survives him He was president of the Oriental Club in New York

1885

HERBERT LINCOLN MITCHELL, son of William W. and Mary E (Haigh) Mitchell, was born January 12, 1865, in Springfield, Mass

He took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School, and while a student was a member of the University lacrosse and track teams, and was a winner of long distance runs in intercollegiate events

After graduation he entered the Berkeley Divinity School, was ordained Deacon in 1888 by Bishop Williams and Priest by Bishop Niles in 1889. His first charge was at Berlin, N. H., but in 1891 he returned to Connecticut and was rector of churches at Middle Haddam, Mystic, Noank, Yantic, and Saybrook. In 1908 he was assistant in St John's Church, Waterbury, and from there went to St Peter's Church, Plymouth. He sought weak and discouraged parishes, and infused new life into them

Mr Mitchell was drowned in the Race in Fisher's Island Sound, near Fisher's Island, N. Y., August 3, 1909. With six boys from his parishes as guests he had left his summer home on Mouse Island, ten miles east of New London, in his combined sail and power boat, for a day's fishing. On the return trip, because of a sudden change of wind, one of the boys was struck by the boom and swept overboard. The boy could not swim and Mr Mitchell jumped after him and succeeded in reaching him, but as none of the boys knew how to manage the boat it was quickly carried out of reach. Mr Mitchell's body was recovered in Fisher's Island Sound, August 10, and interred at Portland, Conn. He was 44 years of age. For his bravery the Carnegie Hero Fund commission awarded a medal, also a liberal annuity for life for his wife

Mr Mitchell married, October 10, 1889, Bessie Williams McLean, daughter of George G. and Betsey W. (Norton) McLean of Portland, Conn. She survives him with two daughters and a son

1888

FRANKLIN TREAT PARLIN, son of Franklin S Parlin, was born May 7, 1864, at Monroe, Wisc. After finishing his college preparation in the High School there in 1879, he engaged in business for five years, and then entered the Sheffield Scientific School with the class of 1887, but at the end of Freshman year left for another year in business, after which he completed the Select course with the class of 1888. While a student he was an editor of the *Yale News* and of the Senior Class Book.

For a year after graduation he was engaged in the wholesale dry goods business in St Paul, Minn., and for two years and a half from November, 1889, was a farmer in North Dakota. Since then he had been in the life insurance business, having his headquarters for five years at Fargo, N. D., and then becoming manager for the Northwestern Company in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, and Idaho. Recently he had been manager of the St Paul office of the Germania Life Insurance Company of New York.

In 1896 he was the Democratic candidate for State Insurance Commissioner of North Dakota, but was defeated.

He was much interested in golf, being secretary and treasurer of the Minnesota Golf Association, and for many years secretary of the golf committee of the Town and Country Club.

Mr Parlin had suffered from heart trouble for a year, but complications hastened his death, which occurred in St Paul, September 14, 1909. He was 45 years of age.

He married in San Francisco, Cal., March 18, 1897, Harriet Bolinger, who survives him.

1891

GEORGE COBURN KOHLER, son of Hon Jacob Adams Kohler, Attorney-General of Ohio from 1886 to 1888, was born June 26, 1869, in Akron, O. His mother was Frances

(Coburn) Kohler, a native of Chatham, N. Y., only child of Dr. Stephen H. Coburn, a pioneer homeopathic physician and investor in real estate around Akron.

After preparation in Williston Seminary he took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School, and after graduation from the latter studied law with his father. In 1893 he became a partner in the law firm of Kohler, Kohler & Mottinger

Mr. Kohler died at Akron, March 14, 1908, in his 39th year.

He married, June 5, 1897, Lora Standish, daughter of J. C. Alden, a manufacturer of Akron. She survives him. A brother (B. A. Yale 1890) is also living

1892

EDWARD McVICKAR, son of Henry and Elizabeth (Wainwright) McVickar, was born April 12, 1869, in Boston, Mass.

Soon after graduation he became interested in stock farming in Lewis County, N. Y., and organized the Vickarage Stock Farm, but in 1898 entered the real estate business in New York City.

While returning in his motor car from West Islip, Long Island, to New York City, he was taken ill and died of acute indigestion at Babylon, May 30, 1910. He was 41 years of age.

Mr. McVickar married in New York City, January 17, 1900, Edith, daughter of Albert G. P. Speyers of New York City, who survives him

ALBERT BERNHARD ROGOWSKI, son of Bernhard and Sophie (Rothchild) Rogowski, was born July 29, 1870, in New Britain, Conn., but in 1878 his parents moved to New Haven. He was prepared for the Sheffield Scientific School in the Hopkins Grammar School, and took the course in Mechanical Engineering.

After graduation he entered his father's well-established millinery business, in which he met unusual success. His father died in 1895, and he then took the entire charge of the business.

Mr Rogowski died of endocarditis at his home in New Haven, July 24, 1909, in the 39th year of his age. He was a member of the Congregation Mishkan Israel.

He married in New Haven, July 22, 1896, Minna, daughter of Moses and Henrietta (Milander) Mann, who survives him with a son.

1897

THOMAS MCKENNAN LAUGHLIN, son of Major George McCully Laughlin (*hon* B A Wash'n and Jeff'n 1863) and Isabelle (McKennon) Laughlin, was born March 16, 1875, in Pittsburg, Pa. He took his preparatory studies at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., and the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

Since graduation he had been connected with the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company, of which he was assistant treasurer and a director. He was also a director of the Keystone National Bank, and gave promise of a brilliant future in business life. He had traveled in the East as well as in Europe, the Mediterranean countries, and Mexico.

Mr Laughlin died at his home in Pittsburg, March 11, 1909, from a self-inflicted bullet wound. He was in his 34th year.

He married January 3, 1903, Lucy Hayes, daughter of Hon. John Williamson Herron (Miami 1845) of Cincinnati, O., and Harriet Clinton (Collins) Herron, and sister of John W. Herron, Jr. (Ph. B. Yale 1891) and of Mrs. William H. Taft. Mrs. Laughlin survives him with two sons. A brother of Mr. Laughlin graduated from the Academical Department in 1893.

1899

OSMOND LEIGH MILLER, son of John B and Letitia L (Stringer) Miller, was born August 9, 1877, at Stratford, Conn. After preparation in the University School in Bridgeport he entered the Sheffield Scientific School and took the course in Electrical Engineering

After graduation he was at first in the shops of the Bulard Machine Tool Company in Bridgeport, was then draughtsman for the Atlas Portland Cement Company of Allentown, Pa, for several months, and next with the Superior Improvement Company of Martin's Creek, Pa, becoming assistant engineer on the work of construction. After leaving there he was representative of the Allis-Chandler Company for three years. In 1909 he returned to Connecticut and was connected with the H J Lewis Oyster Company of Bridgeport, living in Stratford.

He died of typhoid fever at the summer home of his sister at Egremont, Mass, August 3, 1909. He was 32 years of age, and unmarried. His mother and two sisters survive him.

1901

JOHN FARWELL FERRY, son of William Henry Ferry (B.A. Yale 1868), was born October 12, 1877, at Sterling, Ill. His father was a merchant and real estate dealer in Chicago and later an expert in fig culture in California. His mother was Abby Farwell (B.A. Vassar 1872), a daughter of John V Farwell of Chicago. Three of her brothers are graduates of Yale.

He was prepared for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy, and took the Sanitary Engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

The year after graduation he was General Secretary of the Sheffield Christian Association, and then traveled in New York State for two years and a half for the American Cereal Company.

During the summer of 1902 he was assistant in the United States Biological Survey and accompanied a collecting expedition into Arizona, and at another time joined a Smithsonian expedition into the mountains of California.

Since 1906 he had been connected with the Field Museum of Natural History in Chicago, and had won distinction as an ornithologist. As collector he made several expeditions among the islands of the Caribbean Sea and along the coast of the Gulf of Mexico.

Mr. Ferry died of pneumonia at his home in Lake Forest, February 11, 1910. He was 32 years of age and not married. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1902, and two brothers from the Academical Department (1900 and 1906). His uncle, Charles H. Ferry (B.A. Yale 1872) died May 2, 1910.

He was a director of the Yale Foreign Missionary Society.

1903

RALSTON ROBERTS COFFIN, son of William Edward Coffin, a bond dealer, and Lydia (Roberts) Coffin, was born January 1, 1883, in Indianapolis, Ind. After preparation in St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., he entered Columbia University, but in March, 1901, joined the Freshman class in the Sheffield Scientific School, and took the Select course. He was active in athletics, and was for two years a member of the University crew.

Since graduation he had been in the brokerage business, and in June, 1905, became a member of the firm of Coffin & Company.

He died from an abscess in the liver in New York City, September 5, 1909. He was 26 years of age and was unmarried. One brother graduated in 1902, and another was a non-graduate member of the class of 1896, both in the Sheffield Scientific School.

1906

CHARALAMBOS G. SAVIDIS, son of George G Savidis, a lawyer of Samsoun, Asia Minor, and Anastasia (Prodromou) Savidis, was born October 19, 1881, in Nigdeh, Asia Minor, whence he came to the United States.

He joined his class in the Sheffield Scientific School at the beginning of Junior year for the study of civil engineering, and made a good record for scholarship, winning membership in the Sigma Xi Society

In January 1909 he entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railway in connection with the office of the Chief Engineer of Maintenance of Way at Pittsburg, Pa, where his work was excellent.

It was expected that after completing his practical training he would return to his native land and take an important part in the instruction of his countrymen, but he was taken ill, and died June 26, 1909, at the Passavant Hospital, Pittsburg, from angina pectoris. He was in the 28th year of his age.

1908

ANTHONY MICHAEL INGRAM, son of William and Walburga (Wittman) Ingram, was born October 12, 1884, at St. Mary's, Pa. He took his preparatory course at King's School, Pittsburg, and was a student in the Pennsylvania State College two years and a half, after which he was a member of the Special class in the Sheffield Scientific School two years, making chemistry his chief study and taking his degree with the class of 1908

After graduation he took a position in the laboratories of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Altoona, where he remained until shortly before his death. This occurred at his home in St. Mary's November 28, 1909, at the age of 25 years

1909

HAROLD MONTFORD CATHCART, the only son of John B Cathcart, of the Dunlap Manufacturing Company, and Anna B (Dunlap) Cathcart, was born August 18, 1886, in Philadelphia, Pa, but the family removed to Newburgh, N Y, and he obtained his preliminary education in the Newburgh Academy and the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven

He took the course in Civil Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School, and upon his graduation went to Montana, and was a member of an engineering corps engaged in work preliminary to constructing a dam near Helena With two other men, one of whom was an engineer and the other a skilled boatman, he was stretching a wire across the river preparatory to making soundings, when the wire caught on the bottom of the river, and pulled the stern of the boat under water Although Mr Cathcart was a strong swimmer, he and the boatman were drowned He was 23 years of age and unmarried The accident happened May 10, 1910 His parents and a sister, Mrs Marshall Harrington of Dansville, N Y, survive him

He was a member of the Union Presbyterian Church in Newburgh He was buried in Woodland Cemetery, Philadelphia, Pa

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1877

JONATHAN EDWARDS BISSELL was born at St. Clair, Mich., February 27, 1849, the son of Dr Benjamin Bissell (M.D. Yale 1826) and Nancy Howe (Robinson) Bissell. He graduated from the University of Michigan with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1871, and after serving for three years as superintendent of schools in East Saginaw, Mich., entered the Yale Theological Seminary.

On graduating from the latter he was acting pastor for three years of the Presbyterian Church of Highland Park, Ill., pastor of the Congregational Church of Newton, Ia., from 1880 to 1883, and at MacGregor, Ia., till 1887. He was then pastor of the Lake View Church, Chicago, and successively at Batavia, Granville, Streator, and Chandlersville, Ill. Since leaving Chandlersville he had been supplying a neighboring church, and living at Oberlin, O.

While crossing the railroad track at Lucas, O., he was instantly killed by a train, March 23, 1910. He was 61 years of age. He was buried at Oberlin.

He married, March 31, 1879, Elida M., daughter of Joseph R. and Eliza Mallory (Ingersoll) Bradley, of New Haven. She survives him with three sons and a daughter. Three of the children have the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Oberlin College in 1904, 1905, and 1906, respectively.

1891

MOSHEIM ROSS [WALTER] FISHBURN, son of Rev Jeremiah Fishburn, a Lutheran clergyman, and Susanna (Messersmith) Fishburn, was born June 11, 1867, in Toronto, Canada, but came to Yale from Millersburg, Pa.

He graduated from Pennsylvania College at Gettysburg, in 1887, and after teaching in Pennsylvania a year entered

the Yale Theological Seminary Upon graduation here he became acting pastor of the Congregational Church at Roxbury, Conn., where he was ordained as a minister in September, 1891 The following May he assumed the assistant pastorate of the First Congregational Church in Washington, D C Two years later he was called to the pastorate of the young Mount Pleasant Congregational Church in Washington, and entered upon his new duties in November, 1894 Under his guidance the church built a new edifice, developed a remarkable spirit of fellowship, and a notable Sunday School and had a men's club He was secretary of the interdenominational Federation of Washington Ministers

Mr Fishburn died suddenly in Washington, June 15, 1909, from cerebral hemorrhage, following a two weeks' illness from typhoid fever He was 42 years of age. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Pennsylvania College in 1890, and a few days before his death, Rollins College conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Divinity

He married October 10, 1893, Emma N., daughter of Albert Hummel, a merchant of Harrisburg, Pa., and Catherine (Plitt) Himmel, who survives him with daughter and son

YALE SCHOOL OF THE FINE ARTS

1900

FREDERIC REMINGTON, son of Col. Seth Pierre Remington, an officer of the Eleventh New York Cavalry in the Civil War and at one time an editor in Ogdensburg, N. Y., was born October 4, 1861, in Canton, N. Y. His mother was Clara (Sackrider) Remington.

He received his early education in the Vermont Episcopal Institute, Burlington, Vt., and from 1878 to 1880 was a student in the Yale School of the Fine Arts. He had a fine physique and was a member of the University Football Team in 1879. Later he studied at the Art Students League in New York City.

His plans were interrupted by his father's death, and he was for a while clerk in a village store, but after a time went West. In the four years of his life there as cowboy, ranchman, and scout, he left very little of the Far West unexplored, and gained the thorough familiarity with the life of pioneers, army men, and Indians that made him unrivalled in its artistic portrayal. Returning East, he soon became known as an illustrator for leading magazines, skillfully and sympathetically recording by his drawings the life of the great plains. At the time of the Spanish-American War he also drew Cuban scenes. He was besides a facile writer and published a novel and three volumes of sketches of Western Life. A number of spirited equestrian bronzes, among them "The Broncho Buster," showed his perfect knowledge of the horse and its rider and gained for him an assured reputation as a sculptor. He was also becoming a painter of genuine power, a recent exhibition of his paintings showing not only accurate observation and skillful rendering of typical scenes but an originality and beauty and increasing delicacy of touch that promised much

for the future. He was an associate member of the National Academy of Design.

Mr. Remington had been living at New Rochelle, N. Y., but in May, 1909, removed his home to Ridgefield, Conn., where he died December 26, 1909, after an operation for appendicitis. He was 48 years of age.

He married at Gloversville, N. Y., in 1883, Eva Adelle, eldest daughter of Lawton Catin, for many years superintendent of the Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville Railroad, and Flora R. (Hoyt) Catin, who survives him.

YALE GRADUATE SCHOOL

1896

ALICE ELIZABETH SAWTELLE (Mrs. Herbert Randall), daughter of Rev. Henry Allen Sawtelle, D.D. (B A. Colby 1854) and Elizabeth S. (Blaisdell) Sawtelle, was born November 29, 1865, in San Francisco, Cal, where her father was then a pastor. From 1877 to 1882 her father was preaching in Chelsea, Mass., after which the family returned to their former home in Waterville, Me. After studying in the University of California and Kalamazoo College, and graduating from Colby College in 1888, she taught at Hebron Academy and Coburn Classical Institute in Waterville, Me., and in the High School, Somerville, Mass., and then entered the Graduate Department of Yale, making a study of English and American authors from a literary standpoint.

The same year in which she received the Doctor's degree, she married, September 22, Herbert Randall, a publisher and art dealer, and resided in New Haven until 1903. Since then her home had been in Hartford, Conn, where she found time for earnest work in promoting the varied interests and activities of the many organizations with which she was connected. She was a member of the Asylum Avenue Baptist Church, member of the Art Society of Hartford, president of the College Club, a director of the Charity Organization Society, and secretary of the Woman's Branch of the Hartford City Missionary Society. With her sister she had published a book of poems

Mrs. Randall died of acute Bright's disease at Hartford, December 9, 1909, at the age of 44 years. Her husband, a brother, and a sister survive her.

1901

TOZABURO KUDO, third and youngest son of Kichigiro and Taka Kudo, was born November 17, 1870, at Hiro-saki, Japan. He was prepared for college at Tookugijuku Academy in his native town, and in 1891 graduated at Aoyama College, in Tokio, where he was later an assistant instructor.

The following year he came to the United States and entered DePauw University, from which he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1896. Continuing his studies there in philosophy in the Graduate School, he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1897.

In September, 1898, he became a member of the Yale Graduate School, and soon showed his fine scholarship. After two years of study in philosophy he received the degree of Master of Arts here, and then returned to Japan, but in 1904 reentered the Yale Graduate School, and after completing his studies received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1903.

Dr. Kudo died after a protracted illness at a hospital in Tokio, March 1, 1910. He was in the 40th year of his age.

1906

LESTER WILLIAM ZARTMAN, son of William Elias and Almira (Gates) Zartman, was born December 9, 1878, in Kankakee, Ill. He was prepared for college at Grand Prairie Seminary, Onarga, Ill., and then entered the University of Illinois, where he was distinguished for his high scholarship and for skill in debating. After graduating there as a Bachelor of Arts in 1903, he remained the following year as Fellow in Economics, and was then a student in the Graduate Department of Yale.

On receiving his Doctor's degree in 1906 he entered upon his duties as Instructor in Insurance and Political Economy at Yale, and early in 1909 was promoted to an Assistant Professorship of Political Economy.

During his connection with Yale he had established a reputation for worthy achievement, and gave unusual promise of a brilliant career. His interest in his work here led him to decline calls to important positions in other institutions. Besides contributing valuable papers to the *Yale Review* and other periodicals, he edited "Yale Readings in Insurance," which has since been published in two volumes by the Yale University Press, and had nearly completed the manuscript of "Fire Loss and Fire Insurance." His "Investments of Life Insurance Companies" had been favorably received.

In addition to his special work he gave much time to the training of the University Debating Team, with results which were warmly appreciated.

Professor Zartman died October 19, 1909, at Savoy Center, Mass. He had spent most of the summer in New Haven writing, and had gone to Savoy to rest before the University opened. Soon after reaching there he was prostrated by typhoid fever, of which he died after an illness of six weeks. He was 30 years of age.

He married at Champaign, Ill., September 22, 1904, Laura Louise Black (B A Univ of Illinois 1901), daughter of William and Mary (Leslie) Black, who survives him with one child.

SUMMARY

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT (YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1838	Chester Dutton, 95	Concordia, Kans	July 1, '09
1840	William S Leavitt, 88	Atlantic City, N J	April 5, '10
1841	William Baldwin, 87	Great Bend, Pa	June 29, '09
1842	Julius H Pratt, 88	Montclair, N J	Oct 14, '09
1842	Elphalet Whittlesey, 88	Washington, D C.	Sept 30, '09
1844	Richard D S Bell, 85	Nashville, Tenn	Aug 8, '08
1845	Sereno D Nickerson, 86	Cambridge, Mass	Nov 6, '09
1846	Talmon C Perry, 83	Orange, Cal	May 30, '09
1846	Charles P Turner, 84	Philadelphia, Pa	April 12, '10
1848	Charles S Hall, 82	Binghamton, N Y	March 15, '10
1848	Samuel S Spencer, 81	Daytona, Fla	Jan 8, '10
1848	Sidney Webster, 81	Newport, R I	May 30, '10
1848	Michael A Withers, 79	Pottstown, Pa	July 2, '09
1849	Oscar Bissell, 87	Brimfield, Mass	Jan 17, '10
1849	Henry H Hill, 84	Helena, Mont	Nov 17, '09
1849	John Rockwell, 80	Santa Barbara, Cal	Oct 23, '09
1849	Thomas H Swope, 80	Independence, Mo	Oct 3, '09
1851	Edward Bissell, 81	Fond du Lac, Wisc	Oct 21, '09
1851	Henry H Jessup, 78	Beirut, Syria	April 28, '10
1851	Theodore T Munger, 79	New Haven, Conn	Jan 11, '10
1852	Edward Houghton, 80	Lancaster, Mass	Feb 7, '10
1852	Edward Sterling, 78	Bridgeport, Conn	Aug 2, '09
1853	Henry R Bond, 77	New London, Conn.	Oct 30, '09
1854	John S Barkalow, 75	Paterson, N J	March 29, '10
1854	Charles A White, 75	New Haven, Conn	June 18, '09
1855	Henry N Cobb, 75	East Orange, N J	April 17, '10
1855	Thomas S Strong, 75	Setauket, L I, N Y	Dec 12, '09
1855	Alfred T Waterman, 77	Washington, D C	Dec 29, '09
1855	Williams C Whittemore, 76	Washington, D C	April 25, '10
1856	Matthias H Arnot, 76	Elmira, N Y	Feb 15, '10
1856	David J Brewer, 72	Washington, D C	March 28, '10
1856	Frank Hodge, 75	Hudson, O	July 14, '09
1856	Benjamin D Magruder, 71	Chicago, Ill	April 21, '10
1857	Bela P Learned, 73	Norwich, Conn	March 14, '10

1858	John T Baird, 75	Plattsmouth, Nebr	Feb 1, '10
1858	Sanford H Cobb, 72	Kansas City, Mo.	April 27, '10
1858	William T Harris, 74	Providence, R I	Nov 5, '09
1858	William A Lane, 69	Fort Worth, Texas	Oct 8, '09
1859	Thomas C Brainerd, 72	Montreal, Canada	April 5, '10
1859	William B Darrach, 72	Newburgh, N Y.	July 23, '09
1859	James Faulkner, 76	Dansville, N Y	May 28, '09
1859	Gilbert O. Fay, 75	Hartford, Conn	Feb 18, '10
1859	Edwin L Kirtland, 76	Holyoke, Mass.	April 12, '10
1859	Charles L Norton, 72	Sandwich, Mass	Dec 14, '09
1860	Henry E Barnes, 77	Brookline, Mass	April 11, '10
1860	William T Smith, 70	Hanover, N H	Sept 17, '09
1861	James B Andrews, 66	Aachen, Germany	Aug 27, '09
1861	George B. Bonney, 70	New York City	Nov 11, '09
1861	George Delp, 67	Philadelphia, Pa	Nov 19, '09
1861	Amasa F Haradon, 71	Chicago, Ill.	June 27, '09
1861	Charles G G Merrill, 73	New Haven, Conn	Sept 23, '09
1861	William E Park, 72	Oberlin, O	May 19, '10
1862	Pierce N. Welch, 68	Berlin, Germany	Oct 26, '09
1863	Edward F. Brown, 70	New York City	Sept 27, '09
1863	George B Curtiss, 67	New York City	Feb 23, '10
1863	William C Reade, 72	Newton, Mass	July 14, '08
1863	William G. Sumner, 69	Englewood, N J	April 12, '10
1863	Herbert L Terrell, 67	New York City	Nov 10, '09
1865	William T Comstock, 67	Newark, N J	Jan 16, '10
1865	John L Ewell, 69	Washington, D C	March 16, '10
1865	J DeCou Kirkhuff, 73	Philadelphia, Pa	April 16, '10
1866	Samuel B St John, 64	Hartford, Conn	Dec 21, '09
1867	William A Brother, 65	Denver, Col	March 28, '10
1867	Jacob A Cartwright, 64	Nashville, Tenn	June 20, '09
1867	George P Sheldon, 62	Greenwich, Conn	Dec 25, '09
1868	Albert H Esty, 62	Brookline, Mass	April 13, '10
1868	Charles H. Farnam, 63	Denver, Col	Sept 24, '09
1868	James W Holcombe, 63	Capri, Italy	June 26, '09
1869	John P. C. Foster, 63	New Haven, Conn	April 1, '10
1869	James Joy, 59	Detroit, Mich	March 7, '10
1869	John Olendorf, 61	Bound Brook, N. J	July 9, '09
1869	Robert L Reade, 63	New York City	Jan 14, '10
1870	George L Beardsley, 61	New Haven, Conn	Feb 26, '10
1870	Edward H Schell, 61	New York City	Jan 25, '10
1870	William H VanSchoonho- ven, 60	Yonkers, N Y	Nov 2, '09
1871	Charles B Dudley, 67	Altoona, Pa	Dec 21, '09

1871	Charles Lyman, 60	Montreal, Canada	Nov 17, '09
1872	Harry W Cragin, 60	Skyland, Va	July 19, '09
1872	Albert M Curry, 59	Atlantic City, N J	July 26, '09
1872	Charles O Day, 58	Andover, Mass	April 5, '10
1872	Charles H Ferry, 58	Phoenix, Ariz	May 2, '10
1872	Leonard W Parish, 59	near Gladbrook, Ia	March 21, '10
1873	Eben Alexander, 59	Knoxville, Tenn	March 11, '10
1873	Frank D Allen, 59	Boston, Mass	Jan 23, '10
1874	Horace H Chittenden, 54	Burlington, Vt	Dec 26, '09
1875	Franklin B Mitchell, 57	Binghamton, N Y	Sept 4, '09
1875	William R Richards, 56	New York City	Jan 7, '10
1876	Archibald A Austin, 56	Kansas City, Mo	May 16, '10
1877	S Morris Waln, 56	Philadelphia, Pa	April 2, '10
1880	John A Amundson, 53	Paris, France	Aug 9, '09
1881	J Burnett Collins, 50	Fort Worth, Texas	March 16, '10
1881	Freeman C Griswold, 51	Boston, Mass	Jan 29, '10
1881	Richard A Peabody, 49	New York City	Jan 29, '10
1882	Levi I Shoemaker, 50	Bad Nauheim, Ger	Sept 27, '09
1883	Denison B Tucker, 48	Providence, R I	May 31, '09
1884	Charles W Copeland, 46	Brooklyn, N Y	Nov 12, '09
1884	Charles J Jennings, 50	Jamaica, L I, N Y	April 23, '10
1885	John C Flanders, 45	Portland, Ore	Jan 20, '10
1886	Arthur Goebel, 46	Phoenix, Ariz	Jan 20, '10
1886	William H Parks, 46	Clinton, Conn	Jan 24, '10
1887	Thomas H Curtis, 43	Portland, Ore	Feb 13, '10
1887	Clinton L Hare, 44	Indianapolis, Ind	June 4, '09
1887	Henry Ivison, 44	Litchfield, Conn	April 8, '10
1890	James W Thompson, 40	Bridgeport, Conn	July 6, '09
1891	Frederick W Grau, 40	Corona, L I, N Y	Feb 21, '10
1891	Clement G Smith, 40	Philadelphia, Pa	March 11, '10
1893	John H Wigginton, 44	Brentwood, Md	May 21, '09
1894	Ira M Carley, 38	Lowell, Mass	Oct 6, '09
1894	Edward J Garvan, 38	Hartford, Conn	March 4, '10
1894	Raymond Lloyd, 38	Seattle, Wash	Dec 27, '09
1895	A Burdette Hughes, 38	New Haven, Conn	March 4, '10
1895	Roger W Whinfield, 35	Konigsberg, Prussia	July 21, '09
1896	Edgar S Auchincloss, 35	New York City	May 4, '10
1896	Albert S Davis, 36	Providence, R I	Aug 29, '09
1896	McKee D McKee, 36	Washington, D C	Feb 3, '10
1896	Neil B Mallon, 34	Cincinnati, O	Sept 1, '09
1896	Thomas E Reynolds, 37	Winsted, Conn	Nov 6, '09
1897	Julius L Parke, 33	Cincinnati, O	April 16, '09
1897	James H Simpson, 34	near Park Falls, Wisc	Aug 17, '09

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1898	Dallas C Byers, 34	Dinard, France,	Aug 26, '09
1898	Frederic M Werner, 32	New York City,	March 8, '09
1899	Merwin B Bangs, 32	Hutchinson, Kans	Dec 25, '09
1899	John H Borden, 30	New York City	Aug. 10, '08
1899	Charles A Greene, 32	New Haven, Conn	Sept 27, '09
1899	Edward C Upton, 33	Waukegan, Ill	Oct 30, '09
1900	Hollister Logan, 31	New York City	April 23, '10
1901	Robert W. Chandler, 32	Enfield, Mass	Jan. 13, '10
1904	Edward M Lacey, 28	Evanston, Ill	Feb 4, '10
1905	Frederick L Adams, 26	New York City	Feb 12, '10
1905	James J Hogan, 37	New Haven, Conn	March 20, '10
1907	Charles J Davis, 25	Diller, Nebr	June 16, '09
1907	William S Whittlesey, 24	Brooklyn, N Y	Jan 19, '10
1908	Thomas Hooker, 23	New Haven, Conn	June 20, '09

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1851	Matthew T Newton, 80	Suffield, Conn	July 24, '09
1871	Thomas N McLean, 67	Baltimore, Md	April 8, '10
1878	Walter J Smith, 53	Providence, R I	March 13, '10
1880	Charles E McGowan, 54	New Haven, Conn	March 14, '10
1891	Frederick O Chamberlain, 44	San Francisco, Cal	Dec 5, '09
1902	James J Dunleavy, 34	New Haven, Conn	Feb 6, '10
1907	E. Lowell Marcy, 27	Buffalo, N Y	Jan 23, '10

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1859	Samuel C Keeler, 72	New York City	Feb 17, '10
1861	Jay E Russell, 73	Auburn, Cal	Feb 19, '09
1864	Edward W. Dawson, 69	Camden, N J	Jan 23, '10
1871	Aaron B Gardenier, 60	Chatham, N Y	June 18, '09
1872	Henry F Hall, 69	Middletown, Conn	Feb 24, '10
1884	Richard Gleeson, 60	Meriden, Conn	April 4, '09
1885	Edmund Butler, 49	Clarkston, Wash	May 30, '08
1893	Lawrence M Byers, 36	London, England	July 7, '09
1897	Archibald F Clark, 40	New York City	Oct 15, '09
1904	Jesse N Sulzberger, 26	New York City	July 7, '09
1905	Lon K Wisehart, 37	Los Angeles, Cal	Feb 11, '10

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1877	Jonathan E Bissell, 61	Lucas, O	March 23, '10
1891	M Ross Fishburn, 42	Washington, D C	June 15, '09

YALE SCHOOL OF THE FINE ARTS

1891 Frederic Remington, 48 Ridgefield, Conn Dec 26, '09

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1852	William P Blake, 84	Berkeley, Cal	May 21, '10
1858	George F Barker, 74	Philadelphia, Pa	May 24, '10
1868	Eugene S Bristol, 67	New Haven, Conn	April 2, '10
1870	William A Hinds, 77	Kenwood, N Y.	May 28, '10
1872	Thomas W Wright, 66	Schenectady, N Y	Sept 13, '08
1877	Morris B Belknap, 53	Louisville, Ky	April 13, '10
1879	Kakichi Mitsukuri, 51	Tokio, Japan	Sept. 17, '09
1880	Charles T Dodd, 50	Meriden, Conn	Feb 26, '10
1880	Edward V Reynolds, 50	New York City	Jan 26, '10
1883	Chuan Lok Wing, 48	New York City,	July 31, '09
1885	Herbert L Mitchell, 44	near Fisher's Island, N. Y	Aug 3, '09
1888	Franklin T Parlin, 45	St Paul, Minn	Sept. 14, '09
1891	George C Kohler, 38	Akron, O	March 14, '08
1892	Edward McVickar, 41	Babylon, L I, N Y	May 30, '10
1892	Albert B Rogowski, 39	New Haven, Conn	July 24, '09
1897	Thomas McK Laughlin, 34	Pittsburg, Pa	March 11, '09
1899	Osmond L Miller, 32	Egremont, Mass	Aug 3, '09
1901	John F Ferry, 32	Lake Forest, Ill.	Feb 11, '10
1903	Ralston R Coffin, 26	New York City	Sept 5, '09
1906	Charalambos G Savidis, 27	Pittsburg, Pa	June 26, '09
1908	Anthony M Ingram, 25	St Mary's, Pa	Nov 28, '09
1909	Harold M Cathcart, 23	near Helena, Mont	May 10, '10

YALE GRADUATE SCHOOL

1896	Alice E Sawtelle, 44 (Mrs Herbert Randall)	Hartford, Conn	Dec 9, '09
1901	Tozaburo Kudo, 39	Tokio, Japan	March 1, '10
1906	Lester W Zartman, 30	Savoy Center, Mass.	Oct 19, '09

The number of deaths recorded this year is 179 and the average age of the 133 graduates of the Academical Department is about 60½ years

Information of the deaths of the following graduates has been received too late for the insertion of sketches in the present Record:

1844, AUGUSTUS AURELIUS COLEMAN died at Birmingham, Ala, June 5, 1910, 1855, GEORGE PRATT died at Monrovia, Cal, March 19, 1908, and MARTIN BAUN EWING died at Cincinnati, O, May 24, 1909, 1868, DONALD MACGREGOR died at Troy, N Y, May 11, 1910, 1878 *m*, JOHN PHILIP HENRIQUES died at Edgewood, R I, June 6, 1910.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is.

Class of 1838, HENRY PARSONS HEDGES, of Bridgehampton, N Y, born October 13, 1817.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is

Class of 1842, DAVID FISHER ATWATER, of Springfield, Mass, born October 29, 1817. He is also a graduate of the Academical Department in the Class of 1839

The annual Obituary Record of Yale Graduates was first printed in 1860, and each decade since has completed a separate series

In the first printed series (1860-70) 804 deaths were recorded,—711 being graduates of the Academical Department, 76 of the Medical School, 11 of the Law School, and 6 of the Scientific School

In the second series (1870-80) 791 deaths were recorded,—680 graduates of the Academical Department, 79 of the Medical School, 16 of the Scientific School, 9 of the Divinity School, and 7 of the Law School

In the third series (1880-90) 965 deaths were recorded,—796 graduates of the Academical Department, 86 of the Medical School, 43 of the Scientific School, 24 of the Law School, and 16 of the Divinity School

In the fourth series (1890-1900) 1268 deaths were recorded,—971 graduates of the Academical Department, 93 of the Medical School, 116 of the Scientific School, 57 of the Law School, 27 of the Divinity School, and 4 of the Graduate School.

In the present series (1900-1910) 1605 deaths are recorded, 1106 graduates of the Academical Department, 108 of the Medical School, 117 of the Law School, 40 of the Divinity School, 1 of the School of the Fine Arts, 214 of the Scientific School, 18 of the Graduate School, and 1 of the Forest School

The fifth printed series of the Obituary Record closes with the present number. Aid in obtaining information concerning deceased graduates is urgently requested by the Secretary of the University